

Management's Discussion & Analysis For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 (All amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

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Cautionary Notices

The Company's Financial Statements and this accompanying MD&A contain statements that constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of National Instrument 51-102, Continuous Disclosure Obligations of the Canadian Securities Administrators. Forward-looking statements often but not always, are identified by the use of words such as "seek", "anticipate". "believe", "plan", "estimate", "expect", "targeting" and "intend" and statements that an event or result "may", "will", "should", "could", or "might" occur or be achieved and other similar expressions. Forward-looking statements in this MD&A include statements regarding the Company's future exploration plans and expenditures, the satisfaction of rights and performance of obligations under agreements to which the Company is a part, the ability of the Company to hire and retain employees and consultants and estimated administrative assessment and other expenses. The forward-looking statements that are contained in this MD&A involve a number of risks and uncertainties. As a consequence, actual results might differ materially from results forecast or suggested in these forward-looking statements. Some of these risks and uncertainties are identified under the heading "Risks Related to the Company's Business" in this MD&A. Additional information regarding these factors and other important factors that could cause results to differ materially may be referred to as part of particular forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to the important factors discussed under the heading "Risks Related to the Company's Business" and to those that may be discussed as part of particular forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause the actual results to differ include market prices, exploration success, continued availability of capital and financing, inability to obtain required regulatory approvals and general market conditions. These statements are based on a number of assumptions, including assumptions regarding general market conditions, the timing and receipt of regulatory approvals, the ability of the Company and other relevant parties to satisfy regulatory requirements, the availability of financing for proposed transactions and programs on reasonable terms and the ability of thirdparty service providers to deliver services in a timely manner. Forward-looking statements contained herein are made as of the date of this MD&A and the Company disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or results or otherwise. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

Introduction

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A" or "Report") of the financial condition of One World Lithium Inc. (an exploration stage company) ("One World" or the "Company") and results of operations of the Company, prepared May 2, 2022 (the "Report Date"), should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements including the notes thereto for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 (collectively, the "Financial Statements"), which are presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and with the Company's accounting policies, as those are described in the notes to the Financial Statements. These Financial Statements, together with this MD&A, are intended to provide investors with a reasonable basis for assessing the financial performance of the Company as well as potential future performance and are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected in future periods. Unless otherwise indicated, all dollars in this Report are in Canadian dollars.

This Report may contain forward-looking statements in respect of various matters including upcoming events. The results or events predicted in these forward-looking statements may differ materially from the actual results or events. The Company cautions investors that any forward-looking statements by the Company are not guarantees of futures performance, as they are subject to significant risks and uncertainties that may cause projected results or events to differ materially from actual results or events. The Company disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Please refer to the risks and cautionary notices of this MD&A.

Description of Business

The Company is considered to be in the exploration stage and early development of a new potential lithium separation extraction technology. One World Lithium Inc., together with its subsidiary, Lithium Investments Ltd., (collectively referred to as the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the province of British Columbia on November 9, 1982. On February 27, 2017, the Company voluntarily delisted its common shares from the NEX Board of the TSX Venture Exchange ("Exchange") and on February 28, 2017, the Company changed its name to One World Minerals Inc. and its shares became listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") (symbol OWM). On January 19, 2018, the Company changed its corporate name to "One World

Lithium Inc." (symbol OWL). The name change reflects the Company's primary focus to explore and develop lithium properties of merit and the potential developing of a new lithium separation extraction technology.

The Company's administrative office is Suite 615 – 800 West Pender Street, Vancouver, BC, V6C 2V6 and its Registered and Records Office is the same.

Qualified Person

The Company's disclosure of a technical or scientific nature has been reviewed and approved by Mike Rosko SME Registered member and a qualified person as defined by the Canadian National Instrument 43-101.

