Condensed Interim Financial Statements

Nine months ended February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

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NOTICE TO READER

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors of the Company.

The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

April 14, 2016

Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position (Expressed in Canadian Dollars - Unaudited)

	Note	February 29, 2016		May 31, 2015	
		(u	naudited)		(audited)
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash		\$	3,727	\$	1,407
Receivables	3		6,264		76,849
Prepaids			418		418
			10,409		78,674
Equipment	4		346		693
		\$	10,755	\$	79,367
Current liabilities Trade payables and accrued liabilities	abilities payables and accrued liabilities 5 \$ 103,85.	103,853	\$	143,289	
Due to related parties	7		89,450 193,303		61,100 204,389
Shareholders' Deficiency					
Share capital	6		8,349,105		8,349,105
Reserves	6		204,669		204,669
Deficit		(8,736,322)	((8,678,796)
			(182,548)		(125,022)
		\$	10,755	\$	79,367

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)

Statements of Changes in Deficiency (Expressed in Canadian Dollars - Unaudited)

	Share Capital									
	Number of Shares		Amount	Reserves Deficit				Total Deficiency		
Balance, May 31, 2014	20,026,663	\$	8,349,105	\$	204,669	\$	(8,638,421)	\$	(84,647)	
Net loss for the period	_						(73,911)		(73,911)	
Balance, February 28, 2015	20,026,663		8,349,105		204,669		(8,712,332)		(158,558)	
Net income for the period	_		_		_		33,536		33,536	
Balance, May 31, 2015	20,026,663		8,349,105		204,669		(8,678,796)		(125,022)	
Net loss for the period	_		_		_		(57,526)		(57,526)	
Balance, February 29, 2016	20,026,663	\$	8,349,105	\$	204,669	\$	(8,736,322)	\$	(182,548)	

Condensed Interim Statements of Comprehensive Loss (Expressed in Canadian Dollars - Unaudited)

			Thre	e mor	nths ended		Nin	e mor	nths ended
]	February 29,	Fe	bruary 28,	Fe	bruary 29,	Fe	bruary 28,
	Note		2016		2015		2016		2015
Expenses:									
Amortization	5	\$	115	\$	365	\$	346	\$	691
Office and administration			9,926		5,479		29,774		6,446
Professional fees			900		5,610		1,797		32,826
Regulatory and transfer agent fees			2,021		4,510		7,609		21,303
Rent			6,000		_		18,000		12,000
Travel and promotion			_		_		_		645
Net and comprehensive loss		\$	(18,962)	\$	(15,964)	\$	(57,526)	\$	(73,911)
Loss per common share									
- basic and diluted		\$	(0.001)	\$	(0.001)	\$	(0.003)	\$	(0.004)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic and diluted			20,026,663	2	0,026,663		20,026,663	2	0,026,663

Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows (Expressed in Canadian Dollars - Unaudited)

			For the nine mor	nths ended
	Feb	ruary 29,	Fe	bruary 28,
		2016		2015
Cash provided by (used in):				
Operating:				
Net loss and comprehensive loss	\$	(57,526)	\$	(73,911)
Item not involving cash:				
Amortization		346		691
Changes in non-cash operating working capital items:				
Receivables		70,585		(2,582)
Prepaids		_		416
Trades payable and accrued liabilities		(39,435)		15,569
Due to related parties		28,350		29,822
		2,320		(29,995)
Financing				
Proceeds from promissory note payable		_		30,000
		_		30,000
Change in cash		2,320		5
Cash, beginning		1,407		863
Cash, ending	\$	3,727	\$	868
Cash, Chung	Ψ	3,121	ψ	808
Supplemental cash flow information:				
There were no significant non-cash transactions for the nine more	nths ended Fel	oruary 29, 20	16 and February 28	3, 2015.
Interest paid	\$	_	\$	_
Income tax paid	\$	_	\$	_

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements February 29, 2016 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars - Unaudited)

1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Afrasia Mineral Fields Inc. (the "Company" or "Afrasia") was incorporated on June 24, 1986 under the laws of British Columbia. The Company was listed on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "AFS" and on September 29, 2008 the Company's listing was transferred from the TSX-V to the NEX board of the TSX-V. Effectively, the trading symbol for the Company changed from "AFS" to AFS.H".

The Company's head office, principal address and records office is Suite 2050-1055 West Georgia Street, PO Box 11121, Royal Centre, Vancouver, BC V6E 3P3. The registered office is Suite 700-595 Burrard St., PO Box 49290, Vancouver, BC V7X 1S8.

On February 26, 2015, the Company entered into an Amalgamation Agreement with WMode Inc. ("WMode"), a leading technology and service company in the connected device, mobile and app-ecosystem sector. During the period ended February 29, 2016, WMode terminated the Agreement.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to raise adequate financing and to commence profitable operations in the future. To date, the Company has not generated any revenues and has not raised funds in the last twelve months. The Company has an accumulated deficit of \$8,736,322 including a loss for the period ended February 29, 2016 of \$57,526. These uncertainties may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of assets and liabilities which might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in existence.

The Company has never paid dividends.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim financial statements were authorized for issue on April 14, 2016 by the directors of the Company.

