



One World Lithium Inc.

Management's Discussion & Analysis

For the year ended December 31, 2020

(All amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

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Cautionary Notices

The Company's Financial Statements and this accompanying MD&A contain statements that constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of National Instrument 51-102, Continuous Disclosure Obligations of the Canadian Securities Administrators. Forward-looking statements often, but not always, are identified by the use of words such as "seek", "anticipate", "believe", "plan", "estimate", "expect", "targeting" and "intend" and statements that an event or result "may", "will", "should", "could", or "might" occur or be achieved and other similar expressions. Forward-looking statements in this MD&A include statements regarding the Company's future exploration plans and expenditures, the satisfaction of rights and performance of obligations under agreements to which the Company is a part, the ability of the Company to hire and retain employees and consultants and estimated administrative assessment and other expenses. The forward-looking statements that are contained in this MD&A involve a number of risks and uncertainties. As a consequence, actual results might differ materially from results forecast or suggested in these forward-looking statements. Some of these risks and uncertainties are identified under the heading "Risks Related to the Company's Business" in this MD&A. Additional information regarding these factors and other important factors that could cause results to differ materially may be referred to as part of particular forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to the important factors discussed under the heading "Risks Related to the Company's Business" and to those that may be discussed as part of particular forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause the actual results to differ include market prices, exploration success, continued availability of capital and financing, inability to obtain required regulatory approvals and general market conditions. These statements are based on a number of assumptions, including assumptions regarding general market conditions, the timing and receipt of regulatory approvals, the ability of the Company and other relevant parties to satisfy regulatory requirements, the availability of financing for proposed transactions and programs on reasonable terms and the ability of third-party service providers to deliver services in a timely manner. Forward-looking statements contained herein are made as of the date of this MD&A and the Company disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or results or otherwise. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

Introduction

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A" or "Report") of the financial condition of One World Lithium Inc. (an exploration stage company) ("One World" or the "Company") and results of operations of the Company, prepared April 30, 2021 (the "Report Date"), should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements including the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 (collectively, the "Financial Statements"), which are presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and with the Company's accounting policies, as those are described in the notes to the Financial Statements. These Financial Statements, together with this MD&A, are intended to provide investors with a reasonable basis for assessing the financial performance of the Company as well as potential future performance and are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected in future periods. Unless otherwise indicated, all dollars in this Report are in Canadian dollars.

This Report may contain forward-looking statements in respect of various matters including upcoming events. The results or events predicted in these forward-looking statements may differ materially from the actual results or events. The Company cautions investors that any forward-looking statements by the Company are not guarantees of futures performance, as they are subject to significant risks and uncertainties that may cause projected results or events to differ materially from actual results or events. The Company disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Please refer to the risks and cautionary notices of this MD&A.

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Description of Business

The Company is focused on the acquisition, exploration and development of lithium properties in Mexico. The Company is considered to be in the exploration stage. One World Lithium Inc., together with its subsidiary, Lithium Investments Ltd., (collectively referred to as the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the province of British Columbia on November 9, 1982. On February 27, 2017, the Company voluntarily delisted its common shares from the NEX Board of the TSX Venture Exchange ("Exchange") and on February 28, 2017, the Company changed its name to One World Minerals Inc. and its shares became listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") (symbol OWM). On January 19, 2018, the Company changed its corporate name to "One World Lithium Inc." (symbol OWL). The name change reflects the Company's primary focus to explore and develop lithium properties of merit and the potential of its option to earn and acquire up to 90% of the 103,430 hectare Salar del Diablo lithium property in Mexico.

The Company's administrative office is Suite 615 – 800 West Pender Street, Vancouver, BC, V6C 2V6 and its Registered and Records Office is the same.

Qualified Person

The Company's disclosure of a technical or scientific nature has been reviewed and approved by Mike Rosko, SME Registered member and a qualified person as defined by the Canadian National Instrument 43-101.

