# BIOVΔXYS

#### **BioVaxys Technology Corp. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS** For the three months ended January 31, 2025 and 2024 As of March 31, 2025

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of BioVaxys Technology Corp. ("BioVaxys" or the "Company") for the three months ended January 31, 2025 and 2024 is performed by management using information available as of March 31, 2025. Management has prepared this MD&A with reference to National Instrument 51-102 *Continuous Disclosure Obligations* of the Canadian Securities Administrators. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated interim financial statements and related notes for the three months ended January 31, 2025, and the audited consolidated financial statements for years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes thereto. These are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). All amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

This MD&A contains certain "forward-looking statements" and certain "forward-looking information" as defined under applicable Canadian securities laws that may not be based on historical facts, including, without limitation, statements containing the words "believe", "may", "plan", "will", "estimate", "continue", "anticipate", "intend", "expect", "predict", "project", "potential", "continue", "ongoing" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology, although not all forward-looking statements contain these words and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are necessarily based on estimates and assumptions made by us in light of our experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as the factors we believe are appropriate. Forward-looking statements in this MD&A include, but are not limited to, statements relating to:

- estimates of the Company's future revenues, expenses and profits;
- treatment under government regulatory and taxation regimes;
- projections of market prices and costs, and the future market for the Company's products and conditions affecting same;
- the ability to obtain and protect the Company's intellectual property and proprietary rights;
- expectations regarding the Company's ability to raise capital;
- timing and costs associated with completing research and development work relating to the Company's products;
- the Company's strategies, objectives and plans to pursue the commercialization of its products;
- the Company's ability to conduct all required clinical and non-clinical trials for its products, including the timing and result of such trials;
- the Company's estimates of the size of the potential markets for its products and the rate and degree of market acceptance of such products;
- statements and information concerning transactions;
- statements relating to the business and future activities of, and developments related to the Company after the date of this MD&A and thereafter;
- market position and future financial or operating performance of the Company; and
- liquidity of the common shares of the Company.

Many factors could cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements that may be expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements, including those not specifically identified herein, are made subject to the cautionary language above. Readers are advised to refer to the cautionary language when reading any forward-looking statements.

Such statements reflect our current views with respect to future events and are subject to risks and uncertainties and are necessarily based upon a number of estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by the Company, as of the date of such statements, are inherently subject to significant medical, scientific, business, economic, competitive, political and social uncertainties, and contingencies.

In evaluating forward-looking statements, current and prospective shareholders should specifically consider various factors, including the risks outlined below under the heading **Financial Instruments**.

## **BUSINESS OVERVIEW**

The Company was incorporated on April 25, 2018, pursuant to the provisions of the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia. The Company's shares are traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "BIOV" and on OTCQB under the symbol "BVAXF." The registered and records office is located at 25th Floor, 666 Burrard Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 2X8, The Company's head office is located at 146 Thirtieth St., Suite 100, Etobicoke, Ontario, M8W 3D4.

BioVaxys is a clinical-stage company dedicated to improving patient lives with novel immunotherapies based on its proprietary DPX<sup>™</sup> immune-educating technology platform and its HapTenix<sup>©</sup> 'neoantigen' tumor cell construct platform, for treating cancers, infectious disease, antigen desensitization, and other immune diseases. The Company has an extensive clinical development portfolio that is based on its proprietary delivery platform technologies, focusing on unmet medical needs by applying its technology in hard-to-treat cancers, infectious diseases, and other immune-modulated diseases for a faster clinical pathway to market.

On February 11, 2024, the Company acquired the entire intellectual property portfolio and all of the discovery, preclinical and clinical development stage assets in oncology, infectious disease, antigen desensitization and other immunological fields based on the patented DPX<sup>™</sup> immune educating platform technology, developed by Canadian biotechnology company, IMV Inc, Immunovaccine Technologies Inc., and IMV USA. In addition to BVX-0918, its haptenized tumor cell vaccine under development for ovarian cancer, BioVaxys' clinical stage pipeline now includes multiple vaccine candidates based on the DPX<sup>™</sup> platform including maveropepimut-S ("MVP-S") which completed Phase 2B clinical studies in Canada for advanced Relapsed-Refractory Diffuse Large B Cell Lymphoma (DLBCL) and for platinum resistant ovarian cancer, and a Phase 2B "basket" study of a combination of MVP-S +1 Keytruda<sup>™</sup> in lung cancer, bladder cancer, Iver cancer, DLBCL, and ovarian cancer subpopulations, Phase 1 vaccine programs DPX<sup>™</sup>-SurMAGE, a DPX<sup>™</sup> formulation of the tumor-associated antigens survivin and MAGE A9 as a dual targeted immunotherapy, BVX<sup>™</sup>-RSV for Respiratory Syncytial Virus, and BVX<sup>™</sup>-E7 for HPV.

DPX<sup>™</sup> is an immune educating platform designed to stimulate a specific, coordinated and persistent immune response, improving the lives of patients with solid or hematological cancers, infectious diseases, and other immune-modulated diseases. It is based on active ingredients formulated in lipid nanoparticles and, after freeze drying, suspended directly into a lipidic formulation. DPX<sup>™</sup>-based products are stored in a dry format, which provides the added benefit of an extended shelf life. The formulation is single dose and designed to be easy to re-suspend and administer. DPX<sup>™</sup>'s unique MOA allows for a sustained activation of the immune system in which the T cell flow is sustained over a longer duration than traditional vaccines on the market. DPX<sup>™</sup> also has multiple manufacturing advantages: it is fully synthetic; can accommodate hydrophilic and hydrophobic compounds; is amenable to a wide-range of applications (for example, peptides, small-molecules, RNA/DNA, VLPs, or antibodies); and provides long term stability as well as low cost of goods.

The Company is also planning to enter Phase 1 clinical development in Spain for BVX-0918, a personalized immunotherapeutic vaccine using our proprietary HapTenix<sup>™</sup> neoantigen tumor cell construct platform for treating refractive late-stage ovarian cancer.