Highlights and significant events relating to the Company's Salar del Diablo Property and Other

- On March 1, 2021, the Company announced that it had closed it previously announced non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$2,251,110 by issuance of 45,022,210 units priced at \$0.05 per unit. Each unit consist of one common share and one non-transferable warrant. Each warrant will entitle the holder thereof to acquire one common share, at a price of \$0.10 per common share for a period of 36 months. For further details see news release dated March 2, 2021.
- On April 21, 2021, the Company announced that the DDH-3 (diamond drill hole) drilling program formally started on the Salar del Diablo property in Mexico. DDH-3 is 50 kilometres south of DDH-2 and depending on the results, the Company may drill more diamond drill holes in the immediate area. For further details see news release dated April 21, 2021.
- On May 4, 2021, the Company announced a non-brokered private placement up to 20,000,000 units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.10 per Unit for gross proceeds of up to \$2,000,000. Each Unit will consist of one common share of the Company and one-half of a non-transferable Common Share purchase warrant (each whole warrant, a "Warrant"). Each Warrant will entitle the holder thereof to purchase one Common Share at a price of \$0.15 for a period of 36 months from the closing of the Offering. For further details see news release dated May 4, 2021.
- On July 9, 2021, the Company announced a non-brokered private placement up to 20,000,000 units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.10 per Unit for gross proceeds of up to \$2,000,000. Each Unit will consist of one common share of the Company and one-half of a non-transferable Common Share purchase warrant (each whole warrant, a "Warrant"). Each Warrant will entitle the holder thereof to purchase one Common Share at a price of \$0.15 for a period of 36 months from the closing of the Offering. For further details see news release dated July 9, 2021. On August 18, 2021, the Company received price protection from the CSE to increase the non-brokered private placement from 27,000,000 units to 30,000,000 units and decrease the price of the units from \$0.075 to \$0.06 for gross proceeds of up to \$1,8000,000. For further details see news release dated July 9, 2021.
- On October 19, 2021, the Company announced that DDH-4 (diamond drill hole) reached a total depth of 518 meters or 1,700 feet at the Salar del Diablo Lithium Brine Exploration Project in Mexico. One zone was sampled between 331 and 381 meters and a second zone was sampled between 460 and 518 meters which are sampling intervals of 50 and 58 meters. All samples taken from DDH-4 have been sent to ALS prep lab in Hermosillo, Mexico where the samples from DDH-1, 2, 3 & 4 were prepared for assaying at the ALS Vancouver Laboratory. All sample results were scheduled to be announced at the same time after receiving a drilling report and recommendations from Montgomery & Associates the operator that may include additional drilling. For further details see news release dated October 19, 2021.
- On November 4, 2021 the Company closed a first tranche of its non-brokered private placement of up to 30,000,000 units (each, a "Unit") at a price of \$0.06 per Unit for gross proceeds of up to \$1,800,000 that may close in one or more tranches. (the "Offering"). Each Unit consists of one common share of the Company (a "Common Share") and one full non-transferable Common Share purchase warrant (each whole warrant, a "Warrant"). Each Warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one Common Share at a price of \$0.12 for a period of 36 months from the closing of the Offering. All securities are subject to a four month and one day hold from the closing date. On the first tranche closing the Company issued 12,753,677 Units for gross proceeds of \$765,221. For further details see news release dated November 4, 2021.
- On December 8, 2021, the Company closed a second tranche of its non-brokered private placement of up to 30,000,000 units (each, a "Unit") at a price of \$0.06 per Unit for gross proceeds of up to \$1,800,000 that may close in one or more tranches (the "Offering"). Each Unit consists of one common share of the Company (a "Common Share") and one full non-transferable Common Share purchase warrant (each whole warrant, a "Warrant"). Each Warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one Common Share at a price of \$0.12 for a period of 36 months from the closing of the Offering. All securities

are subject to a four month and one day hold from the closing date. On the second tranche closing the Company issued 17,350,843 Units for gross proceeds of \$1,041,050.60. For further details see news release dated December 8, 2021.

