MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Three Months Ended August 31, 2011

Management Discussion & Analysis Three Months Ended August 31, 2011

1.1 Date

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of Afrasia Mineral Fields Inc. ("Afrasia" or the "Company") has been prepared by management as of November 29, 2011 and should be read in conjunction with the condensed interim financial statements and related notes thereto of the Company for the three months ended August 31, 2011 and 2010, which were prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

This MD&A may contain "forward-looking statements" which reflect the Company's current expectations regarding the future results of operations, performance and achievements of the Issuer. The Issuer has tried, wherever possible, to identify these forward-looking statements by, among other things, using words such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect" and similar expressions. The statements reflect the current beliefs of management of the Company, and are based on currently available information. Accordingly, these statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which could cause the actual results, performance, or achievements of the Issuer to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these statements.

The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or review the forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Historical results of operations and trends that may be inferred from the following discussions and analysis may not necessarily indicate future results from operations.

1.2 Over-all Performance

The Company was incorporated on June 24, 1986 under the laws of British Columbia. The Company was listed on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "AFS" and on September 29, 2008 the Company's listing was transferred from the TSX-V to the NEX board of the TSX-V. Effectively, the trading symbol for the Company changed from "AFS" to AFS.H".

The Company is in the process of actively identifying, evaluating and negotiating business opportunities in the resource industry.

1.3 Selected Annual Information

May 31,		2011		2010		2009	
Total interest and other income	\$	1,087	\$	2	\$	68	
Net Loss	\$	(157,726)	\$	(308,465)	\$	(140,061)	
Loss per share	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.01)	
Total assets	\$	235,217	\$	737,097	\$	99,311	
Total long term liabilities	\$	Nil	\$	Nil	\$	Nil	
Cash dividends declared per	\$	Nil	\$	Nil	\$	Nil	
share for each class of share							

Management Discussion & Analysis Three Months Ended August 31, 2011

1.4 Results of Operations

For the three months ended August 31, 2011, the Company incurred a loss of \$50,926 or \$0.003 per share as compared to a loss of \$49,748 or \$0.003 per share for the same period in fiscal 2011, an increase in loss by \$1,178. The increase in loss was due to an increase in general administration expenses of \$1,726 offset by an increase in interest income of \$548 on a short-term guaranteed investment certificate ("GIC").

Total general and administration expenses increased by \$1,726 due to increases in consulting fees of \$10,688, travel and promotion of \$9,025 and wages and benefits of \$233, which were offset by decreases in office and administration costs of \$3,040, professional fees of \$13,918, regulatory and transfer agent fees of \$960 and rent of \$279.

The increase in consulting fees of \$10,688 resulted from geological consulting services to evaluate potential projects in the mining industry.

The increase in travel and promotions of \$9,025 was a result of the Company's directors and consultants visitation to a mining site for their due diligence process. No such costs were incurred during the same period in fiscal 2011.

The Company recorded a decrease in costs for the following:

- Professional fees by \$13,918 due to fewer legal services provided during the current quarter. In fiscal 2011, the Company incurred higher legal costs in connection with the proposed acquisition of shares of 0830438 BC Ltd. The agreement was terminated in August 2010 by mutual consent of the parties.
- Office and administrative costs by \$3,040 due to decreased business activities; and
- Regulatory and transfer agent fees by \$960 due to fewer transfer agent and shareholders services
 provided during the period. The Company also received a refund of regulatory fees of \$560 from the
 TSX-V for fees paid in fiscal 2011.

1.5 Summary of Quarterly Results

The following is a summary of certain financial information concerning the Company for each of the last eight reported quarters:

Interest and									
Quarter ended	other in	come	Loss		Loss per share				
August 31, 2011	\$	548	\$	(50,926)	\$	(0.00)			
May 31, 2011		488		(39,670)		(0.01)			
February 28, 2011		599		(30,502)		(0.00)			
November 30, 2010		_		(37,806)		(0.00)			
August 31, 2010		_		(49,748)		(0.01)			
May 31, 2010		2		(191,973)		(0.01)			
February 28, 2010		_		(43,422)		(0.01)			
November 30, 2009		_		(39,742)		(0.00)			

Management Discussion & Analysis Three Months Ended August 31, 2011

Over the past eight fiscal quarters there have been no significant trends or variations except for the quarter ended May 31, 2010. The higher loss for the quarter ended May 31, 2010 was primarily due to the write-off of deferred costs of \$121,970 incurred in connection with the terminated agreement and repayment of GST investment tax credits.

1.6/1.7 Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company reported working capital of \$162,839 at August 31, 2011 compared to working capital \$217,480 at May 31, 2011, representing a decrease in working capital of \$54,641.

As at August 31, 2011, the Company had net cash and cash equivalents on hand of \$197,076 compared to \$227,806 as at May 31, 2011, a decrease of \$30,730.

