

Top Strike Resources Corp.
Management's Discussion & Analysis
Three and Nine Months Ended January 31, 2018 and 2017

The following Management's Discussion & Analysis ("MD&A") as provided by the management of Top Strike Resources Corp. ("Top Strike" or the "Company") should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed interim financial statements and accompanying notes for the three and nine months ended January 31, 2018 and 2017 and audited financial statements and accompanying notes for the years ended April 30, 2017 and 2016. All financial measures are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated. Top Strike's MD&A and financial statements were prepared under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The reader should be aware that historical results are not necessarily indicative of future performance. The effective date of this MD&A is March 22, 2018.

Management is responsible for the preparation and integrity of the financial statements, including the maintenance of appropriate information systems, procedures and internal controls and to ensure that information used internally or disclosed externally, including the financial statements and MD&A, is complete and reliable. The Company's board of directors follows recommended corporate governance guidelines for public companies to ensure transparency and accountability to shareholders. The board's audit committee meets with management on a quarterly basis to review the financial statements including the MD&A and to discuss other financial, operating and internal control matters.

Statements in this report that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements involving known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to vary considerably from these statements. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements. See "Forward Looking Statements" on page 7 of this report.

The reader is encouraged to review the Company's statutory filings on www.sedar.com.

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND OVERVIEW

Common shares of the Company trade under the symbol "TSR.H" on the NEX board, which is a separate board of the TSX Venture Exchange.

The Company currently does not carry on active business activities. The Company has evaluated several oil and gas as well as other opportunities. The Company had previously focused on international and domestic oil and gas projects but has expanded its scope to consider other industries as well. On February 1, 2017 the Company entered into a letter of intent with Phytopharma International Ltd. ("Phytopharma"). On January 9, 2018, the Company announced that Phytopharma and Top Strike had mutually agreed that they would not proceed with the transaction to combine Top Strike and Phytopharma. The Company continues to evaluate opportunities for possible future transactions.

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SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following financial data is selected information for the Company for the eight most recently completed financial quarters:

	Jan 31, 2018	Oct 31, 2017	July 31, 2017	Apr 30, 2017	Jan 31, 2017	Oct 31, 2016	July 31, 2016	Apr 30, 2016
Revenue	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil
Loss for the period	3,121	2,720	3,940	15,739	12,936	39,872	3,733	10,382
Loss per share - basic	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total assets	76,028	79,091	93,800	110,238	109,737	155,861	169,375	168,780
Total liabilities	1,132	1,074	13,363	25,561	9,321	42,509	16,151	11,823

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Financial results

Overall, the Company recorded a net loss of \$3,121 (\$0.00 loss per share) for the three months ended January 31, 2018 as compared to a net loss of \$12,936 (\$0.00 loss per share) for the three months ended January 31, 2017.

The Company had no operating revenue for the three months ended January 31, 2018 and 2017. The net loss is comprised of general and administrative expenses of \$3,237 (January 31, 2017 - \$13,167) less finance income of \$116 (January 31, 2017 - \$231).

Significant expenses during the three months ended January 31, 2018 were professional fees of \$1,101 (audit and accounting of \$600 (January 31, 2017 - \$725) and legal of \$501 (January 31, 2017 - \$3,893)) and corporate communication expenses of \$2,118 (January 31, 2017 - \$8,531). Corporate communication expenses consist of transfer agent fees, listing and filing fees and press release costs.

General and administrative expenses remain low as there was minimal corporate activity during the period.

Overall, the Company recorded a net loss of \$9,781 (\$0.00 loss per share) for the nine months ended January 31, 2018 as compared to a net loss of \$56,541 (\$0.00 loss per share) for the nine months ended January 31, 2017.

The Company had no operating revenue for the nine months ended January 31, 2018 and 2017. The net loss is comprised of general and administrative expenses of \$10,198 (January 31, 2017 - \$57,466) less finance income of \$417 (January 31, 2017 - \$925).

Significant expenses during the nine months ended January 31, 2018 were professional fees of \$2,380 (audit and accounting of \$1,725 (January 31, 2017 - \$2,363) and legal of \$655 (January 31, 2017 - \$36,619)) and corporate communication expenses of \$7,633 (January 31, 2017 - \$18,445). Corporate communication expenses consist of transfer agent fees, listing and filing fees and press release costs.

General and administrative expenses remain low as there was minimal corporate activity during the period.