- On January 4, 2022, the Company announced that on December 31, 2021, it received Montgomery and Associates
 Consultores Limitada ("M&A") Report for the Company's 2019 and 2021 four-hole exploration diamond drilling program
 that was conducted at the Salar del Diablo Exploration Project located in the State of Baja California, Mexico. Based on the
 results of chemical analysis for all of the depth-specific samples for each of the four exploration boreholes, it is concluded
 the basin consists of fresh water and less than 5 ppm (parts per million) lithium. For further details see news release dated
 January 4, 2022.
- On March 23, 2022, the Company announced signing a Non-Exclusive Research and Evaluation License with Option (Patent) (the "License") with the US Department of Energy's ("DOE") National Energy Technology Laboratory ("NETL") for the DOE's Patents titled Selective Lithium Recovery as Lithium Carbonate from Natural Brine and any patents stemming therefrom (the "Licensed Inventions"). The Agreement allows OWL to research and commercially evaluate the Licensed Inventions. The initial Option Period is for one year from March 2, 2022, with extensions available for an additional period of time. During the Option Period OWL may enter negotiations for an exclusive license within the agreed field of use which are naturally occurring brines with the exception of sea water and geothermal brines. For further details see news release dated March 23, 2022.
- On May 2, 2022, the Company announced effective on April 29, 2022, is has terminated its Letter of Intent with Energy Metals Discover Group ("EMDG"). Under the Termination Agreements with EMDG the Company has conveyed all of its right, title and earned interest in the Property. All the Parties agreed to release each other from any and all claims that they may have against each other to date and the Company would have no further rights title and earned interest in the Property. As well, the Company has terminated its Share Purchase Agreement with Stand Up Investments Ltd. ("SUI") and a Third Party. Under this Termination Agreement all Parties have agreed to release each other from any and all claims that they may have against each other and the Company has no further payments or share issuances to the former and original shareholders except a \$25,000 termination fee that is due no later than December 31, 2022, by way of a Promissory note bearing simple six (6) percent interest dated April 29, 2021. For further details see news release dated May 02, 2022.

The Company will continue to explore for or evaluate lithium-brine prospects where the Direct Lithium Extraction technology (DLE) may be beneficial to the Company and under the terms of a joint venture or sub license agreement, the Company will earn property carried and/or working interests with the intent to own a majority interest.

Other highlights and significant events during the year ended December 31, 2021:

On March 1, 2021:

• Stock option grant: The Company granted 4,900,000 incentive stock options with 500,000 granted to an officer of the Company. The options have an exercise price of \$0.13 per common share. The stock options are exercisable on or before March 1, 2023 and as at March 31, 2021, 4,150,000 of the options were fully vested. The remaining 750,000 will be fully vested by July 31, 2021.

On May 4, 2021

• Stock option grant: The Company granted 800,000 incentive stock options at an exercise price of \$0.11 per common share. The Stock options are exercisable on or before May 4, 2023 and vest to 200,000 options every two (2) months starting on September 1, 2021.

On May 5, 2021

Stock option grant: The Company granted 400,000 incentive stock options at an exercise price of \$0.11 per common share. The stock options are exercisable on or before May 5, 2022 and are fully vested.

On July 8, 2021

• Stock option grant: The Company granted 350,000 incentive stock options at an exercise price of \$0.075 per common share. The stock options are exercisable on or before July 8, 2023 and are fully vested.

On October 6, 2021

• Stock option grant: The Company granted 1,000,000 incentive stock options at an exercise price of \$0.065 per common share. The stock options are exercisable on or before October 6, 2023 with 333,333 vesting on January 1, 2022, 333,333 vesting on April 1, 2022 and the balance vest on July 1, 2022.

On October 9, 2021

• Stock option grant: The Company granted 1,010,000 incentive stock options at an exercise price of \$0.095 per common share. The stock options are exercisable on or before October 19, 2023 with 300,000 vesting on December 15, 2021, 250,000 vesting on January 1, 2022 and 300,000 vesting on February 15, 2022 and the balance vest on April 15, 2022.

Resource Properties

The Board of Directors is responsible for a quarterly review of the properties and any decisions toward impairment. If the property is considered impaired, accumulated costs are expensed at that time.