Highlights and significant events relating to the Company's Salar del Diablo Property and Other

- On March 18, 2020, the Company announced that the drilling and environmental permits were approved to drill DDH-3 and possibly DDH-4 which are located about 50 kilometers south of DDH-2 and within 20 kilometers of the Salar del Diablo's southern border. For further details see news release dated March 18, 2020.
- On May 15, 2020, the Mexican Federal Government announced that on June 01, 2020, mining and mineral exploration programs may begin operations which were previously deemed to be non-essential activities due to Covid-19.
- On August 11, 2020, the Company announced that it had closed a portion its financing and on closing the next financing the Company intends to begin the next phase of drilling. The Company raised \$336,025 CAD through the issuance of 6,720,500 units at price of \$0.05 per unit. For further details see news release dated August 11, 2020.
- On September 25, 2020, the Company announced a non-brokered private placement up to 30,000,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per Unit for gross proceeds of up to \$1,500,000. All funds are stated in Canadian dollars. Each Unit will consist of one common share in the capital of the Company and one non-transferable Common Share purchase warrant. Each warrant will entitle the holder thereof to acquire one Common Share, at a price of \$0.10 per Common Share for a period of 36 months from the closing date of each respective tranche in the Offering. All Securities are subject to a four month and one day hold period from the respective closing dates and eligible finder fee may be paid in connection with the Offering. On closing of this financing, the Company intends to begin the next phase of drilling. For further details see news release dated September 25, 2020.
- On October 27, 2020, the Company announced that a Third Party has assigned its proof of concept protocols to OWL who will then contract a private laboratory to conduct a proof of concept program from a separation technology thesis. If the results are satisfactory, it will have proven a new critical fluid separation technology to separate lithium and other related elements from a brine solution that may have commercial applications. For further details see news release dated October 27, 2020.

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- Subsequent to December 31, 2020, the Company announced on March 01, 2021, that it had closed its previously announced non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$2,251,110 by issuance of 45,022,210 units priced at \$0.05 per unit. Each unit consists of one common share and one non-transferable warrant. Each warrant will entitle the holder thereof to acquire one common share, at a price of \$0.10 per common share for a period of 36 months. For further details see news release dated March 02, 2021.
- Subsequent to December 31, 2020, the Company announced on April 21, 2021, that the DDH-3 (diamond drill hole) drilling program has formally started today April 21, 2021 on its Salar del Diablo property in Mexico. DDH-3 is 50 kilometres south of DDH-2 and depending on the results, the Company may drill more diamond drill holes in the immediate area. For further details see news release dated April 21, 2021.

Other highlights and significant events during the year ended December 31, 2020:

On February 12, 2020:

- **Stock option grant:** The Company granted 500,000 incentive stock options of the Company in at an exercise price of \$0.10 per common share. The stock options are exercisable on or before February 12, 2022 with 125,000 vesting on June 12, 2020, 125,000 vesting on September 12, 2020, 125,000 vesting on December 12, 2020 and the balance vesting on March 12, 2021. Subsequent to the grant, all 500,000 stock options were forfeited due to the termination of services with the consultant for which the options were granted.
- **Stock option grant:** The Company granted 200,000 incentive stock options at an exercise price of \$0.10 per common share. The stock options are exercisable on or before February 12, 2021 and are fully vested.

On March 6, 2020:

- **Amended Warrant terms:** The Company amended the terms of an aggregate of 14,501,233 outstanding common share purchase warrants previously issued by the Company as follows:
 - 6,857,667 of these Warrants are currently exercisable to acquire common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until March 22, 2020. Under the Amendment, the exercise price of the Warrants will be reduced to \$0.15 and the term of the Warrants will be extended by an additional twelve months such that they will now be exercisable until March 22, 2021;
 - 3,480,665 of these Warrants are currently exercisable to acquire common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until May 23, 2020. Under the Amendment, the exercise price of the Warrants will be reduced to \$0.15 and the term of the Warrants will be extended by an additional twelve months such that they will now be exercisable until May 23, 2021; and
 - 4,162,901 of these Warrants are currently exercisable to acquire common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until November 08, 2020. Under the Amendment, the exercise price of the Warrants will be reduced to \$0.15 and the term of the Warrants will be extended by an additional twelve months such that they will now be exercisable until November 08, 2021.