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LIQUIDITY, FINANCINGS AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At January 31, 2018, the Company had a cash and cash equivalent balance of \$73,941 (April 30, 2017 - \$108,810) to settle current liabilities of \$1,132 (April 30, 2017 - \$25,561).

As at January 31, 2018, the Company's cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$34,869 from April 30, 2017, which is the net cash used in operating activities.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Company has no commitments for property and equipment expenditures for fiscal 2018 and 2019. The Company anticipates that any property and equipment expenditures based on future needs, will be funded from cash on hand and the issuance of equity securities.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The timely preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. Accordingly, actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in these financial statements.

Areas requiring a significant degree of estimation and judgement relate to fair value measurements for financial instruments and share-based payments and other equity-based payments, and the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgements.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Top Strike used in the determination of the results for the three and nine months ended January 31, 2018 are described in detail in Note 3 of the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2017. These policies have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the three and nine months ended January 31, 2018 and the comparative information presented in the financial statements for the three and nine months ended January 31, 2017.

New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Standards that are issued but not yet effective and that the Company reasonably expects to be applicable at a future date are listed below.

Revenue from contracts with customers

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In April 2016, the IASB issued its final amendments to IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which replaces IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts, and related interpretations. The new standard contains a single model that applies to contracts with customers and two approaches to recognizing revenue; at a point in time or over time. The model features a contract-based five-step analysis of transactions to determine whether, how much and when revenue is to be recognized. New estimates and judgmental thresholds have been introduced, which may affect the amount and timing of the revenue recognized. The new standard applies to contracts with customers and does not apply to insurance contracts, financial instruments or lease contracts. The new standard is to be adopted either retrospectively or using a modified retrospective approach for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The extent of the impact of adoption of the standard has not yet been determined.

Financial instruments: recognition and measurement

In July 2014, the IASB issued the complete IFRS 9 Financial Instruments to replace IAS 9 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 includes a principle-based approach for the classification and measurement of financial assets, a single 'expected credit loss' impairment model and a new hedge accounting standard which aligns hedge accounting more closely with risk management. The new standard is to be adopted retrospectively with some exemptions for annual periods on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. Top Strike intends to adopt IFRS 9 on a retrospective basis on May 1, 2018. The extent of the adoption of IFRS 9 on the classification and measurement of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities and related disclosures has not yet been determined. Top Strike does not currently apply hedge accounting to its financial instrument contracts and does not currently intend to apply hedge accounting to any of its financial instrument contracts upon adoption of IFRS 9.

Leases

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 Leases. This standard introduces a single recognition and measurement model for leases, which would require the recognition of assets and liabilities for most leases with a term of more than 12 months. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Earlier application is permitted for entities that apply IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers at or before the initial adoption date of January 1, 2018. The new standard is to be adopted either retrospectively or using a modified retrospective approach. The Company intends to adopt IFRS 16 in its financial statements for the annual period beginning on May 1, 2019. The extent of the impact of adoption of the standard has not yet been determined.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, other receivables, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying amounts due to their short-term maturities.

Financial assets and liabilities are classified as either financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), loans and receivables, held to maturity investments, available for sale financial assets, or other liabilities, as appropriate. Financial assets and liabilities are recognized initially at fair value.

Subsequent measurement of financial instruments is based on their initial classification. FVTPL financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss. Available-for-sale financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in

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other comprehensive loss until the instrument is derecognized or impaired. The remaining categories of financial instruments are recognized at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

The transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of a financial asset or financial liability classified as FVTPL are expensed immediately. For a financial asset or financial liability carried at amortized cost, transaction costs directly attributable to acquiring or issuing the asset or liability are added to or deducted from the fair value on initial recognition and amortized through profit or loss income over the term of the financial instrument.

(i) Non-derivative financial instruments

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as FVTPL. Other receivables are classified as loans and receivables, which are measured at amortized cost. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities, which are measured at amortized cost.

(ii) Derivative financial instruments

The Company may enter into certain financial derivative contracts in order to manage the exposure to market risks from fluctuations in commodity prices. These instruments will not be used for trading or speculative purposes. The Company will not designate its financial derivative contracts as effective accounting hedges and therefore will not apply hedge accounting, even though the Company considers all commodity contracts to be economic hedges. As a result, all derivative contracts will be classified as FVTPL and will be recorded on the statement of financial position at fair value. Transaction costs will be recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives will be measured at fair value, and changes therein will be recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The Company may enter into physical delivery sales contracts for the purposes of receipt or delivery of nonfinancial items in accordance with its expected purchase, sale or usage requirements as executory contracts. As such, these contracts are not considered to be derivative financial instruments and will not be recorded at fair value on the statement of financial position. Settlements on these physical delivery contracts will be recognized in petroleum and natural gas revenue in the period of settlement.