# **RECENT HIGHLIGHTS**

- On March 4, 2025, the Company entered a loan agreement to borrow a principal amount of \$60,000 for a period
  of six months (the "Loan"). The Loan is unsecured and shall be repaid, with all accrued interest, on the maturity
  date. Interest on the unpaid principal balance of the Loan outstanding shall be payable together with all accrued
  interest at a rate of 10% per annum, and is payable monthly on the 4th day of each month during six-month term
  on the unpaid principal balance of the Loan.
- On February 28, 2025, the Company issued 4,153,130 common shares to various vendors of the Company to settle debt of \$207,657 pursuant to arm's length debt settlement agreements.
- On February 25, 2025, 2,643,333 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.30 expired without being exercised.
- On February 18, 2025, the Company closed a private placement with the issuance of 2,000,000 Units of the Company at a price of \$0.05 per Unit for total gross proceeds of \$100,000. Each Unit consists of one common share in the capital of the Company and one Warrant, whereby each Warrant is convertible into one additional Share at an exercise price of \$0.15 until February 18, 2027, being the date that is 24 months from the date of issue.
- On February 18, 2025, the Company met with the R&D team of a major global animal health company evaluating the potential integration of DPX-formulations for selected products in their portfolio; discussion of next steps ongoing.
- On February 13, 2025, the Company laid out the basic framework of a research collaboration between investigators at Dalhousie University and a third party biotechnology company to explore a combination of DPX with a therapeutic developed by this third party company. Execution of an LOI & MTA are the next steps.
- On February 10, 2025, the Company presented to BioStrategy Partners, a Philadelphia-based 501c3 nonprofit consortium of academic medical centers and research institutes, with the objective of identifying potential academic partners to conduct proof of concept research to expand the Company's vaccine portfolio. Consortium members include major research institutes such as The Wistar Institute, Thomas Jefferson University, Temple University, Duke University, Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, Penn State University, and NUS Medical School (Singapore). The Company anticipates receipt in upcoming days the formal participation agreement and submission of our program goals to PIs at each institution.
- On February 10, 2025, 1,680,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.30 expired without being exercised.
- On February 5, 2025, BioVaxys presented data on its DPX platform to the Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations (CEPI). Founded by the governments of Norway and India, the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, Wellcome Foundation and the World Economic Forum, CEPI's mission is to fund and accelerate the development of vaccines other countermeasures against epidemic & pandemic threats. CEPI says potential of DPX to reduce multiple doses to a single dose is very appealing; their Company has been encouraged to write a joint proposal with other CEPI developers who have viral antigens/candidates and combining them in DPX formulations. BioVaxys has also been asked to participate in a future discussion regarding a CEPI vaccine adjuvant library initiative.
- On January 16, 20225, the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") James Passin and President & Chief Operating Officer ("COO") Kenneth Kovan presented live to an audience of current and prospective investors at the Emerging Growth Conference.
- On January 16, 2025, the Company highlighted by news release the potential for its DPX<sup>™</sup> non-systemic immune educating platform to address the inherent limitations of lipid nanoparticles ("LNPs") for packaging and delivering mRNA and other polynucleotides. Continued development of DPX-mRNA formulations is one of the Company's objectives, with the Company pursuing collaborations with companies and academic institutions that possess pipelines of promising tumor and virus-specific polynucleotide antigens. Data from proof-of-concept

studies of DPX-mRNA formulations conducted in collaboration with leading RNA technology company Etherna and PCI Biotech demonstrate that DPX provides enhanced in vitro and in vivo stability of packaged mRNA, attracts a therapeutically unique subset of Antigen Presenting Cells (APCs) to the injection site for targeted uptake of mRNA by the immune system, and that immunization with DPX containing mRNA induces specific immune responses towards encoded antigens.

- During the week of January 13 to 16, 2025, the Company was able to pitch multiple companies attending the BIO Partnering Conference held during JPMorgan Week in San Francisco. The Company held introductory meetings with several companies interested in the DPX platform, with discussions on potential collaborations ongoing with several parties.
- On January 10, 2025, the Company closed the third tranche of its previously announced non-brokered private placement with the issuance of 10,750,000 units (the "Units") of the Company at a price of \$0.05 per Unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$537,500. Each Unit consists of one (1) common share in the capital of the Company (each, a "Share") and one (1) whole Share purchase warrant (each, a "Warrant"), whereby each Warrant is convertible into one additional Share at an exercise price of \$0.15 until January 10, 2027, being the date that is 24 months from the date of issue.
- On December 23, 2024, the Company issued 5,000,000 common shares to a consultant of the Company to settle debt of \$500,000 pursuant to an arm's-length debt settlement agreement.
- On December 18, 2024, the Company closed the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement with the issuance of 3,500,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$175,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant, whereby each warrant is convertible into one additional share at an exercise price of \$0.15 until December 18, 2026, being the date that is 24 months from the date of issuance.
- On December 17, 2024, the Company announced that in anticipation of restarting clinical studies of various DPX formulations and initiating new preclinical studies, it acquired a 48-kilogram supply of GMP-grade lipid at very favorable terms to enable production of the Company's DPX antigen packaging delivery platform. These unused lipids from the former IMV, Inc., had been previously produced in advance of anticipated IMV clinical studies and commercial ramp up.
- On December 13, 2024, the Company closed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement with the issuance of 2,200,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$110,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant, whereby each warrant is convertible into one additional share at an exercise price of \$0.15 until December 13, 2026, being the date that is 24 months from the date of issuance.
- On December 5, 2024, the Company presented a new study today at the Personalized Cancer Vaccine Summit (formerly known as the mRNA Cancer Vaccine Summit) in Boston, MA, that supports further differentiation of its DPX immune educating platform from current aqueous, emulsion, and LNP antigen delivery systems. The study demonstrates that DPX formulations with tumor-derived peptide neoantigens are highly effective vaccines to inhibit or prevent tumor growth following tumor challenges. DPX formulations were more effective than mixing with commonly used adjuvants, and DPX formulations were demonstrated to be as effective as the gold standard, bone marrow derived dendritic cels. A highly significant result of the study is DPX formulations (with a checkpoint inhibitor) without a packaged cargo peptide appear to have meaningful immune stimulating properties on their own.
- On November 15, 2024, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement with the issuance of 1,196,908 units at a price of \$0.03 per Unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$35,907. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant, whereby each warrant is convertible into one additional share at an exercise price of \$0.05 until November 15, 2026, being the date that is 24 months from the date of issuance. 555,555 common shares in this private placement were issued to a subscriber that paid \$16,667 gross proceeds on January 31, 2024.

• On November 6, 2024, the Company issued 666,667 commons shares upon the exercise of warrants. These warrants were exercised at \$0.05 per warrant for total gross proceeds of \$33,333.

# PRODUCTS AND DEVELOPMENT

# Proprietary Delivery Platforms

Although it possesses an extensive pipeline of highly promising clinical stage candidates. the value driver for the Company are its two unique proprietary technology platforms, DPX<sup>™</sup> and HapTenix©, from which derive all of its vaccine candidates.

The DPX<sup>™</sup> platform is a patented technology that provides a new and unique way to deliver active ingredients to the immune system using a novel MOA that does not release active ingredients at the site of the injection, but rather forces an active uptake of immune cells and delivery into the lymphatic nodes. The programming of immune cells happens in vivo offering a more efficient and unique approach to current techniques. Active ingredients, antigens, and adjuvants (immunological agent to boost immune response to produce more antibodies and generate a stronger immune response by activating T cells and dendritic cells) are formulated in lipid nanoparticles, freeze-dried to remove all traces of water (for longer shelf-life), and suspended in an oil formulation. The oil formulation prevents the release of active ingredients at the injection site and protects the active ingredients from degradation. The "no release" mechanism allows for an active uptake of antigens into immune cells and lymph nodes with the potential for long duration of response. The MOA directly accesses and programs immune cells to instigate an immune response across a range of diseases/disorders. DPX<sup>™</sup> formulations are not limited to cancer immunotherapies. With its unique "plug and play" cargo carrying capacity and non-circulating lipid delivery, there is potential with DPX<sup>™</sup> to develop improved mRNA vaccines, multivalent viral vaccines, vaccines for desensitizing immune response for allergies, and immune system diseases. Prior clinical studies have supported proof of concept and a superior immune response with a DPX-RSV formulation.

The HapTenix© platform is a patented technology that provides a new and unique way to stimulate a powerful immune response against tumors. The HapTenix© platform of attaching haptens to autologous tumors is antigen agnostic, making it ideal for ovarian cancer as its generally accepted that there is an incomplete understanding of its tumor antigen environment. HapTenix© is the foundation of BVX-0918, with haptenized tumor antigen vaccines, and having been extensively evaluated in US Phase 1 and Phase 2 clinical studies in over 600 subjects.