On April 23, 2020:

- **Stock option grant:** The Company granted 1,500,000 incentive stock options at an exercise price of \$0.10 per common share. The stock options are exercisable on or before April 23, 2022 and are fully vested.

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On August 11, 2020:

- **Private placement:** The Company closed its non-brokered private placement. The Company received a total of \$336,025 cash proceeds through the issuance of 6,720,500 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit. Each Unit consists of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable Common Share purchase warrant. Each Warrant will entitle the holder of the warrant to purchase one Common Share at a price of \$0.10 for a period of 36 months from the closing of the offering.

On October 21, 2020:

- **Stock option grant:** The Company granted 800,000 incentive stock options at an exercise price of \$0.075 per common share. The stock options are exercisable on or before October 21, 2022 and as at December 31, 2020 150,000 of the options had vested and were exercisable. Of the remaining options 150,000 will vest on February 21, 2021, 250,000 options will vest on March 21, 2021 and 250,000 will vest on April 21, 2021.

Resource Properties

The Board of Directors is responsible for a quarterly review of the properties and any decisions toward impairment. If the property is considered impaired, accumulated costs are expensed at that time.

The following table shows the activity by category of exploration expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	Year ended December 31, 2020 (\$)	Year ended December 31, 2019 (\$)
Exploration and evaluation expenditures		
Concession fees	\$ 283,853	\$ 140,000
Consulting	23,248	165,323
Drilling	3,240	1,315,321
Geology	-	35,850
Geophysics	-	5,618
Mapping	-	380
Permitting	-	41,748
Staking	-	39,257
Travel	3,448	69,167
Supplies and other	748	84,995
Total	\$ 314,537	\$ 1,897,659

The Salar del Diablo Property (formerly the Valle Del Diablo Property)

On October 10, 2017, the Company completed the acquisition of Lithium Investments Ltd. (“LIL”) by acquiring all of the shares of LIL from its shareholders (“original shareholders”) in exchange for 10,000,000 common shares and a \$100,000 cash payment made 30 days after the close (November 10, 2017). All shares issued on October 10, 2017 were measured at \$0.235 per share, being the Company’s closing price on that date on the CSE.

The principal assets of LIL consist of the rights and interests under an option and joint venture agreement as amended (the “Option Agreement”) with third parties to acquire up to a 90% interest in the Salar del Diablo (formerly the Valle Del Diablo Property) in Mexico (the “Salar del Diablo Property”). In order to earn an 80% interest in the Salar del Diablo, the Company is required to issue 1,800,002 shares (1,000,002 shares were issued on October 10, 2017, 200,000 shares were issued on August 13, 2018 and 200,000 shares as a penalty for late payment, see below, were issued on September 24, 2018 for a total value of \$297,000, being the total value of the shares on the date of issuance) and make payments up to US\$277,500 (as at December 31, 2018

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US\$230,000 has been paid with LIL paying US\$102,500 and the Company paying US\$127,500 of this balance) to the third parties in stages.

On November 1, 2019, the Company and Optionors (“the Parties”) agreed that the balance of 400,000 shares and a US\$150,000 payment is due after completion of the Phase 3 drilling program or on June 30, 2020 at which time the Phase 3 drilling program would be deemed completed.

Subsequently, on July 20, 2020 the Parties agreed to extend the deemed completion date from June 30, 2020 to December 31, 2020. For this extension the Company agreed to issue 400,000 shares (200,000 shares were issued on August 17, 2020 for a total value of \$16,000, being the total value of the shares on the date of issuance) and make a US\$50,000 payment of which US\$25,000 was paid on August 20, 2020 (\$33,071 CAD equivalent). The Company has accrued the commitment to pay the unpaid US\$25,000 (\$33,075 CAD equivalent) and the remaining issuance of 200,000 common shares of the Company valued at \$14,000 at December 31, 2020 using the market price of the Company’s common share on the same date.