The following table shows the activity by category of exploration and evaluation expenditures for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	Year ended December 3				
	2021		2020		
Consulting	\$ 6,397	\$	23,248		
Concession fees	279,371		283,853		
Drilling	589,995		3,240		
Geology	108,392		-		
Travel	48,990		3,448		
Supplies and other	132,361		748		
Total	\$ 1,165,506	\$	314,537		

Salar del Diablo Property (formerly the Valle Del Diablo Property)

On October 10, 2017, the Company completed the acquisition of Lithium Investments Ltd. ("LIL") by acquiring all of the shares of LIL from its shareholders ("original shareholders") in exchange for 10,000,000 common shares and a \$100,000 cash payment made 30 days after the closing date.

The principal assets of LIL consist of the rights and interests under an option and joint venture agreement as amended (the "Option Agreement") with third parties to acquire up to a 90% interest in the Salar del Diablo (formerly the Valle Del Diablo Property) in Mexico (the "Salar del Diablo Property"). In order to earn an 80% interest in the Salar del Diablo, the Company is required to issue 1,800,002 common shares and make payments up to US\$380,000. As at December 31, 2021, 1,600,002 shares have been issued and US\$260,000 has been paid to the third parties in stages. The Company issued 200,000 common shares on April 29, 2021 valued at \$22,000 to partially settle the obligation previously accrued. The obligation to issue the shares was revalued from \$14,000 to \$22,000 during the year ended prior to the settlement.

On April 28, 2021, the Parties further agreed to extend the deemed completion date of the Phase Three drilling program from December 31, 2020 to July 31, 2021. For this extension, the Company agreed to make an additional US\$20,000 payment of which US\$5,000 (\$6,188 CAD equivalent paid in April 2021) of the extension payment will be applied to the Phase 3 option payment at the earlier of (i) July 31, 2021, or (ii) completion of Phase 3 drilling.

On April 28, 2021, the Parties further agreed to extend the deemed completion date of the Phase Three drilling program from December 31, 2020 to July 31, 2021. For this extension, the Company agreed to make an additional US\$20,000 payment of which US\$5,000 (\$6,188 CAD equivalent paid in April 2021) of the extension payment will be applied to the Phase 3 option payment at the earlier of (i) July 31, 2021, or (ii) completion of Phase 3 drilling.

On September 27, 2021, the Parties further agreed to extend the deemed completion date of the Phase Three drilling program from July 31, 2021 to December 31, 2021. For this extension, the Company agreed to make an additional US\$15,000 payment.

On April 29, 2022, the Parties enter into a Conveyance and Mutual Termination and Release Agreement whereby the Company conveyed all of its right, title and earned interest in the Property to the third parties. All the Parties agreed to release each other from any and all claims that they may have against each other to date and the Company would have no further rights, title and earned interest in the Property. The Company de-recognized the recoverable amount of the exploration and evaluation asset and the related concession fee accrual on the same date.

As well on April 29, 2022, the Company and the original shareholders terminated the October 10, 2017 Share Purchase Agreement for a termination fee of \$25,000 and agreed to release each other from any and all claims they may have against each other and the Company has no further payments or share issuances owing to the former and original shareholders except the \$25,000 termination fee that is due no later than December 31, 2022 by way of a Promissory Note dated April 29, 2022.

Results of Operations

For the three-month periods ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	The three-mon Decem				
	2021	2020		\$ Variance	% Variance
Expenses					
Exploration and evaluation	\$ 754,939	\$	290,389	\$ 464,550	160%
General and administration	278,984		63,808	215,176	337%
Professional and consulting fees	317,138		278,996	38,142	14%
Share-based payments	100,349		22,131	78,218	353%
Total expenses	\$ (1,451,410)	\$	(655,324)	\$ (796,086)	(121%)
Operating loss	\$ (1,451,410)	\$	(655,324)	\$ (796,086)	(121%)
Other income (expenses)					
Net financing cost	\$ (4,490)	\$	(9,563)	\$ 5,073	53%
Foreign exchange gain	44,737		-	44,737	100%
Impairment of exploration and					
evaluation asset	(2,440,366)		-	(2,440,366)	(100%)
Other expenses	(7,697)		(229,025)	(221,328)	(97%)
Other income	(37,932)		11,224	49,156	(438%)
Net loss and comprehensive loss					
for the period	\$ (3,897,158)	\$	(882,688)	\$ (3,014,470)	(342%)