# **DPX-Based Pipeline**

The Company's clinical stage pipeline includes Maveropepimut-S ("MVP-S") which completed Phase 2B clinical studies in Canada for advanced Relapsed-Refractory Diffuse Large B Cell Lymphoma (DLBCL) and for platinum resistant ovarian cancer, and a Phase 2B "basket" study of a combination of MVP-S +1 Keytruda™ in lung cancer, bladder cancer, liver cancer, DLBCL, and ovarian cancer subpopulations. Phase 1 vaccine programs include BVX™-SurMAGE, a DPX™ formulation of the tumor-associated antigens survivin and MAGE A9 as a dual targeted immunotherapy, BVX™-RSV for Respiratory Syncytial Virus, BVX™-E7 for HPV, and BioVaxys legacy vaccine BVX-0918, a personalized immunotherapeutic vaccine using our proprietary HapTenix© 'neoantigen' tumor cell construct platform which is planned to enter Phase I in Spain for treating refractive late-stage ovarian cancer.

# MVP-S

The IMV transaction supplements BioVaxys' existing cancer vaccine portfolio with the addition of MVP-S, a DPX<sup>™</sup>-formulated cancer vaccine that delivers antigenic peptides from survivin, a cancer antigen commonly overexpressed in advanced cancers.

MVP-S also delivers an innate immune activator and a universal CD4 T cell helper peptide. These elements foster maturation of antigen presenting cells as well as robust activation of CD8 T cell effector and memory function. MVP-S was recently in Phase IIB clinical trials for advanced Relapsed-Refractory Diffuse Large B Cell Lymphoma (DLBCL) and platinum resistant ovarian cancer and is being clinically evaluated in bladder and breast cancer. In prior clinical studies, MVP-S treatment has been well tolerated and has demonstrated favorable clinical outcomes in multiple cancer indications as well as the activation of a targeted and sustained, survivin-specific anti-tumor immune response. Most recently, data were presented by IMV at the 2023 SGO Annual Meeting on Women's Cancer on a phase 1b/2 multicenter trial designed to evaluate MVP-S combined with intermittent low dose of cyclophosphamide in patients with recurrent, epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or peritoneal cancer. Findings showed clinical benefit to patients with recurrent ovarian cancer, regardless of platinum sensitivity or BRCA mutational status.

# DPX<sup>™</sup> SurMAGE

A DPX<sup>™</sup> formulation of the tumor-associated antigens survivin and MAGE A9 as a dual targeted immunotherapy. Targeting the MAGE protein family member A9 (MAGE-A9), a protein frequently expressed in human cancers (bladder, lung, kidney), the peptides are combined with immunogenic peptides from the Survivin protein, which researchers believe can be used to program T cells to destroy tumors.

A highly promising preclinical program and Phase 1 clinical study was conducted by investigators at CHU de Québec-Université Laval and La Fondation du CHU de Québec. Of particular significance is the proven ability of DPX<sup>™</sup> to package multiple and different antigens.

# DPX-RSV

A Phase 2 clinical study candidate of a DPX formulation of linear B cell 23mer epitope directed at the RSV group A Small Hydrophobic etodomain (SHe) that is designed to elicit She-specific antibodies to limit infectivity.

Completed in February 2020, Phase 1 was a First in Humans, randomized (2:2:1) observer blind, controlled, dose ranging, multi-arm parallel group clinical trial in 40 healthy individuals (aged 50-64) to assess the safety and immunogenicity of two dose levels for DPX-RSV(A). The primary endpoint was the number of participants with AE as a measure of safety and reactogenicity of the intramuscular DPX-RSV(A) up to 28 days after the first injection. In October 2016 and April 2018, topline results were announced from this trial, outlining that more than 9 months post initial vaccination, 15/16 (93%) of participants who received DPX-RSV demonstrated antigen specific immune responses. Within the 25µg dose patient cohort, 7 out of 7 (100%) of participants vaccinated maintained the antigen-specific immune responses one year after receiving booster dose. After one year, antibody levels were measured and indicated no sign of decrease.

RSV is a common respiratory virus. Most can recover from RSV, but it can be particularly serious for infants and the elderly population. Caused by a common germ that infects the lungs and airways, it is highly contagious and can be spread through droplets that contain the virus when someone coughs or sneezes. It is considered a leading cause of lower respiratory tract infections in children worldwide. The two RSV groups, A and B, comprise different genotypes. Studies have shown that RSV Group A has been associated with increased disease severity. Globally, RSV affects ~64M people each year resulting in approximately 160,000 deaths per annum. The World Health Organization (WHO) has designated RSV to be a high priority vaccine target.

# DPX-Flu

Recombinant hemagglutinin (HA) protein (~300 amino acids) and whole heat-killed flu virus. In Phase 1 clinical studies it was shown to elicit higher specific HA antibody titers than Alum-rHA, and superior protection against multiple strains of influenza.

# DPX-Neo

A Phase 1 trial evaluating UConn Health's proprietary neoepitopes (epitope the immune system has not yet encountered before) formulated on the DPX<sup>™</sup> platform for patients with ovarian cancer was unfortunately discontinued due to the Covid pandemic and IMV's bankruptcy. In pre-clinical studies, UConn found that neoepitopes formulated in DPX-based formulations demonstrated superior immunogenic activity over comparators in murine models.

## DPX-E7™

Sponsored by the Dana-Farber Cancer Institute in collaboration with Stand Up To Cancer and the Farrah Fawcett Foundation, DPX-E7was evaluated in a Phase 1b/2 clinical study (NCT02865135), in combination with low-dose cyclophosphamide in 44 patients with oropharyngeal, cervical, and anal cancers related to human papillomavirus (HPV). The primary objective was to evaluate changes in CD8+ T cells in peripheral blood and tumor tissue and to evaluate the safety inHLA-A2positive patients with incurable HPV-related cancers. DPX<sup>™</sup>-E7 targets an HPV viral protein known as E7. Study results are being prepared by the investigators.

# DPX-rPA

This is a recombinant *B. anthracis*-protective antigen (rPA) formulated in the DPX delivery platform. DPX-rPA was compared to AVA (current approved anthrax vaccine) in rabbits and non-human primates (NHPs) and demonstrated up to 100% protection against a lethal *Bacillus anthracis* spore inhalation challenge. In both species, DPX-rPA generated responses after a single immunization, whereas AVA required two immunizations. In rabbits, a single injection of DPX-rPA or two injections of AVA conferred 100% protection from anthrax challenge. In NHPs, single-dose DPX-rPA was 100% protective against challenge, whereas one animal in the two-dose AVA group and all saline administered animals succumbed to infection. DPX-rPA was minimally reactogenic in all species tested. These data indicate that DPX-rPA may offer improvement over AVA by reducing the doses needed for protective immune responses and is a promising candidate as a new-generation anthrax vaccine.

## HapTenix Platform

The Company's *HapTenix*© vaccine platform is based on the established immunological concept that modifying surface proteins, whether they are viral or tumor, with chemicals called haptens, makes them more visible to the immune system. This process of haptenization "teaches" a patient's immune system to recognize and make target proteins more "visible," thereby stimulating a T-cell mediated immune response. This is critical for fighting viral pathogens or cancer cells, as T-cells directly battle viruses or tumors by targeting and destroying infected or cancerous cells. Haptenization is based on proven science and backed by extensive clinical data. There is also substantial evidence that it can be used for many viruses and any resectable (i.e., surgically removable) solid tumors. The Company is building a pipeline of vaccine products that are based on this proprietary technology platform of haptenizing antigens to elicit a robust immune response. Current development programs target ovarian cancer, with cervical cancer colorectal cancer, as follow-on programs.