After the year end, on April 28, 2021, the Parties further agreed to extend the deemed completion date from December 31, 2020 to July 31, 2021. For this extension, the Company agreed to make an additional US\$20,000 payment. On payment of the extension payment, a US\$5,000 credited will be applied to the milestone option payment of \$100,000 at the early of July 31, 2021 or completion of Phase 3 Drilling.

If the project goes to commercial production the Company is also required to issue an additional 1,100,000 shares and make an additional payment of \$1,050,000. In addition, up until the delivery of a bankable feasibility report (the “BS Report”) on the Salar del Diablo Property the Company is responsible for all exploration expenditures. After the delivery of the BS Report each Joint Venture party (“JV Party”) is responsible for their pro rata share of future funding. If either JV Party fails to contribute its share of the project cost, their interest shall be diluted proportionally until their interest reaches 10% or less. Should the underlying JV Party’s interest dilute below a 10% equity interest or less, a 2% NSR royalty replaces the 10% equity interest and the other party will have the right at any time prior to the commencement of commercial production but not the obligation to purchase one-half of the NSR for US\$5,000,000.

The LIL purchase agreement requires the Company to continue making the following additional payments and share issuance to the former shareholders of LIL:

On or before date	Pay to former shareholders of LIL	
	\$ Amount	# of OWL Shares
October 10, 2018 (paid)	\$ 200,000	-
July 31, 2021	300,000	-
December 31, 2021	500,000	16,000,000
	\$ 1,000,000	16,000,000

On April 24, 2019, the Company agreed to increase the share issuance by 3,500,000 shares to 16,000,000 shares in exchange for the LIL shareholders agreeing to extend the date of the share issuance of the 12,500,000 shares to July 31, 2019. As at December 31, 2019, the 16,000,000 shares have not been issued and the October 10, 2019 payment had not been made. On May 5, 2020, the LIL original shareholders agreed to extend the date of the issuance of the shares to December 31, 2020, to extend the October 10, 2019 payment of \$300,000 to October 20, 2020 and to extend the October 10, 2020 payment to December 31, 2020 and the Company agreed to increase the final \$400,000 payment by \$100,000 to \$500,000 for the LIL original shareholders agreeing to these extensions.

As at December 31, 2020, the 16,000,000 shares have not been issued and the October 31, 2020 and December 31, 2020 payments had not been made. On April 15, 2021, the Company and the LIL original shareholders agreed to extend the date of the issuance of the shares to on or prior to December 31, 2021, to extend the October 31, 2020 payment of \$300,000 to on or prior to July 31, 2021 and to extend the December 31, 2020 payment of \$500,000 to on or prior to December 31, 2021.

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Results of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2020 results as compared with the year ended December 31, 2019.

	Year ended December 31:			
	2020	2019	Variance	%
Exploration and evaluation	\$ 314,537	\$ 1,897,659	\$ (1,583,122)	(83)
General and administration	245,631	261,494	(15,863)	(6)
Professional and consulting fees	676,360	794,802	(118,442)	(15)
Share-based payments	90,338	393,928	(303,590)	(77)
	\$ 1,326,866	\$ 3,347,882	\$ (2,071,016)	(60%)
Finance costs	25,660	58,734	(33,074)	(56)
Loss on warrant modification	227,173	-	227,173	100
Loss from debt modification	1,852	-	1,852	100
Gain from debt settlement	(18,433)	(39,000)	20,567	(53)
	\$ 1,563,118	\$ 3,367,616	\$ (1,869,334)	(55%)

The Company had no revenue in the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. The notable changes between comparable years are as follows:

- Exploration and evaluation expenditures decreased to \$314,537 (2019: \$1,897,659), due to decreased exploration activity at the Salar del Diablo Property in Mexico largely because our inability to access the property due to COVID 19 as well as low funding levels.
- General and administration decreased to \$245,631 (2019: \$261,494) as a result of decreases in advertising and promotion, insurance and meals and entertainment.
- Professional and consulting fees decreased to \$676,360 (2019: \$794,802) as a result of decreased consulting fees and travelling cost associated on with work done on the Salar del Diablo Property in Mexico.
- Share-based payments decreased to \$90,338 (2019: 393,928) due to a lesser number of stock options granted in the year ended December 31, 2020. Share-based payments is a non-cash item, resulting from the application of the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using assumptions in respect of expected dividend yield average risk-free interest rates, expected life of the options and expected volatility, is intended to represent the fair value determined under the Black-Scholes model of the vested portion of existing options during the period.