During the period ended August 31, 2011, the Company:

- (a) used \$26,871 of its cash in operating activities, consisting primarily of general and administrative expenditures and change in non-cash working capital items; and
- (b) used \$3,859 for the purchase of office equipment and office renovations.

Current assets excluding cash as at August 31, 2011 consisted of receivables of \$7,272, which consisted of HST credits of \$5,793 and interest receivable of \$1,479, and prepaid expenses of \$4,551. Current assets excluding cash as at May 31, 2011 consisted of receivables of \$6,427, which consisted of HST credits of \$5,003, interest receivable of \$1,067 and other receivables of \$357.

Current liabilities as at August 31, 2011 consisted of trades payable and accrued liabilities of \$29,611 and amounts due to related parties of \$16,449. Current liabilities as at May 31, 2011 consisted of trades payable and accrued liabilities of \$16,622 and amounts due to related parties of \$131.

Financing for the Company's operations is potentially available through the exercise of an aggregate of 209,000 stock options at an exercise price \$0.35 per share expiring on April 4, 2012 and 200,000 share purchase warrants at an exercise price of \$0.22 per share expiring on December 29, 2011. However, there can be no assurance that any of these outstanding exercisable securities will be exercised.

The Company may continue to have capital requirements in excess of its currently available resources. In the event the Company's plans change, its assumptions change or prove inaccurate, or its capital resources in addition to projected cash flow, if any, prove to be insufficient to fund operations, the Company may be required to seek additional financing. Although the Company has been successful in raising the funds, there can be no assurance that the Company will have sufficient financing to meet its future capital requirements or that additional financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Company in the future.

The Company has not had a history of operations or earnings and the overall success of the Company will be affected by its current or future business activities.

Management Discussion & Analysis Three Months Ended August 31, 2011

Risk and Uncertainties

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash and cash equivalents, which consist of bank deposits of \$7,076 and a GIC of \$190,000. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss by placing its cash and cash equivalents with a Canadian Chartered bank. While there is concentration of risk by holding all funds with one institution, management assesses credit risk of cash and cash equivalents as very low due to the high credit quality rating the institution has with rating agencies.

The Company's secondary exposure to risk is on its receivables. This risk is minimal as receivables consist primarily of refundable HST from the Canadian Federal Government, and accrued interest on its GIC from a Canadian Chartered Bank.

Liquidity and funding risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations as they become due. The Company's objective in managing liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient readily available reserves in order to meet its cash requirements at any point in time. The Company achieves this by maintaining sufficient cash and short-term investments. At August 31, 2011, the Company's monetary assets of \$204,348 exceed its monetary liabilities of \$46,060 by \$158,288. Trades payable and accrued liabilities of \$46,060 are due within three months of the period end.

The Company is forecasting that its monetary assets on hand will be sufficient to finance its operating activities for the current fiscal year. In future years, the Company will be required to raise additional funds to support its administrative overhead and operating activities.

Funding risk is the risk that market conditions will impact the Company's ability to raise capital through equity markets under acceptable terms and conditions. Under current market conditions, both liquidity and funding risk are assessed as high.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk.

Management Discussion & Analysis Three Months Ended August 31, 2011

Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that exposes the Company to financial risk related to the fluctuation of foreign exchange rates. The Company operates in Canada and is currently not exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from transactions denominated in a foreign currency.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk as its bank deposits and short term GIC earn interest income at variable rates and are subject to the movements in interest rates. The redeemable GIC presently earns a variable interest rate of 1.05% and matures at December 5, 2011.

The Company has no debt and is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

1.8 Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company did not enter into any off-balance sheet arrangements during the three month period ended August 31, 2011.

1.9 Related Party Transactions

(a) On February 1, 2009, the Company entered into an agreement with Varshney Capital Corp., a company controlled by two common directors, whereby the Company agreed to pay management and administrative fees of \$2,500 and \$3,000 per month, respectively.

During the three months ended August 31, 2011, the Company incurred \$7,500 (2010 – \$7,500) for management fees and \$9,000 (2010 – \$9,000) for administrative fees to VCC. This is the total key management compensation for the period.

As at August 31, 2011, \$7,840 (May 31, 2011 - \$Nil) was due to VCC for management and administrative fees.

- (b) As at August 31, 2011, \$8,609 (May 31, 2011 \$131) was due to a director of the Company. The amount resulted from reimbursements of travel expenses and was repaid subsequent to August 31, 2011.
- (c) The Company received a recovery of office expenses of \$357 from companies with directors and officers in common that was included in receivables as at May 31, 2011.

1.10 Fourth Quarter and Subsequent Events

None

Management Discussion & Analysis Three Months Ended August 31, 2011

1.11 Proposed Transactions

While the Company continues to seek out and review potential business opportunities, there are no transactions that are currently under negotiation or proposed to be entered into.

1.12 Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Areas requiring a significant degree of estimation and judgment relate to the determination of the useful lives of property and equipment, fair value measurements for financial instruments and share-based compensation and other equity-based payments, and the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

1.13 Changes in Accounting Policies including Initial Adoption

The financial information presented in this MD&A has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. Our significant accounting policies are set out in Note 2 of the condensed interim financial statements of the Company, as at and for the period ended August 31, 2011.