## HapTenix-Based Programs: Ovarian Cancer Vaccine Candidate (BVX-0918)

BVX-0918 is the Company's lead haptenized tumor cell vaccine for ovarian cancer. The Company's cancer vaccines are created by extracting a patient's own (e.g., autologous) cancer cells, chemically linking them with a hapten and re-injecting them into the patient to induce an immune response to proteins that are otherwise not immunogenic. Haptenization is a well-known and well-studied immunotherapeutic approach in cancer studies and has been evaluated in both regional and disseminated metastatic tumors. A first generation single-hapten vaccine developed by Dr. David Berd, Chief Medical Officer and a founder of BioVaxys, while at Thomas Jefferson University ("TJU") achieved positive immunological and clinical results in prior Phase I/II trials. The Company has enhanced the first-generation vaccine approach of using a single hapten to now utilize two haptens (bihaptenization) in a second-generation vaccine, which the Company believes will yield superior results.

Since a hapten is either hydrophilic or hydrophobic, a single hapten can only modify either hydrophilic or hydrophobic amino acids on these target proteins. By utilizing the correct pair of haptens, both hydrophilic and hydrophobic amino

acids are modified on the target protein, making the protein more foreign to the immune system. Specifically, a much greater number and variety of T-cells are activated by the addition of the second hapten so the number of T-cells potentially reactive to the unmodified protein increases.

The Company plans to combine the use of its vaccine with "checkpoint antibodies", which are a relatively new class of cancer therapy. The rationale for the combination is that checkpoint inhibitors on their own are powerful augmenters of cellular immune response. The Company believes its vaccine changes the tumor environment to make them more susceptible to checkpoint inhibitors and expects a synergistic response from the combination. The Company is optimistic for positive Phase I and Phase II clinical outcomes for BVX-0918, as Phase I and Phase II clinical studies have already been successful with the first generation single hapten approach.

On June 15, 2022, the Company announced that, as part of development of the vaccine bioproduction protocol with BioElpida for its Phase 1 study, the Hospices Civils de Lyon, France ("HCL") had surgically excised the first ovarian cancer tumors from cancer patients to be used by the Company for process development and manufacturing "dry runs" of BVX-0918, a major step leading to the completion of the production process for the Company's ovarian cancer vaccine.

On February 9, 2021, the Company and ProCare, a leading privately held European pharmaceutical company, entered into a broad collaboration. Under the terms of the agreement, the companies will jointly conduct a Phase I Clinical Study of BVX-0918 in Spain for late-stage ovarian cancer. The Company will be responsible for the core technology and vaccine production, with ProCare overseeing and making a US\$900,000 in-kind investment in the clinical program and regulatory planning, Contract Research Organizations ("CRO") management, patient/clinical center recruitment, marketing and opinion leader management. The companies have agreed to equally share costs associated with engaging a European CRO to conduct the study. In exchange for this consideration, ProCare will have exclusive rights to market and distribute BVX-0918 in the EU and the United Kingdom. Clinical data from the Spanish Phase I study will be used by BioVaxys to support its planned Investigational New Drug ("IND") for BVX-0918 in the US, as well as for all other global markets.

The co-development gives the Company access to ProCare's clinical development and regulatory expertise in the EU, and to its marketing and sales presence in Europe. ProCare has an established portfolio of marketed brands that is focused heavily on the women's health and gynecological oncology markets. The relationship with ProCare will give the Company access to key gynecological oncology opinion leaders for patient access, clinical trial recruitment and a relationship that post-approval will drive vaccine sales. Having a strong EU opinion leader network will also be invaluable for the planned US launch of BVX-0918.

On December 21, 2023, the Company mutually entered into a termination and settlement agreement ("Termination Agreement") with ProCare. The Company and ProCare agreed on the termination of the Agreement and have agreed that the amount received by ProCare as down payment, amounting to EUR 300,000 (CAD \$457,214), will not be reimbursed to the Company. As management was planning the termination of this agreement prior to October 31, 2023, the prepaid balance has been fully impaired at October 31, 2023. As the termination agreement was not legally binding until the parties signed the agreement on December 21, 2023, accounts payable included a balance of EUR 700,000 (CAD \$987,886) owing to ProCare as at October 31, 2023.

During the year ended October 31, 2024, the Company recorded a gain from derecognition of accounts payable \$987,886.

On February 18, 2021, the Company signed an agreement with BioElpida, for the build-out for the GMP clinical-grade manufacturing process and aseptic packaging for BXV-0918. BioElpida is a biotechnology Contract Development and Manufacturing Research Organization ("CDMO") that applies single-use bioprocessing for development and manufacturing of biological and cell-based products. BioElpida's expertise extends from research and development to pharmaceutical manufacturing and release of clinical batches, and intermediate steps, such as process development, feasibility studies, analytical method validation, as well as aseptic fill and finish and other bioproduction services. BioElpida's facility is certified for clinical bioproduction by France's National Security Agency of Medicines and Health Products.

On June 8, 2022, the Company announced that BioElpida completed the creation of multiple OVCAR-3 cell banks as the next step in the GMP manufacturing process development for BVX-0918. The OVCAR-3 cell line is mandatory for creating the identity assays that will have to be performed on every batch of ovarian cancer vaccine. This assay is required by regulatory bodies in the EU and United States. The cell line is derived from a human ovarian adenocarcinoma, established from a patient refractory to cisplatin, a chemotherapeutic agent used in late-stage ovarian cancer. Patients whose tumors are innately cisplatin-resistant at the time of initial treatment generally have poor prognosis, which is the patient population target for BVX-0918.

# T-Cell Antigen Discovery Program

In addition to the Company's haptenized cell vaccines for ovarian cancer and other tumor types, the Company is exploring ways to leverage its technology platform in the field of Adoptive Immunotherapy, which is also of significant interest in the immune-oncology market. Adoptive Immunotherapy is where T-cells are collected from a patient and grown in the laboratory. This increases the number of T-cells that are able to kill cancer cells.

The Company's ovarian cancer clinical studies and manufacturing protocol will provide the Company with the unique ability to collect T-cells from patients, both pre- and post-vaccine administration. The Company's objective is to use T-cells made responsive to its vaccines to identify new antigens that can be synthesized and explored, as they may prove useful as diagnostic agents or as new, chemically defined, patient-specific vaccines. These novel antigens may be distinct for each patient or present across all tumor cells. The Company intends to explore partnerships identify novel cancer antigens eliciting a T-cell response, which will develop extensive new intellectual property for the Company. The Company is including blood draws in its ovarian cancer EU Phase I clinical protocol to begin obtaining pre-post vaccination leukocytes.

# **INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

# Intellectual Property

The Company regards its intellectual property rights as the foundation blocks upon which it continues to build a successful biotechnology company. The Company protects its intellectual property rights through a robust combination of patent, copyright, trademark and trade secrets, as well as with confidentiality and invention assignment agreements.

The Company seeks intellectual property protection in various jurisdictions around the world and owns patents and patent applications relating to products and technologies in the United States, Canada, Europe and other jurisdictions through the PCT and selected National Phase patent applications.