Summary of Quarterly Results

Three months ended	Dec-20	Sep-20	Jun-20	Mar-20
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total revenue	-	-	-	-
Net loss and comprehensive loss	875,479	254,700	163,149	269,790
Loss per share	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
Three months ended	Dec-19	Sep-19	Jun-19	Mar-19
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total revenue	-	-	-	-
Net loss and comprehensive loss	1,886,535	392,601	570,179	518,301
Loss per share	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01

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Liquidity and Financial Condition

As at December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company had the following:

	December 31, 2020 (\$)	December 31, 2019 (\$)
Financial assets		
Cash	4,490	21,026
Receivables and advance	130,467	172,843
	134,957	193,869
Financial liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,449,874	1,619,456
Loans and borrowings	22,523	73,054
Share subscriptions payable	142,500	5,000
	2,614,897	1,697,510

The Financial Statements are prepared on a 'going concern' basis, which contemplates that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to raise additional funds or the attainment of profitable operations. The Company will need to raise or borrow money for exploration and administration expenditures, and to settle current liabilities, and to ensure it maintains sufficient funds to keep any claims and property agreements in good standing. Current sources of funding are undetermined, and management continues to review potential financing options. Although the Company has been successful at raising funds in the past through the issuance of share capital and entering into loan agreements, there is no guarantee it will be successful or able to continue to do so in the future, and there can be no assurance that the Company will have sufficient financing to meet its future capital requirements or that additional financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Company in the future. On March 1, 2021, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement raising gross proceeds of \$2,251,110. The proceeds will assist the Company in continuing its activities for the next twelve months. See "Highlights, significant events and various transactions" in this Report.)

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel consist of the directors and executive officers of the Company. The remuneration, including stock-based compensation, of key management personnel during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	For the year ended December 31	
	2020	2019
Professional and consulting fees	\$ 240,000	\$ 284,355
Share-based payments	-	101,690
	\$ 240,000	\$ 386,045

At December 31, 2020, \$109,451 (December 31, 2019: \$24,938) is owed to the CEO of the Company, \$92,281 (December 31, 2019: \$5,470) is owed to the CFO of the Company and \$nil (December 31, 2019: \$2,671) is owed to a director of the Company. These amounts are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

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Other related party transactions

Effective May 1, 2016, the Company entered into an office rental agreement in which an officer and director is a shareholder. The Company was charged rent and office expenses for the following years:

	For the year ended December 31	
	2020	2019
Rent, office and parking	88,819	86,450
	\$ 88,819	\$ 86,450

At December 31, 2020, the Company owes \$30,610 (December 31, 2019: \$5,464) for rent, office and parking. These amounts are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (see Note 7).

Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its assets and its ability to continue as a going concern, to pursue the development of its exploration and evaluation assets, if any, and to maintain a

flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital within a framework of acceptable risk. In the management of capital, the Company includes the components of shareholders' equity and cash.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets.

The Company is primarily dependent on the capital markets as its source of operating capital and the Company's capital resources are largely determined by the strength of the junior resource markets and by the status of the Company's projects in relation to these markets, and its ability to compete for investor support for its projects.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital restrictions, and there were no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the period.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers

New accounting standards

The same accounting policies have been used in the preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements as those used in the most recent audited annual financial statements and in the opinion of management reflect all the adjustments considered necessary for the fair presentation in accordance with IFRS of the result of the years presented.