The Company had no revenue in the three-month period ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. The notable changes between comparable periods are as follows:

- Exploration and evaluation expenditures increased by \$464,550 or 160% due to the continuation of the drilling program
 commenced in the fiscal year of 2020 (second quarter). The drilling activities and costs span over the entirety of the fiscal
 year of 2021.
- General and administration increased by \$215,176 or 337% due to increase in investor relations and consulting expenses of \$233,953 that was not incurred in the three-month period ended December 31, 2020; the increase was offset by other general and administrative expenses related to corporate overhead.
- Share-based payments increased by \$78,218 or 353% due to grant and vesting of more stock options in the current year.
- Impairment of exploration and evaluation asset increased by \$2,440,366 or 100% which is due to impairment of the Salar del Diablo property in Mexico. The results of the drilling program were unsatisfactory which was considered as an impairment indicator by management.
- Other expenses include a non-cash cost from warrant modification. The balance decreased by \$221,328 or 97% as no warrant modification took place in the three-month period ended December 31, 2021. The \$7,697 represents the adjustment to the valuation of warrant modification recorded in third quarter of fiscal 2021.

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

The years ended December 31:									
		2021		2020		\$ Variance	% Variance		
Expenses									
Exploration and evaluation	\$	1,165,506	\$	314,537	\$	850,969	271%		
General and administration		495,769		245,631		250,138	102%		
Professional and consulting fees		731,883		676,360		55,523	8%		
Share-based payments		521,094		90,338		430,756	477%		
Total expenses	\$	(2,914,252)	\$	(1,326,866)	\$	(1,587,386)	(120%)		
Operating loss	\$	(2,914,252)	\$	(1,326,866)	\$	(1,587,386)	(120%)		
Other income (expenses)									
Net financing cost	\$	(57,860)	\$	(25,660)	\$	(32,200)	(125%)		
Foreign exchange gain		72,067		-		72,067	100%		
Government grant		30,523		-		30,523	100%		
Impairment of exploration and									
evaluation asset		(2,440,366)		-		(2,440,366)	(100%)		
Other expenses		(377,945)		(229,025)		(148,920)	(65%)		
Other income		247		18,433		(18,186)	(99%)		
Net loss and comprehensive loss									
for the period	\$	(5,687,586)	\$	(1,563,118)	\$	(4,124,468)	(264%)		

The Company had no revenue in years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. The notable changes between comparable periods are as follows:

- Exploration and evaluation expenditures increased by \$850,969 or 271% due to the continuation of the drilling program
 commenced in the fiscal year of 2020 (second quarter). The drilling activities and costs span over the entirety of the fiscal
 year of 2021.
- General and administration increased by \$250,138 or 102% due to increase in investor relations and consulting expenses of \$233,953 that was not incurred in the year ended December 31, 2020.
- Professional and consulting fees increased by \$55,523 or 8% due to the professional fees incurred in the attempt to acquire
 a mineral property in Mongolia that did not materialize.
- Share-based payments increased by \$430,756 or 477% due to grant and vesting of more stock options in the current year.
- Impairment of exploration and evaluation asset increased by \$2,440,366 or 100% is due to impairment of the Salar del Diablo
 property in Mexico. The results of the drilling program were unsatisfactory which was considered as an impairment indicator
 by management.
- Government grant increased by \$30,523 or 100% due to recognition of grant income from low-rate federal government loan received in the first quarter of 2021. No debt with the similar feature existed in the comparative period.
- Other expenses include a non-cash cost from warrant modification. The balance increased by \$148,920 or 65% as warrant
 modification accounting in the current fiscal year resulted in a larger expense in comparison to the year ended December 31,
 2020.