Statement of compliance and conversion to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

These condensed interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). Therefore, these interim financial statements comply with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

Basis of presentation

The condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared on an accrual basis except for cash flow information, and are based on historical costs, modified where applicable. The condensed interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements February 29, 2016 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars - Unaudited)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)

Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements requires management to make judgments regarding the going concern of the Company as discussed in Note 1.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the end of the reporting period, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

- i) The recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities.
- ii) The estimation of income taxes includes evaluating the recoverability of deferred tax assets based on an assessment of the Company's ability to utilize the underlying future tax deductions against future taxable income prior to expiry of those deductions. Management assesses whether it is probable that some or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income, which in turn is dependent upon the successful discovery, extraction, development and commercialization of mineral reserves. To the extent that management's assessment of the Company's ability to utilize future tax deductions changes, the Company would be required to recognize more or fewer deferred tax assets, and deferred income tax provisions or recoveries could be affected.

New standard not yet adopted

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Revised) was issued by the IASB in October 2010. It incorporates revised requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and carrying over the existing derecognition requirements from IAS 39 Financial instruments: recognition and measurement. The revised financial liability provisions maintain the existing amortised cost measurement basis for most liabilities. New requirements apply where an entity chooses to measure a liability at fair value through profit or loss – in these cases, the portion of the change in fair value related to changes in the entity's own credit risk is presented in other comprehensive income rather than within profit or loss. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The impact of IFRS 9 on the Company's financial instruments has not yet been determined.

Other accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

3. RECEIVABLES

	Fe	bruary 29, 2016	May 31, 2015
Government sales tax credits	\$	6,264 \$	6,849
Other receivables		-	70,000
	\$	6,264 \$	76,849

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements February 29, 2016 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars - Unaudited)

4. EQUIPMENT

	Com	puter	Equ	ıipment	Fü	ırniture	nsehold ovements	,	Total
Cost:									
At May 31, 2014, 2015 and									
February 29, 2016	\$	2,350	\$	5,063	\$	1,772	\$ 2,307	\$	11,492
Amortization:									
At May 31, 2014	\$	2,004	\$	5,063	\$	1,772	\$ 1,154	\$	9,993
Amortization		346		-		-	461		807
At May 31, 2015		2,350		5,063		1,772	1,615		10,800
Amortization		-		-		-	346		346
At February 29, 2016	\$	2,350	\$	5,063	\$	1,772	\$ 1,961		11,146
Net book value:									
At May 31, 2015	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 693	\$	693
At February 29, 2016	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 346	\$	346

5. TRADE PAYABLES AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	February 29, 2016	May 31, 2015
Trade payables	\$ 103,853	\$ 133,839
Accrued liabilities	-	9,450
	\$ 103,853	\$ 143,289

6. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

(a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

(b) Issued – common shares

There were no share issuances during the period ended February 29, 2016 and during the year ended May 31, 2015.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements February 29, 2016 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars - Unaudited)

6. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (cont'd)

(c) Share options

The Company maintains a 10% rolling share option plan (the "Plan") that enables management to grant options to directors, officers, employees and other service providers. The Company follows the Exchange policies where the number of common shares which may be issued pursuant to options granted under the Plan may not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company from time to time at the date of granting of options and have a maximum of 10 years. Each option agreement with the grantee sets forth, among other things, the number of options granted, the exercise price and the vesting conditions of the options as determined by the Board of Directors. There were no options granted or outstanding as at February 29, 2016 and May 31, 2015.

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) On June 1, 2015, the Company entered into an administrative agreement with Varshney Capital Corp. ("VCC"), a company controlled by two common directors, whereby the Company agreed to pay administrative services fees of \$3,000 per month.

During the period ended February 29, 2016, the Company incurred \$27,000 (2015- \$nil) for administrative fees to VCC.

(b) As at February 29, 2016, \$89,450 (May 31, 2015 - \$61,100) was due to VCC which consisted of \$28,350 (May 31, 2015 - \$Nil) in administrative fees and \$61,100 (May 31, 2015 - \$61,100) in operating loans. The loans are unsecured, non-interest bearing and has no fixed terms of repayment.

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

At February 29, 2016 and May 31, 2015, the Company's financial instruments consist of cash, receivables, trade payables and due to related parties. There were no transfers between levels during the period ended February 29, 2016.

Cash is carried at fair value using a Level 1 fair value measurement. The carrying value of receivables and trade payables and accrued liabilities, and due to related parties approximate their fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments or their ability of prompt liquidation.

Financial risk management

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash. As a majority of the Company's cash is held by a Canadian bank, there is a concentration of credit risk with one bank in Canada. While there is concentration of risk holding all funds with one institution, this risk is managed by using a major bank that is a high credit quality financial institution as determined by rating agencies. As at February 29, 2016, the Company has cash on hand of \$3,727. Management assesses credit risk of cash as low.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements February 29, 2016 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars - Unaudited)

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

The Company's secondary exposure to credit risk is on its receivables. This risk is minimal as receivables consist of refundable government sales taxes of \$6,264.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company operates only in Canada and is therefore not exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from transactions denominated in a foreign currency.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will change due to a change in the level of interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk as its bank account earns interest income at variable rates and is subject to the movement in interest rates. Management considers the interest rate to be minimal.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises through the excess of financial obligations over available financial assets due at any point in time. As at February 29, 2016, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$182,894 (May 31, 2015 - \$125,715). The Company has been successful in re-negotiating its indebtedness however there is no assurance the success of these effort will continue.

9. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE

Management's objective is to manage its capital to ensure that there are adequate capital resources to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern through the optimization of its capital structure. The capital structure consists of share capital and working capital.

In order to achieve this objective, management makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust capital structure, management may invest its excess cash in interest bearing accounts of Canadian chartered banks and/or raise additional funds externally as needed. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.