E&E acquisition costs: All direct costs related to the acquisition of mineral property interests (E&E Assets) are capitalized into intangible assets on a property by property basis. Expenditures made in connection with a right to acquire a property and or explore in an exploration area for a period in excess of one year, are capitalized.

E&E exploration expenditures: Exploration costs, net of incidental revenues, are charged to operations in the period incurred until such time as it has been determined that a property has economically recoverable

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resources, in which case subsequent exploration costs and the costs incurred to develop a property are capitalized into property, plant and equipment. On the commencement of commercial production, depletion of each mining property will be provided on a unit-of-production basis using estimated reserves as the depletion base.

Financial Instruments & Financial Risk Management

The Company has classified and measured its financial instruments as described below:

- Cash and receivables and advances are classified as and measured at amortized cost.
- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, loans payable, shares subscriptions and other payables are classified as and measured at amortized cost. Borrowings and other financial liabilities are classified as current or non-current based on their maturity date. The liabilities are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized on an effective yield basis.

Financial Risk Management

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its contractual obligations. The Company is exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash. The Company manages credit risk with respect to its cash by maintaining demand deposits with a major Canadian financial institution; however, this exposes

the Company's cash to concentration of credit risk as all amounts are held at a single institution. The Company is not exposed to significant credit risk and overall the Company's credit risk has not changed significantly from the prior year.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in satisfying financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. The Company is exposed to liquidity risk as it relates to its accounts payable and loans payable.

The Company's current and expected remaining contractual maturities for its financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods are presented below. The table includes the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to satisfy the liabilities.

At December 31, 2020	Total carrying amount	Contractual cash flow – less than one year
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,449,874	\$ 2,525,194
Loans and borrowings	22,523	22,840
	\$ 2,472,397	\$ 2,548,034

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk. The Company is not exposed to significant market risk and overall the Company's market risk has not changed significantly from the prior year.

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(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk consists of two components:

- (a) To the extent that payments made or received on the Company's monetary assets and liabilities are affected by changes in the prevailing market interest rates, the Company is exposed to interest rate cash flow risk; and
- (b) To the extent that changes in prevailing market rates differ from the interest rate in the Company's monetary assets and liabilities, the Company is exposed to interest rate price risk.

The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk due to the short-term maturity of its monetary assets and liabilities.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company incurs certain expenses in currencies other than the Canadian dollar. The Company is subject to foreign currency risk as a result of fluctuations in exchange rates. The Company manages this risk by maintaining bank accounts in US dollars to pay these foreign currency expenses as they arise. Receipts in foreign currencies are maintained in those currencies. The Company does not undertake currency hedging activities. The Company also does not attempt to hedge the net investment and equity of integrated foreign operations.

(iii) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk. The Company is not exposed to other price risk.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to managing the above risks.

Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

Common shares, stock options and share purchase warrants issued and outstanding as at year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 are described in detail in the Financial Statements, and as at the Report Date are as follows:

At Report Date	
Common shares	149,218,247
Warrants	69,262,666
Stock Options	9,300,000
Fully Diluted	227,780,913

Proposed Transactions

The Company does not have any proposed transactions that have been approved by the board of directors. Management of the Company continues to review and evaluate potential exploration properties and separation technology to separate lithium and other related elements from brine solution.

Subsequent Events

- On January 29, 2021 and February 1, 2021, the Company received low interest loans totalling \$60,000 from the Canadian government to help alleviate the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak to its business. A portion of these loans may be forgiven if certain conditions are met.