Summary of Quarterly Results

Three months ended	Dec-21 \$	Sep-21 \$	Jun-21 \$	Mar-21 \$	Dec-20 \$	Sep-20 \$	Jun-20 \$	Mar-20 \$
Total revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss and								
comprehensive loss	3,897,158	485,788	657,141	925,256	254,700	163,149	220,013	1,886,535
Loss per share	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02

Liquidity and Financial Condition

As at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company had the following balances:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Financial assets		
Cash	\$ 685,108	\$ 4,490
Receivables	135,396	130,467
	\$ 820,504	\$ 134,957
Financial liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,588,411	2,449,874
Loans and borrowings	34,122	22,523
Share subscriptions payable	34,260	142,500
	\$ 1,656,793	\$ 2,614,897

The Financial Statements are prepared on a 'going concern' basis, which contemplates that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to raise additional funds or the attainment of profitable operations. The Company will need to raise or borrow money for exploration and administration expenditures, and to settle current liabilities,. Current sources of funding are undetermined, and management continues to review potential financing options. Although the Company has been successful at raising funds in the past through the issuance of share capital and entering into loan agreements, there is no guarantee it will be successful or able to continue to do so in the future, and there can be no assurance that the Company will have sufficient financing to meet its future capital requirements or that additional financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Company in the future. (See "Highlights, significant events and various transactions" in this Report.)

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company defines key management personnel as being the directors and key officers.

The compensation awarded to key management personnel is as follows:

		Year ended December 31 2021 2020					
Professional and consulting fees	\$	231,250	\$	240,000			
Director fees		6,000		-			
Share-based payments		32,000		-			
Total compensation	\$	269,250	\$	240,000			

Other related party transactions

Effective May 1, 2016, the Company entered into an office rental agreement in which an officer and director is a shareholder. The Company was charged rent, office and parking expenses:

	Year ended December 31				
		2021		2020	
Rent, office and parking	\$	94,551	\$	88,819	

Due to related parties

Balances owed to key management personnel and related parties, which are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Due to Chief Executive Officer	\$ -	\$ 109,451
Due to Chief Financial Officer	127,544	92,281
Due to directors	12,571	-
Due to an officer and director for rent, office and parking expenses	6,463	30,610
Total due to related parties	\$ 146,578	\$ 232,342

Capital Management

The Company's objective and polices for managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company manages its capital structure and makes changes based on economic conditions, risks that impact the operations and future significant capital investment opportunities. In order to maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue new equity instruments or raise additional debt financing.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital restrictions, and there were no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the period.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers

<u>E&E acquisition costs</u>: All direct costs related to the acquisition of mineral property interests (E&E Assets) are capitalized into intangible assets on a property by property basis. Expenditures made in connection with a right to acquire a property and or explore in an exploration area for a period in excess of one year, are capitalized.

<u>E&E exploration expenditures</u>: Exploration costs, net of incidental revenues, are charged to operations in the period incurred until such time as it has been determined that a property has economically recoverable resources, in which case subsequent exploration costs and the costs incurred to develop a property are capitalized into property, plant and equipment. On the commencement of commercial production, depletion of each mining property will be provided on a unit-of-production basis using estimated reserves as the depletion base.

Financial Instruments & Financial Risk Management

The Company has classified and measured its financial instruments as described below:

- Cash and receivables are classified as and measured at amortized cost.
- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, loans and borrowings and share subscriptions payable are classified as and
 measured at amortized cost. Borrowings and other financial liabilities are classified as current or non-current based on
 their maturity date. The liabilities are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently
 measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized on an effective yield
 basis.

Financial Risk Management

The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks by virtue of its activities: market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and foreign currency risk. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the determination of the Company's capital and risk management objectives and policies while retaining ultimate responsibility for them. The Company's overall capital and risk management program has not changed throughout the period. It focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on financial performance. Risk management is carried out by the finance department under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The finance department identifies and evaluates financial risks in close cooperation with management.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's interest-bearing debt instrument has a fixed interest rate and is not subject to interest rate cash flow risk.