Fair value

The fair value of financial instruments that are actively traded in organized financial markets is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at the valuation date. For financial instruments that have no active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques including the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current market value of equivalent financial instruments and discounted cash flow analysis.

Share capital

Common shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of common shares and stock options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and other receivables. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. Cash consists of a chequing account and

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guaranteed investment certificates at a reputable financial institution, from which management believes the risk of loss to be remote. Federal deposit insurance covers balances up to \$100,000 in Canada. Financial instruments included in other receivables consist of amounts due from government agencies and a chartered bank. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss for cash by placing its cash with high quality financial institution and for receivables by standard credit checks. At January 31, 2018, the Company's exposure to credit risk is minimal.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company endeavours to ensure that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash.

As at January 31, 2018, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$73,941 (April 30, 2017- \$108,810) to settle current liabilities of \$1,132 (April 30, 2017 - \$25,561).

Historically, the Company's sole source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, primarily through private placements, and loans from related and other parties. The Company's access to financing is always uncertain. There can be no assurance of continued access to significant equity funding.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices.

a) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash balances. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by its banking institutions. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks. As of January 31, 2018, the Company had \$61,215 in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates plus accrued interest of \$516.

b) Foreign currency risk

The Company does not have any balances denominated in a foreign currency and believes it has no significant foreign currency risk.

c) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

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OFF- BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements.

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

As at the date of this MD&A, there are no proposed transactions that the board of directors or senior management have decided to proceed with and that have not been publicly disclosed.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company paid or accrued accounting fees of \$1,725 (January 31, 2017 - \$2,363) to a company controlled by an officer of the Company. These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

As at January 31, 2018, accounts payable and accrued liabilities included amounts payable to related parties totaling \$638 (January 31, 2017 - \$750) for accounting fees.

SHARE CAPITAL

The Company has an unlimited number of common shares authorized for issuance. At March 22, 2018, there were 16,431,428 common shares issued and outstanding, no warrants outstanding and 900,000 stock options outstanding.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company's financial success will be dependent upon the Company's ability to raise equity. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to raise the equity required to meet the obligations of the Company and the Company has no source of financing other than those identified in the previous section.

Going Concern

To date, the Company has not generated any significant revenues. The Company has a history of negative cash flows from operations and as of January 31, 2018 has an accumulated deficit of \$17,715,743. The Company continues to be dependent upon its ability to finance its operations and any acquisitions of exploration and evaluation properties through financing activities that may include issuances of additional debt or equity securities.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A may contain "forward-looking statements" which reflect the Company's current expectations regarding the future results of operations, performance and achievements of the Company, including but not limited to statements with respect to the Company's plans or future financial or operating performance, conclusions of economic assessments of projects, requirements for additional capital, sources and timing of additional financing, realization of unused tax benefits and future outcome of legal and tax matters.

The Company has tried, wherever possible, to identify these forward-looking statements by, among other things, using words such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect", "budget", or variations of such

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words and phrases or state that certain actions, events or results “may”, “could”, “would”, “might” or “will be taken”, “occur” or “be achieved”.

The statements reflect the current beliefs of the management of the Company, and are based on currently available information. Accordingly, these statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which could cause the actual results, performance, or achievements of the Issuer to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these statements. These uncertainties are factors that include but are not limited to risks related to international operations; risks related to general economic conditions and credit availability, uncertainty related to the resolution of legal disputes and lawsuits; actual results of current exploration activities, unanticipated reclamation expenses; fluctuations in prices of oil and gas; fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, increases in market prices of mining consumables, possible variations in reserves, recovery rates; accidents, labour disputes, title disputes, claims and limitations on insurance coverage and other risks of the oil and gas industry; delays in obtaining governmental approvals or financing or in the completion of development or construction activities, changes in national and local government regulation of oil and gas operations, tax rules and regulations, and political and economic developments in countries in which the Company operates.

The Company's management reviews periodically information reflected in forward-looking statements. The Company has and continues to disclose in its Management Discussion & Analysis and other publicly filed documents, changes to material factors or assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements and to the validity of the statements themselves, in the period the changes occur.

Historical results of operations and trends that may be inferred from the above discussions and analysis may not necessarily indicate future results from operations.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Company can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.