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- On March 1, 2021, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$2,251,110 by issuance of 45,022,210 units priced at \$0.05 per unit, \$142,500 of which was collected and recorded as share subscriptions payable at December 31, 2020 and subsequently reclassified to share capital upon the issuance of common shares. Each unit consist of one common share and one non-transferable warrant. Each warrant will entitle the holder thereof to acquire one common share, at a price of \$0.10 per common share for a period of 36 months. On March 01, 2021, the Company granted 4,900,000 incentive stock options at an exercise price of \$0.13 per common share. The sock options are exercisable on or before March 01, 2023.
- On April 12, 2021, the Company amended the terms of an aggregate of 4,584,390 outstanding common share purchase warrants previously issued by the Company as follows:
 - 1,752,257 of these Warrants are currently exercisable to acquire common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until April 10, 2021. Under the Amendment, the exercise price of the Warrants will be reduced to \$0.15 and the term of the Warrants will be extended by an additional twelve months (12) such that they will now be exercisable until April 10, 2022;
 - 995,668 of these Warrants are currently exercisable to acquire common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.20 until June 4, 2021. Under the Amendment, the exercise price of the Warrants will be reduced to \$0.15 and the term of the Warrants will be extended by an additional twelve months (12) such that they will now be exercisable until June 4, 2022; and
 - 1,836,465 of these Warrants are currently exercisable to acquire common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.25 until July 8, 2021. Under the Amendment, the exercise price of the Warrants will be reduced to \$0.15 and the term of the Warrants will be extended by an additional twelve months (12) such that they will now be exercisable until July 8, 2022.

Risks and Uncertainties Related to the Company's Business

Resource exploration is a speculative business and involves a high degree of risk. There is a significant probability that the expenditures made by the Company in exploring its properties, if any, will not result in discoveries of commercial quantities of minerals. A high level of ongoing expenditures is required to locate and estimate ore reserves, which are the basis for further development of a property. Capital expenditures to attain commercial production stage could be substantial. The following sets out the principal risks faced by the Company.

Corona Virus (COVID-19): Since March 2020, several governmental measures have been implemented in Canada and the rest of the world in response to the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. While the impact of COVID-19 and these measures are expected to be temporary, the current circumstances are dynamic and the impacts of COVID-19 on the Company's business operations cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The Company anticipates this could have an adverse impact on its business, results of operations, financial position and cash flows in 2021. The Company continues to operate its business, and in response to Canadian Federal and Provincial emergency measures, which have requested its employees and consultants to work remotely wherever possible. These government measures, which could include government mandated closures of international borders, of the Company or its contractors, could impact the Company's ability to conduct its exploration programs in a timely manner. However, in Mexico mineral exploration has been deemed an essential service despite the country's various Covid-19 restrictions and, at present, the States of Baja California where the Company's Salar del Diablo property is located currently have no further restrictions allowing the Company to move its exploration activities forward.

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Exploration. The Company is seeking mineral deposits on exploration projects where there are not yet established commercial quantities. There can be no assurance that economic concentrations of minerals will be determined to exist on the Company's property holdings within existing investors' investment horizons or at all. The failure to establish such economic concentrations could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities. The Company's planned programs and budgets for exploration work are subject to revision at any time to take into account results to date. The revision, reduction or curtailment of exploration programs and budgets could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities.

Market. The Company's securities trade on public markets and the trading value thereof is determined by the evaluations, perceptions and sentiments of both individual investors and the investment community taken as a whole. Such evaluations, perceptions and sentiments are subject to change; both in short term time horizons and longer term time horizons. An adverse change in investor evaluations, perceptions and sentiments could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities.

Commodity Price. The Company's exploration projects are primarily related to exploration for lithium. Lithium has recently been the subject of significant price fluctuations, and as such, there can be no assurance that that investors' evaluations, perceptions, beliefs and sentiments will continue to favour lithium. An adverse change in lithium prices, or in investors' beliefs about trends in lithium prices, could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities. The Company's properties are primarily located in Mexico and are administered by the General Bureau of Mines, and access is permitted subject to the completion of certain filings, concession payments, surface access and other obligations as are customary for mineral exploration companies operating in Mexico.

Title. Although the Company exercises the usual due diligence with respect to title to any properties in which it may have interests, there is no guarantee that title to the properties will not be challenged or impugned. The Company's mineral property interests, if any, may be subject to prior unregistered agreements or transfers or land claims, and title may be affected by undetected defects.