The interest-bearing financial instruments, as reported in the consolidated financial statements, have the following interest rate profile:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Fixed rate instruments	\$ 34,122	\$ 22,523

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company generally relies on external financing or key management to provide sufficient liquidity to meet budgeted operating requirements. The following table sets forth details of the payment profile of financial liabilities based on their undiscounted cash flows:

	Total carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years
Accounts payable and accrued					
liabilities	\$ 1,588,411	\$ 1,588,411	\$ 1,588,411	\$ -	\$ -
Loans and borrowings	34,122	40,000	40,000	-	-
Share subscriptions payable	34,260	34,260	34,260	-	-
Total	\$ 1,656,793	\$ 1,662,671	\$ 1,662,671	\$ -	\$ -

Taking into consideration the Company's current cash position, volatile equity markets, global uncertainty in the capital markets and increasing cost pressures, the Company is continuing to review its needs to seek financing opportunities in accordance to its capital risk management strategy.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is defined as the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company maintains financial instruments and enters into transactions denominated in foreign currencies, principally in USD, which exposes the Company to fluctuating balances and cash flows due to various in foreign exchange rates. The current exposure to foreign currency risk is limited to the process of billing and settlement of invoices from a Mexico-based vendor that bills the Company for drilling services rendered.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to managing the above risks.

Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

Common shares, stock options and share purchase warrants issued and outstanding as at the period end are described in detail in the Financial Statements, and as at the Report Date are as follows:

At Report Date	
Common shares	179,539,431
Warrants	91,427,784
Stock Options	12,900,000
Fully Diluted	283,867,215

Proposed Transactions

The Company does not have any proposed transactions that have been approved by the Board of Directors. Management of the Company continues to review and evaluate potential exploration properties and separation technology to separate lithium and other related elements from brine solution.

Risks and Uncertainties Related to the Company's Business

Resource exploration and technology development is a speculative business and involves a high degree of risk. There is a significant probability that the expenditures made by the Company in exploring its properties, if any, will not result in discoveries of commercial quantities of minerals. A high level of ongoing expenditures is required to locate and estimate ore reserves, which are the basis for further development of a property. Capital expenditures to attain commercial production stage could be substantial. The following sets out the principal risks faced by the Company.

Exploration. The Company is seeking mineral deposits on exploration projects where there are not yet established commercial quantities. There can be no assurance that economic concentrations of minerals will be determined to exist within existing investors' investment horizons or at all. The failure to establish such economic concentrations could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities. The Company's planned programs and budgets for exploration work are subject to revision at any time to take into account results to date. The revision, reduction or curtailment of exploration programs and budgets could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities.

Market. The Company's securities trade on public markets and the trading value thereof is determined by the evaluations, perceptions and sentiments of both individual investors and the investment community taken as a whole. Such evaluations, perceptions and sentiments are subject to change; both in short term time horizons and longer term time horizons. An adverse change in investor evaluations, perceptions and sentiments could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities.

<u>Commodity Price.</u> The Company's exploration projects are primarily related to exploration for lithium. Lithium has recently been the subject of significant price fluctuations, and as such, there can be no assurance that that investors' evaluations, perceptions, beliefs and sentiments will continue to favour lithium. An adverse change in lithium prices, or in investors' beliefs about trends in lithium prices, could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities.

<u>Title</u>. Although the Company exercises the usual due diligence with respect to title to any properties in which it may have interests, there is no guarantee that title to the properties will not be challenged or impugned. The Company's mineral property interests, if any, may be subject to prior unregistered agreements or transfers or land claims, and title may be affected by undetected defects.

<u>Financing.</u> Exploration and development of mineral deposits is an expensive process, and frequently the greater the level of interim stage success the more expensive it can become. The Company has no producing properties and generates no operating revenues; therefore, for the foreseeable future, it will be dependent upon borrowing funds and/or selling equity in the capital markets to provide financing for its operations and any continuing exploration budgets. While the Company has been successful in obtaining financing from the capital markets in recent years, there can be no assurance that the capital markets will remain favourable in the future, and/or that the Company will be able to raise the financing needed to continue its operations and exploration programs on favourable terms, or at all. Restrictions on the Company's ability to finance could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities.

One World Lithium Inc. Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

Share Price Volatility and Price Fluctuations. In recent years, the securities markets in Canada have experienced a high level of price and volume volatility, and the market prices of securities of many companies, particularly junior mineral exploration companies, like the Company, have experienced wide fluctuations which have not necessarily been related to the operating performance, underlying asset values or prospects of such companies. There can be no assurance that these price fluctuations and volatility will not continue to occur.