International financial reporting standards (IFRS)

The August 31, 2011 condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34") and IFRS 1, First-Time Adoption of IFRS ("IFRS 1"). Subject to certain transition elections disclosed in Note 9 from the notes to the condensed interim financial statements for the three months ended August 31, 2011, we have consistently applied the same accounting policies in our opening IFRS balance sheet as at June 1, 2010 and throughout all periods presented, as if these policies had always been in effect. Note 9 discloses the impact of the transition to IFRS on our reported balance sheet, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows, including the nature and effect of significant changes in accounting policies from those used in our financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2011.

The Company's conversion plan to transition from Canadian GAAP to IFRS consists of four phases:

- <u>Phase 1 (scoping and diagnostic)</u> Involved a preliminary diagnostic review of the reporting differences between Canadian GAAP and IFRS and the key areas that may be impacted.
- Phase 2 (Impact, analysis, quantification and evaluation) Involved a detailed assessment and technical analysis of each reporting difference identified in Phase 1. IFRS conversion adjustments were quantified, accounting policies and procedures were reviewed and updated, IT systems and software were assessed, training was conducted and outstanding business activities such as budgeting and compensation were assessed.

Management Discussion & Analysis Three Months Ended August 31, 2011

- <u>Phase 3 (Implementation phase)</u> This phase, was completed in November 2011 and includes the
 collection of financial information necessary to prepare financial statements for the August 31 interim
 period and the opening balance sheet as at June 1, 2010 in compliance with IFRS.
- <u>Phase 4 (Monitoring phase)</u> This phase includes monitoring the changes to IFRS, monitoring the
 regulatory environment for the commentary on the future IFRS changes, commentary on financial
 reporting trends and analyzing the business plan of the Company to develop accounting policies,
 systems and internal controls for the evolution of the business.

Accounting Policies and Procedures

Based on the detailed assessment in Phase 2, a number of key accounting areas were identified where IFRS differs from Canadian GAAP. These key areas are explained below and separated into differences expecting to have a quantitative and qualitative difference and those expecting to have only a qualitative differences expecting. Impacts to the fiscal 2011 financial statements have been quantified where applicable.

Quantitative Impact

Management performed a detailed review of the Company's books and records in order to identify differences between GAAP and IFRS that affect the Company. After completing the review, no material adjustments were deemed necessary to convert the Company's financial reporting to IFRS.

Qualitative Impact

The following accounting policy differences are expected to impact the disclosures to the financial statements of the Company or the internal processes and procedures for financial reporting.

IFRS 1, First-time Adoption of IFRS

IFRS 1 provides entities adopting IFRS for the first time with a number of optional exemptions and mandatory exceptions, in certain areas, to the general requirement for full retrospective applications of IFRS. The purpose of the options is to provide relief to companies and simplify the conversion process by not requiring them to recreate information that may not exist or may not have been collected at the inception of the transaction.

The Company has analyzed the exemptions available and has not utilized any of the exemptions.

Business Activities

IFRS are globally expected to result in higher volatility to net earnings and other performance measures, which could lead to effects felt throughout the Company's business activities.

From management's review of the Company's business activities, the conversion to IFRS will not have a material effect. There are not compensation considerations, financial contracts or business contracts that are linked to GAAP based metrics. The expected quantitative impact of the conversion to IFRS will not affect

Management Discussion & Analysis Three Months Ended August 31, 2011

how the Company does business on a day to day basis and will not impact the internal business practices for decision making.

Internal Controls & Disclosure Controls and Procedures over Financial Reporting

The Company has reviewed its internal controls and disclosure controls and procedures over financial reporting and has determined that the impact on IFRS is not going to materially alter how transactions are initiated, recorded, processed and reported.

Financial Expertise

The Company's accounting department, senior management team and Directors have been appropriately trained based on the requirements of their respective roles. The Company has brought in outside consultants to help guide the transition and prepare the Company for future IFRS filings.

Information Technology

The Company's accounting information system comprises of accounting software, spreadsheets, databases and use of document processors. There were no numerical differences between Canadian GAAP and IFRS, limited resources in terms of accounting personnel and the complexity of the accounting information system is low. The accounting information system and size of the department is appropriate for the scale of the operation.

1.14 Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, trades payable and accrued liabilities, and amounts due to and from related parties approximate fair value because of the short-term maturity of these items.

1.15 Other Requirements

Summary of Outstanding Share Data as at November 29, 2011

Authorized - Unlimited common shares without par value

Issued – common shares: 20,026,663

Share purchase warrants: 200,000

Stock options: 209,000

Additional disclosures pertaining to the Company's management information circulars, material change reports, press releases and other information are available on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, thank you for your continued support.

"Praveen Varshney"

Praveen Varshney, C.A.

President and Director November 29, 2011