Financing. Exploration and development of mineral deposits is an expensive process, and frequently the greater the level of interim stage success the more expensive it can become. The Company has no producing properties and generates no operating revenues; therefore, for the foreseeable future, it will be dependent upon borrowing funds and/or selling equity in the capital markets to provide financing for its operations and any continuing exploration budgets. While the Company has been successful in obtaining financing from the capital markets in recent years, there can be no assurance that the capital markets will remain favourable in the future, and/or that the Company will be able to raise the financing needed to continue its operations and exploration programs on favourable terms, or at all. Restrictions on the Company's ability to finance could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities.

Share Price Volatility and Price Fluctuations. In recent years, the securities markets in Canada have experienced a high level of price and volume volatility, and the market prices of securities of many companies, particularly junior mineral exploration companies, like the Company, have experienced wide fluctuations which have not necessarily been related to the operating performance, underlying asset values or prospects of such companies. There can be no assurance that these price fluctuations and volatility will not continue to occur.

Key Personnel. The Company's exploration efforts are dependent to a large degree on the skills and experience of certain of its key personnel. The Company does not maintain "key man" insurance policies on these individuals. Should the availability of these persons' skills and experience be in any way reduced or curtailed, this could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities.

Competition. Significant and increasing competition exists for the limited number of mineral property acquisition opportunities available. As a result of this competition, some of which is with large established mining companies with substantial capabilities and greater financial and technical resources than the Company, the Company may be unable to acquire additional attractive mineral properties on terms it considers acceptable.

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Realization of Assets. Exploration and evaluation assets may comprise a substantial portion of the Company's assets. Realization of the Company's investment in these assets is dependent upon the establishment of legal

ownership, the attainment of successful production from the properties or from the proceeds of their disposal. Resource exploration and development is highly speculative and involves inherent risks. While the rewards if an ore body is discovered can be substantial, few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. There can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in the discovery of economically viable quantities of ore. The amounts shown for acquisition costs and deferred exploration expenditures represent costs incurred to date and do not necessarily reflect present or future values.

Environmental and Other Regulatory Requirements. The current or future operations of the Company, including development activities and commencement of production on its properties, generally require permits from various governmental authorities and such operations are and will be subject to laws and regulations governing prospecting, development, mining, production, exports, taxes, labour standards, occupational health, waste disposal, toxic substances, land use, environmental protection, safety and other matters. Companies engaged in the development and operation of mines and related facilities could experience increased costs, and delays in production and other schedules as a result of the need to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permits. There can be no assurance that approvals and permits required to commence production on its properties will be obtained on a timely basis, or at all. Additional permits and studies, which may include environmental impact studies conducted before permits can be obtained, may be necessary prior to operation of the properties in which the Company has interests and there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain or maintain all necessary permits that may be required to commence construction, development or operation of mining facilities at these properties on terms which enable operations to be conducted at economically justifiable costs. Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations, and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions there under, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions. Parties engaged in mining operations or extraction operations may be required to compensate those suffering loss or damage by reason of such activities and may have civil or criminal fines or penalties imposed for violations of applicable laws or regulations.

Amendments to current laws, regulations and permits governing operations and activities of mining companies, or more stringent implementation thereof, could have a material adverse impact on the Company and cause increases in capital expenditures or production costs or reduction in levels of production at producing properties or abandonment or delays in development of new mineral exploration properties.

History of Net Losses; Accumulated Deficit; Lack of Revenue from Operations. The Company has incurred net losses to date. The Company has not yet had any revenue from its exploration activities. Even if the Company commences development of certain properties it may acquire an interest in, the Company may continue to incur losses. There is no certainty that the Company will produce revenue, operate profitably or provide a return on investment in the future.

Uninsurable. The Company and its subsidiaries may become subject to liability for pollution, fire, explosion and other risks against which it cannot insure or against which it may elect not to insure. Such events could result in substantial damage to property and personal injury. The payment of any such liabilities may have a material, adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

Legal Proceedings. As of the date of this Report there are no legal proceedings against or by the Company.

Critical Accounting Judgments and Estimates. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and revenue and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the

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judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and further periods if the review affects both current and future periods.

Additional Information

Additional information relating to the Company can also be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.