# Acquisition of HIMV

On February 11, 2024, the Company signed a definitive asset purchase agreement (the "Asset Purchase Agreement") for the acquisition of a technology portfolio from HIMV LLC ("HIMV"). This acquisition did not constitute a business combination as the Company did not acquire any processes and therefore the Company has accounted for the transaction as an acquisition of assets and intangible assets were recognized under IAS 38's recognition principles. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company has agreed to the following consideration:

- USD\$750,000 plus the Reimbursable Maintenance Costs ("Cash Consideration"), payable immediately. This was paid on February 20, 2024.
- Shares of the Company's common stock with a deemed value of USD\$250,000, calculated at a price per share equal to the volume-weighted average price of the common shares during the 20-trading day period immediately prior to closing. On February 16, 2024, the Company issued 5,034,701 common shares of the Company with a fair value of \$230,340 adjusted for discount for lack of marketability.
- Milestone Earn-Out Payments totaling \$1,775,000 based on the completion of specific clinical studies and the receipt of market approval in certain jurisdictions.
- o Sale Earn-Out Payments, equal to 6% gross sales royalty on product sales.
- Licencing Earn-Out Payments, equal to 15% share in licence revenues.

Milestone Earn-Out, Sale Earn-Out and Licencing Earn-Out Payments (the "Earn-Out Payments") are contingent consideration Management's policy, which is consistent with the principles of IAS 37, is to recognize the contingent consideration payable when the conditions associated with the contingency are met.

As of the acquisition date and January 31, 2025, none of the conditions associated with the Earn-Out Payments have been met and accordingly no value has been attributed to them.

Under the Asset Purchase Agreement, if the Company fails to raise \$10,000,000 by December 31, 2024, HIMV shall have the right, (but not the obligation) to repurchase the IMV Assets (the "Call Option") for an amount equal to 50% of the cumulative, reasonable, and out-of-pocket expenditures actually made by the Company on patent filings to maintain the IMV Patent Rights (the "Call Option Strike Price"). At acquisition date, the Company's management determined that the Call Option did not prevent control transfer as the Call Option was unlikely to be exercised, and the Company assumed all the risks and rewards. The transaction was therefore accounted for as an asset rather than financing arrangement at acquisition date. The Asset Purchase Agreement was amended on December 9, 2024, to extend the Call Option deadline from December 31, 2024 to June 30, 2025.

The intellectual property was acquired in a single transaction consisting of trademarks, license agreement and inprocess research and development ("IPR&D"). IPR&D includes patents and advanced clinical trial data. The full purchase price was assigned to IPR&D, DPX<sup>™</sup> immune educating platform technology.

As of October 31, 2024, the Company performed its annual impairment testing on the DPX Platform. The Company determined the recoverable amount based on the fair value less costs of disposal approach using the following assumptions.

- There is doubt regarding the Company's ability to raise the financing required under the Call Option by June 30, 2025.
- As the Call Option Strike Price is estimated to be significantly lower than the consideration paid to acquire the asset, and given the uncertainty around the ability to raise the required financing, the Call Option is deemed to be substantive as of October 31, 2024.
- The Call Option Strike Price would be a minimum, further impacting the recoverable amount.

Accordingly, the DPX platform was determined to be fully impaired and an impairment loss of \$1,286,704 has been recognized as of October 31, 2024.

Based on not being able to meet certain criteria of IFRS, the Company was forced to take make an accounting entry to impair the assets to a nominal amount, resulting in an impairment loss of \$1,286,704 being recorded for the year ended October 31, 2024. There has been no changes that could indicate reversal of impairment as of January 31, 2025. The Company will continue to analyze and assess the valuation of these assets on a quarterly basis and if the criteria changes in the future, the Company will be able to reverse this write down and record these assets at their net realizable value.

# Acquisition of TAETCo

On March 15, 2023, the Company completed the acquisition of TAET Software Corp ("TAETCo"). TAETCo was a privately-owned company incorporated on February 2, 2023, and was a Vancouver-based clinical studies management company engaged in the development and commercialization of a proprietary software application which will enable clinical study subjects to record and submit clinical trial reports to study sponsors in real time.

In exchange for all of the issued and outstanding shares of TAETCo, the Company issued 24,500,000 common shares (the "Consideration Shares") to the TAETCo shareholders. Key shareholders of TAETCo (the "Vendors") were retained for three months following the closing of the acquisition (the "Transition Period") to assist with the development of the software. The Company would issue an additional 2,500,000 common shares (the "Bonus Shares") if a successful testing of the beta version of the application was delivered during the Transition Period.

This acquisition did not constitute a business combination as TAETCo did not qualify as a business under IFRS 3 -Business Combinations due to a lack of substantive processes. Management assessed that the acquisition did not meet the criteria required to recognize an intangible asset under IAS 38 – Intangible Assets, as a result, the value associated with the transaction has been recognised as an expense as per IFRS 2.8. Therefore, the Company

accounted for the transaction under IFRS 2 – Share-based Payment.

The fair value of the Consideration Shares was determined to be \$3,062,500 based on the Company's share price for a private placement that closed in March 2023. The Company assessed that it is unlikely that the Vendors would be able to provide a fully functioning beta version of the software during the Transition Period and therefore no value was assessed on the Bonus Shares.

In management's view, the acquisition increased market awareness of the Company and therefore the fair value of the shares issued was recorded as investor relations expense.

# **Disposal of TAETCo**

On June 7, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement to sell 100% of the common shares of TAETCo to XGC Software Inc ("XGC"), using 1402588 BC Ltd as a vehicle for the transaction (together, the "Parties"). The Company agreed to sell TAETCo in exchange for consideration of 500,000 shares in 1402588 BC Ltd, which would then be exchanged into shares in XGC on a 1:1 basis, such that the Company would become a shareholder of XGC. The Parties also agreed that the Company would receive the following payments from XGC upon achievement of the milestones described below (the "Milestone Payments"):

- 500,000 shares of XGC, issuable within 30 days of the first commercial licence sale of the software
- 500,000 shares of XGC, issuable within 30 days of the first achievement of cumulative revenue of USD\$1,000,000 in any one fiscal year
- USD\$500,000 cash payment, payable within 30 days of the filing of any financial statement that shows the first achievement of cumulative revenue of USD\$5,000,000 in any one fiscal year
- USD\$500,000 cash payment, payable within 30 days of the filing of any financial statement that shows the first achievement of cumulative revenue of USD\$10,000,000 in any one fiscal year
- USD\$1,000,000 cash payment, payable within 30 days of the filing of any financial statement that shows the first achievement of cumulative revenue of USD\$5,000,000 in any one fiscal quarter
- USD\$2,000,000 cash payment, payable within 30 days of the filing of any financial statement that shows the first achievement of cumulative revenue of USD\$10,000,000 in any one fiscal quarter

On June 8, 2023, the Company received 500,000 shares in 1402588 BC Ltd as consideration for the sale. These were subsequently exchanged for shares in XGC on a 1:1 basis on December 11, 2023. These shares were deemed to have a fair value of \$Nil.

The Milestone Payments have been accounted for as a contingent asset in accordance with IAS 37 and therefore will only be recorded on the statement of financial position when the realization of cash flows associated with it becomes relatively certain. As at January 31, 2025, no value has been attributed to the Milestone Payments.

At the time of this MD&A, the Company had the following patents related to it haptenized vaccine program:

- Issued US patent #7,297,330 Low dose haptenized tumor cell and tumor cell extract immunotherapy (expiration 2024)
- Issued US patent #8,435,784 Cryopreservation of Haptenized Tumor Cells (licensed from Thomas Jefferson University with expiration of the patent in 2026)
- International Application # PCT/US22/26461 BIHAPTENIZED AUTOLOGOUS VACCINES AND USES THEREOF with claims for cervical cancer. Currently in National Phase in US, Canada, EU, Australia.