<u>Key Personnel.</u> The Company's exploration efforts are dependent to a large degree on the skills and experience of certain of its key personnel. The Company does not maintain "key man" insurance policies on these individuals. Should the availability of these persons' skills and experience be in any way reduced or curtailed, this could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities.

<u>Competition.</u> Significant and increasing competition exists for the limited number of mineral property acquisition opportunities available. As a result of this competition, some of which is with large established mining companies with substantial capabilities and greater financial and technical resources than the Company, the Company may be unable to acquire additional attractive mineral properties on terms it considers acceptable.

<u>Realization of Assets.</u> Exploration and evaluation assets may comprise a substantial portion of the Company's assets. Realization of the Company's investment in these assets is dependent upon the establishment of legal ownership, the attainment of successful production from the properties or from the proceeds of their disposal. Resource exploration and development is highly speculative and involves inherent risks. While the rewards if an ore body is discovered can be substantial, few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. There can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in the discovery of economically viable quantities of ore. The amounts shown for acquisition costs and deferred exploration expenditures represent costs incurred to date and do not necessarily reflect present or future values.

Environmental and Other Regulatory Requirements. The current or future operations of the Company, including development activities and commencement of production on its properties, generally require permits from various governmental authorities and such operations are and will be subject to laws and regulations governing prospecting, development, mining, production, exports, taxes, labour standards, occupational health, waste disposal, toxic substances, land use, environmental protection, safety and other matters. Companies engaged in the development and operation of mines and related facilities could experience increased costs, and delays in production and other schedules as a result of the need to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permits. There can be no assurance that approvals and permits required to commence production on its properties will be obtained on a timely basis, or at all. Additional permits and studies, which may include environmental impact studies conducted before permits can be obtained, may be necessary prior to operation of the properties in which the Company has interests and there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain or maintain all necessary permits that may be required to commence construction, development or operation of mining facilities at these properties on terms which enable operations to be conducted at economically justifiable costs. Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations, and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions there under, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions. Parties engaged in mining operations or extraction operations may be required to compensate those suffering loss or damage by reason of such activities and may have civil or criminal fines or penalties imposed for violations of applicable laws or regulations.

Amendments to current laws, regulations and permits governing operations and activities of mining companies, or more stringent implementation thereof, could have a material adverse impact on the Company and cause increases in capital expenditures or production costs or reduction in levels of production at producing properties or abandonment or delays in development of new mineral exploration properties.

<u>History of Net Losses</u>; <u>Accumulated Deficit</u>; <u>Lack of Revenue from Operations</u>. The Company has incurred net losses to date. The Company has not yet had any revenue from its exploration activities. Even if the Company commences development of certain properties, it may acquire an interest in, the Company may continue to incur losses. There is no certainty that the Company will produce revenue, operate profitably or provide a return on investment in the future.

<u>Uninsurable</u>. The Company and its subsidiaries may become subject to liability for pollution, fire, explosion and other risks against which it cannot insure or against which it may elect not to insure. Such events could result in substantial damage to property and personal injury. The payment of any such liabilities may have a material, adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

Legal Proceedings. As of the date of this Report there are no legal proceedings against or by the Company.

Critical Accounting Estimates. In the preparation of financial information, management makes judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect, amongst other things, the carrying value of its mineral property assets. All deferred mineral property expenditures are reviewed, on a property-by-property basis, to consider whether there are any conditions that may indicate impairment. When the carrying value of a property exceeds its net recoverable amount that may be estimated by quantifiable evidence of an economic geological resource or reserve, joint venture expenditure commitments or the Company's assessment of its ability to sell the property for an amount exceeding the deferred costs, a provision is made for the impairment in value. Management's estimates of exploration, operating, capital and reclamation costs, if any, are subject to certain risks and uncertainties which may affect the recoverability of mineral property costs. Although management has used its best judgment to estimate of these factors, it is possible that changes could occur in the near term that could adversely affect management's estimate of the net cash flow to be generated from its properties. The Company also uses the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model in relation to share based payments and warrants. Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected price volatility. Changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, and therefore the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options granted/vested during the period.

Additional Information

Additional information relating to the Company can also be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.