Through the IMV transaction, BioVaxys has acquired 25 distinct families of patents and/or patent applications, with over 120 national phase filings related to DPX<sup>™</sup> and its use across a range of immune system-related diseases including but not limited to:

 Maveropepimut-S (plus combinations with Keytruda), DPX-SurMAGE (dual antigen packaging/delivery) that is co-owned with Laval University in Quebec, DPX/RSV, DPX™-rHA/DPX-FLU influenza vaccine, Low dose volume B cell epitopes packaging/delivery, Methods for making dried compositions, lipid adjuvants, lymph node targeting.

Following the acquisition of the [former] IMV Inc. assets and a recent strategic decision to suspend its Covid diagnostic and SARS-CoV-2 vaccine programs due to limited market interest, BioVaxys has elected to cease further prosecution of the following patent applications:

- US Patent Application #62/992,722 Haptenized Coronavirus Spike Protein Vaccine
- US Provisional Application #63/253,149 Methods of Immunization Against Coronavirus.
- US Patent Application #63106482- METHOD AND KIT FOR DETECTION OF CELL MEDIATED IMMUNE RESPONSE

## Trademarks

• BioVaxys has trademarks on SpayVac<sup>™</sup> (USA), DPX<sup>™</sup> (worldwide), CoviDTH<sup>™</sup> (registered in the European Union, the United Kingdom, Korea and Taiwan).

On June 7, 2024, BioVaxys agreed to sell, transfer, assign, and convey certain assets, including, without limitation, all of it's rights, title, and interests in and to the SPAYVAC® trademark, issued in the United States on September 21, 2004, Reg #2886949, with a renewal date of September 21, 2024 to it's licensee, SpayVac-for-Wildlife, Inc. Management felt the trademark had no commercial value for BioVaxys.

## Licenses

**Thomas Jefferson University ("TJU")**: BioVaxys entered into an exclusive license agreement dated April 25, 2018 with TJU for four older US patents related to a haptenized cancer vaccine using a single hapten (the "TJU License").

The licensed patents are:

- Issued US patent #7,297,330 Low dose haptenized tumor cell and tumor cell extract immunotherapy (expiration 2024); and
- Issued US patent #8,435,784 Cryopreservation of haptenized tumor cells (expiration 2026).

The TJU License is an exclusive, royalty-bearing license for the rights to the single hapten cancer vaccine technology, and provides for the following payments to TJU upon the occurrence of certain milestones:

- US\$25,000 following enrollment of the first patient in a Phase 3 clinical trial (or foreign equivalent if outside US) for a product utilizing single-hapten cancer vaccine technology;
- US\$25,000 following FDA allowance for a product utilizing single-hapten cancer vaccine technology; and
- US\$100,000 once BioVaxys has reached \$5,000,000 in net sales of a product utilizing single-hapten cancer vaccine technology.

The TJU License includes a royalty payment of 2% on net sales of products based on the TJU License by BioVaxys while covered by an unexpired patent. In addition to the milestone payments and royalty set out above, TJU was issued a warrant to purchase 4% of the outstanding shares of BioVaxys on a fully diluted basis for an exercise price of US\$10 pursuant to a share exchange agreement dated July 7, 2020, between TJU and the Company. TJU exercised this warrant. As a result, TJU received 1,160,000 common shares. Further, the Company bears the expense of maintaining and defending the patents that are subject to the TJU License.

**SpayVac for Wildlife, Inc.:** Biovaxys has a royalty-bearing License and Supply Agreement with Wisconsin-based SpayVac for Wildlife Inc., on sales of animal vaccine products using pre-DPX aqueous delivery technology to develop SpayVac<sup>™</sup>, a pZP vaccine that has been proven to provide long-term immune-contraception with a single injection. Target animals are feral horses and deer, with significant potential to expand use of the vaccine for the population

control of animals such as feral cats, stray/feral dog, feral cattle, kangaroos, wild hogs, antelope, wild burros, and feral camels. SpayVac Inc. has been working with the US EPA (the regulatory body responsible for product approval) on its product data package for a single-dose immuno-contraceptive to control deer and feral horse populations.

SpayVac is collaborating with Hendrix Genetics BV of The Netherlands to field test SpayVac's single-injection, longlasting 13mmune-contraceptive vaccine in farmed aquaculture that is likewise based on our lipid-based antigen delivery platform technology. Hendrix Genetics is the world's leading multi-species animal breeding company specializing in animal genetics and technologies for commercial poultry, swine, and aquaculture. Large-scale contraception or sterilization plays a major role in the commercial aquaculture industry. As female farmed fish mature, they put the majority of their energy into egg production instead of muscle growth, resulting in lower protein content, if not managed. Further, farmed fish can often be genetically distinct from those of the same species in the wild, and there is a significant risk of genetic contamination to these wild populations if they escape from aquaculture farms. Growing reproductively sterile fish is the most effective way to genetically contain farmed fish and represents a significant commercial opportunity for our licensee.

**Zoetis Inc.** BioVaxys has a milestone payments and royalty bearing license agreement with Pfizer animal health spin-out Zoetis Inc, the world's largest producer of medicine and vaccinations for pets and livestock, for their development and sale of various animal health products that utilize our lipid-based antigen delivery platform technology for immuno-contraceptive products for certain feral animal populations, as well as for Bovine Viral Diarrhea (BVD), a disease of cattle caused by the Bovine Viral Diarrhea Virus (BVDV). The virus is widespread, and most herds are at risk for infection. In the susceptible herd, BVD can be a serious, costly disease.

**Merck KGaA:** BioVaxys has a license from Merck KGaA for survivin proteins used in MVP-S and DPX-Sur/MAGE. Survivins are highly expressed in most cancers and are associated with a poor clinical outcome, with the differential expression of survivin in cancer cells compared to normal tissues and its role as a nodal protein in a number of cellular pathways make it a significant target for cancer therapeutics.

# **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA**

## Three Months Ended January 31, 2025 Compared to the Three Months Ended January 31, 2024

During the three months ended January 31, 2025, the Company earned a comprehensive loss of \$1,093,918, compared to a comprehensive income of \$529,980 during the three months ended January 31, 2024. The following are the significant changes:

- Advertising and promotion expenses of \$77,900 were recognized during the three months ended January 31, 2025 (2024 \$8,219). This increase was due to additional promotional activity during the current period.
- General and administrative expenses were \$36,368 for the three months ended January 31, 2025 (2024 \$19,750). This increase was due to increased insurance expense and corporate secretarial services during the period.
- Investor relations was \$53,906 for three months ended January 31, 2025 (2024 \$8,682). The increase was mainly due to the receipt of public relations services received pursuant to an agreement entered into during the prior year. Current focus of management is awareness hence more spending on promotional activities as noted above.
- Management and consulting fees increased to \$871,589 for the three months ended January 31, 2025 (2024 \$181,623). The increase was mainly due to the Company's increased reliance on consultants in the current period to navigate the regulatory environment associated with the development of vaccines and diagnostic tests, bonuses paid out to officers as well as additional consultants taken on to support the recently acquired intellectual property.
- Professional fees were \$47,381 for the three months ended January 31, 2025 (2024 \$109,395). The decrease was mainly due to the higher legal fees related to intellectual property acquisition due diligence and patent lawyers retained for patent applications and maintenance in the prior period.

- Research and development expense of \$32,950 was recognized during the three months ended January 31, 2025 (2024 - \$nil). The increased expense relates to the DPX<sup>™</sup> SurMAGE formulation project. No such expenses were incurred in the prior period.
- Share based payments increased to \$71,188 for the three months ended January 31, 2025 (2024 \$22,455). These expenses relate to stock options granted to directors, officers, employees, or consultants of the Company on August 6, 2024. The increase in share-based payment expense compared to the prior period reflects the vesting of these options over their respective service periods and the fair value assigned at the grant date.

# SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following table summarizes selected financial information from the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the most recent eight quarters:

Quarter Ended	Total Revenue (\$)	Comprehensive Profit (Loss) (\$)	Net Profit (Loss) (\$)	Basic and Diluted Profit (Loss) per Share (\$)
January 31, 2025	-	(1,093,918)	(1,070,198)	(0.00)
October 31, 2024	-	(2,742,976)	(2,743,983)	(0.01)
July 31, 2024	-	(1,189,704)	(1,186,461)	(0.01)
April 30, 2024	-	(551,062)	(542,386)	(0.00)
January 31, 2024	-	529,980	518,049	0.00
October 31, 2023	-	(3,665,942)	(3,666,646)	(0.03)
July 31, 2023	-	(1,585,402)	(1,57,448)	(0.01)
April 30, 2023	-	(1,482,639)	(1,489,178)	(0.01)

During the three months ended January 31, 2025, the comprehensive loss decreased by \$1,649,058 as compared to the three months ended October 31, 2024. This decrease was mainly due to the impairment of intangible assets of \$1,286,704 in the prior period and the decreased share-based payments and legal fees compared with the prior period.

During the three months ended October 31, 2024, the comprehensive loss increased by \$2,027,414 as compared to the three months ended July 31, 2024. The increase was mainly due to an increase of \$1,018,537 in management and consulting fees during the current period, as well as an impairment loss of \$1,227,165 on intangible assets. The increase in net loss is also attributable to the share-based payments of \$249,779 in the current period compared to \$9,011 during the comparative period.

During the three months ended July 31, 2024, the comprehensive loss increased by \$638,642 as compared to the three months ended April 30, 2024. This increase was mainly due to the loss on settlement of debt of \$293,440 during the current period, as compared to \$nil in the comparative period. The increase in net loss is also attributable to advertising and promotion expense of \$332,565 during the current period compared to \$45,320 during the comparative period.

During the three months ended April 30, 2024, the comprehensive loss increased by \$1,081,042 as compared to the three months ended January 31, 2024. This increase was mainly due to the gain on settlement of debt of \$880,386 during the three months ended January 31, 2024, as compared to \$nil in the current period.

During the three months ended January 31, 2024, the comprehensive loss decreased by \$2,946,442 as compared to the three months ended October 31, 2023. This decrease was mainly due to a gain on write-off of accounts payable of \$987,886 during the three months ended January 31, 2023, compared to \$nil in the three months ended October 31, 2023.

During the three months ended October 31, 2023, the comprehensive loss increased by \$2,080,540 as compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023. This increase is primarily due to increased investor relations expense and

research and development expense, the impairment of a prepaid deposit, and an interest expense incurred on outstanding accounts payable balance during the three months ended October 31, 2023.

During the three months ended July 31, 2023, the comprehensive loss increased by \$102,763 as compared to the three months ended April 30, 2023. This increase was mainly due to the impairment of intangible asset of \$1,010,668 in the current period, as compared to \$947,464 in the three months ended April 30, 2023, as well as other income of \$171,195 in the prior period, which relates to the forgiveness of a debt owing to a vendor during the prior period. There was no such other income in the current quarter.

# **OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA**

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company had the following:

- 291,525,203 common shares issued and outstanding (October 31, 2024 262,058,498)
- 20,080,000 stock options issued and outstanding (October 31, 2024 20,080,000)
- 114,061,051 common share purchase warrants outstanding (October 31, 2024 99,404,143)
- 212,000 brokers' warrants outstanding (October 31, 2024 212,000)

During the three months ended January 31, 2025, the following share capital transactions occurred:

On November 6, 2024, the Company issued 666,667 common shares upon the exercise of warrants. These warrants were exercised at \$0.05 per warrant for total gross proceeds of \$33,333.

On November 15, 2024, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement with the issuance of 1,196,908 units at a price of \$0.03 per Unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$35,907. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant, whereby each warrant is convertible into one additional share at an exercise price of \$0.05 for a period of two years from the closing date. The Company has applied the residual method in valuing the shares and the share purchase warrants included in the units, therefore, these warrants have been recorded at \$nil value. 555,555 common shares in this private placement were issued to a subscriber that paid \$16,667 gross proceeds on January 31, 2024.

On December 13, 2024, the Company closed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement with the issuance of 2,200,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$110,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one whole common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at a price of \$0.15 for a period of two years from the closing date. The Company has applied the residual method in valuing the shares and the share purchase warrants included in the units, therefore, these warrants have been recorded at \$nil value. As at January 31, 2025, the Company has not yet received \$10,000 in relation to the issuance of 200,000 units from this private placement. This receivable balance is included as a current asset in the statement of financial position.

On December 18, 2024, the Company closed the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement with the issuance of 3,500,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$175,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one whole common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at a price of \$0.15 for a period of two years from the closing date. The Company has applied the residual method in valuing the shares and the share purchase warrants included in the units, therefore, these warrants have been recorded at \$nil value.

On December 23, 2024, the Company issued 5,000,000 common shares for total of \$325,000 to a consultant of the Company to settle debt of \$500,000 pursuant to an arm's-length debt settlement agreement, resulting in a gain of \$175,000 on the settlement.

On January 10, 2025, the Company closed the third tranche of its previously announced non-brokered private placement with the issuance of 10,750,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$537,500. Each unit consists of one common share and one whole common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at a price of \$0.15 for a period of two years from the closing date. The Company

has applied the residual method in valuing the shares and the share purchase warrants included in the units, therefore, these warrants have been recorded at \$nil value.

Subsequent to January 31, 2025, the following share capital transactions occurred:

On February 10, 2025, 1,680,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.30 expired without being exercised.

On February 18, 2025, the Company closed a private placement with the issuance of 2,000,000 Units of the Company at a price of \$0.05 per Unit for total gross proceeds of \$100,000. Each Unit consists of one common share in the capital of the Company and one Warrant, whereby each Warrant is convertible into one additional Share at an exercise price of \$0.15 until February 18, 2027, being the date that is 24 months from the date of issue.

On February 25, 2025, 2,643,333 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.30 expired without being exercised.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At January 31, 2025, the Company had cash of \$157,415 (October 31, 2024 - \$211,806) and a working capital deficiency of \$1,742,778 (October 31, 2024 – \$1,920,122). The decrease in working capital deficiency is mainly due to an increase in cash and prepaid expenses, as well as a decrease in accounts payable during the period.

Net cash used in operating activities for the three months ended January 31, 2025, was \$892,645 (2024 - \$2,382) primarily due to the large net loss incurred by the Company during the three months ended January 31, 2025. These losses were caused by significant management and consulting fees, share based payment, research & development and advertising and promotion expenses incurred during the period. The Company continues to have negative cash flows from operating activities as the Company does not generate revenues to cover its operating expenses.

Net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended January 31, 2025, was \$Nil (2024 - \$Nil).

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$847,073 for the three months ended January 31, 2025 (2024 - \$962,668). The cash inflow was from proceeds received of \$813,740 from shares issued in private placements, net of share issuance costs, during the period. The Company also received proceeds of \$33,333 through the exercise of warrants. This cash inflow in the comparative period was from proceeds received through the issuance of shares in the private placements.

As at January 31, 2025, he Company does not have any commitments to make capital expenditures in future fiscal periods.

Whether and when the Company can obtain profitability and positive cash flows from operations is uncertain. The Company intends to finance its future requirements through a combination of debt and/or equity issuance. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain such financings or obtain them on favourable terms. These uncertainties cast doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company's ability to continue its operations is dependent on its success in raising equity through share issuances, suitable debt financing and/or other financing arrangements. While the Company's management has been successful in raising equity in the past, there can be no guarantee that it will be able to raise sufficient funds to fund its activities and general and administrative costs if required in the future.

### BioVaxys Technology Corp. Management's Discussion & Analysis For the three months ended January 31, 2025 and 2024 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE FOR ISSUERS WITHOUT SIGNIFICANT REVENUE

During the three months ended January 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company incurred the following research and development expenses pursuant to the development of its technology platform:

For the three months period ended	January 31, 2025		January 31, 2024	
Consulting				
GMP manufacturing process development	\$	-	\$	45,776
Sarbecovirus vaccine evaluation		-		21,358
Ovarian cancer vaccine research		-		52,642
DPX™ SurMAGE formulation		32,950		-
	\$	32,950	\$	119,775

The Company plans to finance its research and development activities through raising equity or debt capital financing. Through continued development of its product offering, the Company expects to earn revenues. These revenues will be used to eventually fund operating expenses.

# **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Key management consists of the officers and directors who are responsible for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company. The following expenses were incurred by the Company's key management:

For the three months period ended	January 31, 2025		January 31, 2024	
Management, consulting and director fees	\$	646,125	\$	143,523
Share issuance costs		-		5,000
Share-based payments		38,306		11,762
	\$	684,431	\$	160,285

- (i) During the three months ended January 31, 2025, the Company recognized \$272,500 (2024 \$31,500) in management and directors' fees and \$14,365 (2024 - \$2,302) in share-based payments for services provided by James Passin, the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company. As of January 31, 2025, due to related parties balance included \$105,106 (October 31, 2024 - \$81,050) owing to the CEO.
- (ii) During the three months ended January 31, 2025, the Company recognized \$267,500 (2024 \$60,498) in management fees and \$14,365 (2024 \$2,302) in share-based payments for services provided by Kenneth Kovan, the Chief Operating Officer ("COO") and President of the Company. As of January 31, 2025, due to related parties balance included \$652,761 (October 31, 2024 \$395,317) owing to the COO.
- (iii) During the three months ended January 31, 2025, the Company expensed \$62,500 (2024 \$30,000) in management fees and \$1,596 (2024 \$2,302) in share-based payments for services provided by Dr. David Berd, the Chief Medical Officer ("CMO") of the Company. As of January 31, 2025, due to related parties balance included \$332,500 (October 31, 2024 \$160,000) owing to the CMO.
- (iv) During the three months ended January 31, 2025, the Company expensed \$5,000 (2024 \$1,500) in management fees, \$1,596 (2024 - \$1,793) in share-based payments for services provided by Craig Loverock, the former Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") of the Company, and \$nil in share issuance costs (2024 - \$5,000) for services provided by a company controlled by this individual. As of January 31, 2025, due to related parties balance included \$16,333 (October 31, 2024 - \$11,333) owing to Craig Loverock. Craig Loverock is now a current director of the Company.
- (v) During the three months ended January 31, 2025, the Company expensed \$5,000 (2024 \$1,400) in directors' fees, \$1,596 (2024 \$3,063) in share-based payments for services provided by Anthony Dutton, a director

of the Company, and \$18,625 (2024 - \$18,625) in consulting fees for services provided by Delu International Ltd., a company controlled by Anthony Dutton. As of January 31, 2025, due to related parties balance included \$160,170 (October 31, 2024 - \$136,545) owing to Anthony Dutton and Delu International Ltd.

(vi) During the three months ended January 31, 2025, the Company expensed \$15,000 (2024 - \$nil) in management fees and \$4,788 (2024 - \$nil) in share-based payments for services provided by Cherry Consulting Ltd., a company controlled by Chris Cherry, the CFO of the Company, who was appointed as CFO on May 1, 2024. As of January 31, 2025, due to related parties balance included \$10,250 (October 31, 2024 - \$4,750) owing to Cherry Consulting Ltd.

As at January 31, 2025, the Company was indebted to the related parties for a total of \$1,277,121 (October 31, 2024 - \$898,996) for management and consulting fees, professional fees, share issuance costs and reimbursable expenses. The amounts are non-interest-bearing and have no terms of repayment.

# SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. The significant accounting estimates and judgments are set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

# SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Significant accounting policies, including any new IFRS pronouncements that are not yet effective, are set out in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended October 31, 2024.

# FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the normal course of business, the Company is inherently exposed to certain financial risks, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk, through the use of financial instruments. The timeframe and manner in which the Company manages these risks varies based upon management's assessment of the risk and available alternatives for mitigating risk. All transactions undertaken are to support the Company's operations. These financial risks and the Company's exposure to these risks are provided in various tables in Note 12 of the consolidated financial statements.

# CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Company consists of items included in shareholder's equity. The Company's objectives for capital management are to safeguard its ability to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis.

The Company manages its capital structure and adjusts considering changes in its economic environment and the risk characteristics of the Company's assets. To effectively manage the entity's capital requirements, the Company has in place a planning, budgeting and forecasting process to help determine the funds required to ensure the Company has the appropriate liquidity to meet its operating and growth objectives. As at January 31, 2025, the Company expects its capital resources, along with planned additional financing, will support its normal operating requirements for the next twelve months. There are no externally imposed capital requirements to which the Company has not complied. There have been no changes to the Company's objectives in terms of capital management during the year ended January 31, 2025.

# **OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements at January 31, 2025.

# PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

There are no proposed transactions.

# SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On February 10, 2025, 1,680,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.30 expired without being exercised.

On February 18, 2025, the Company closed a private placement with the issuance of 2,000,000 Units of the Company at a price of \$0.05 per Unit for total gross proceeds of \$100,000. Each Unit consists of one common share in the capital of the Company and one Warrant, whereby each Warrant is convertible into one additional Share at an exercise price of \$0.15 until February 18, 2027, being the date that is 24 months from the date of issue.

On February 25, 2025, 2,643,333 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.30 expired without being exercised.

On February 28, 2025, the Company issued 4,153,130 common shares to various vendors of the Company to settle debt of \$207,657 pursuant to arm's length debt settlement agreements.

On March 4, 2025, the Company entered a loan agreement to borrow a principal amount of \$60,000 for a period of six months (the "Loan"). The Loan is unsecured and shall be repaid, with all accrued interest, on the maturity date. Interest on the unpaid principal balance of the Loan outstanding, shall be payable together with all accrued interest at a rate of 10% per annum, and is payable monthly on the 4th day of each month during six-month term on the unpaid principal balance of the Loan.

# MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management of the Company, under the supervision of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, is responsible for the design and operations of internal controls over financial reporting. There have been no changes in the Company's disclosure controls and procedures during the three months ended January 31, 2025.

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal controls over financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Any system of internal control over financial reporting, no matter how well designed, has inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended January 31, 2025, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal controls over financial reporting.

# Limitations of Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, believe that any disclosure controls and procedures or internal controls over financial reporting, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, they cannot provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been prevented or detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by unauthorized override of the control. The design of any systems of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Accordingly, because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

The Company's Board of Directors has approved the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended January 31, 2025. The Company's Board of Directors has also approved the disclosures contained in this MD&A. A copy of this MD&A will be provided to anyone who requests it and is available on <u>www.sedarplus.ca</u>.