



SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Notice of No Auditor Review

These unaudited consolidated interim financial statements of Senator Minerals Inc. (the “Company”) have not been reviewed by the auditors of the Company. This notice is being provided in accordance with Section 4.3 (3)(a) of National Instrument 51-102 – Continuous Disclosure Obligations.

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SENATOR MINERALS INC.**CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Note	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash		\$ 239,598	\$ 822
Amounts receivable		15,684	3,963
Prepaid expenses		375	375
		255,657	5,160
Exploration and evaluation assets	5,6	1,701,164	-
		\$ 1,956,821	\$ 5,160
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7,11	\$ 183,540	\$ 51,797
Loans payable	8	-	160,033
		183,540	211,830
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)			
Share capital	9	9,923,151	7,423,151
Warrants reserve	10	76,727	76,727
Share-based payments reserve	10	250,442	250,442
Deficit		(8,477,039)	(7,956,990)
		1,773,281	(206,670)
		\$ 1,956,821	\$ 5,160

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

Nature and continuance of operations (note 1)

Subsequent event (note 13)

Approved on behalf of the Board:

"Anthony Jackson"

Anthony Jackson, Director

"Ryan Cheung"

Ryan Cheung, Director

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Note	For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine months ended September 30,	
		2017	2016	2017	2016
Exploration expenditures: acquisition, maintenance and exploration	5	\$ 195,550	\$ -	\$ 195,550	\$ -
General and administrative expenses					
Advertising and promotion		12,538	-	12,538	-
Consulting fees		160,000	-	167,017	-
Filing and listing fees		14,055	805	26,717	13,068
Geological consulting		84,355	-	86,448	-
Interest	8	306	3,291	8,707	8,936
Management fees	11	15,500	6,000	26,500	16,000
Office and general		373	286	693	690
Professional fees (recovery)		10,184	-	15,216	(604)
		297,311	10,382	343,836	38,090
Loss before other item		(492,861)	(10,382)	(539,386)	(38,090)
Other item					
Gain on accounts payable write off		-	-	19,337	-
Net and comprehensive loss		\$ (492,861)	\$ (10,382)	\$ (520,049)	\$ (38,090)
Loss per share – basic and diluted		\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.00)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – basic and diluted		34,238,447	33,456,537	33,718,132	33,456,537

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Number of shares	Share capital	Warrants reserve	Share- based payments reserve	Deficit	Total shareholders' equity (deficiency)
Balance at January 1, 2016	33,456,537	\$ 7,423,151	\$ 76,727	\$ 250,442	\$ (7,896,612)	\$ (146,292)
Net and comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(38,090)	(38,090)
Balance at September 30, 2016	33,456,537	\$ 7,423,151	\$ 76,727	\$ 250,442	\$ (7,934,702)	\$ (184,382)
Balance at January 1, 2017	33,456,537	\$ 7,423,151	\$ 76,727	\$ 250,442	\$ (7,956,990)	\$ (206,670)
Shares issued	1,923,077	2,500,000	-	-	-	2,500,000
Net and comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(520,049)	(520,049)
Balance at September 30, 2017	35,379,614	\$ 9,923,151	\$ 76,727	\$ 250,442	\$ (8,477,039)	\$ 1,773,281

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.**CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	For the nine months ended	
	September 30,	
	2017	2016
Cash provided by (used for):		
Operating activities		
Net loss for the period	\$ (520,049)	\$ (38,090)
Items not involving cash:		
Accrued interest	-	8,936
Change in non-cash working capital items:		
Amounts receivable	(11,721)	(1,464)
Trade and other payables	130,579	(8,093)
	<u>(401,191)</u>	<u>(38,711)</u>
Investing activity		
Exploration and evaluation assets	(1,700,000)	-
	<u>(1,700,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
Financing activities		
Loan advances (repayment)	(160,033)	38,300
Shares issued	2,500,000	-
	<u>2,339,967</u>	<u>38,300</u>
Change in cash during the period	238,776	(411)
Cash, beginning of the period	822	702
Cash, end of the period	\$ 239,598	\$ 291

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

1. Nature and Continuance of Operations

Senator Minerals Inc. (the “Company”), listed on the TSX-Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”), is a corporation continued under the laws of the Province of British Columbia with its principal, registered and records office located at 2200 – 885 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, BC V6C 3E8.

The Company is a junior exploration company engaged in the business of identification, acquisition and exploration of mineral interests in North America. At the date of the consolidated interim financial statements, the Company has not identified a known body of commercial grade minerals on any of its properties. The ability of the Company to realize the costs it has incurred to date on these properties is dependent upon the Company identifying a commercial mineral body, to finance its development costs and to resolve any environmental, regulatory or other constraints which may hinder the successful development of the property. To date, the Company has not earned any revenues and is considered to be in the exploration stage.

Management is targeting sources of additional financing through alliances with financial, exploration and mining entities, and other business and financial transactions which would assure continuation of the Company’s operations and exploration programs. In addition, management closely monitors commodity prices of precious and base metals, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company if favourable or adverse market conditions occur.

These consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which presumes the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of operations in the foreseeable future. The Company continues to incur operating losses and at September 30, 2017 had a cumulative deficit of \$8,477,039 and a working capital surplus of \$72,117. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing and to commence profitable operations in the future.

These consolidated interim financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in existence. The aforementioned factors indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. Further discussion of liquidity risk is included in notes 3 and 4.

These consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue on November 22, 2017 by the directors of the Company.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

2. Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Preparation

(a) Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

These consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”), in particular IAS 34, interim reporting, and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”). These consolidated interim financial statements do not include all the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS.

The consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified where applicable. The presentation and functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar.

(b) Consolidation

The consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its controlled subsidiaries, after the elimination of all material intercompany balances and transactions. Control is achieved when the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies.

The Company’s controlled subsidiaries included in these consolidated interim financial statements are:

Name	Country of Incorporation	Ownership	
		September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
515427 BC Ltd.	Canada	100%	100%
Gunnar Minerals Corp.	Canada	100%	-

515427 BC Ltd. had no commercial activities during the current or previous year.

On September 13, 2017, the Company acquired Gunnar Minerals Corp. which held the right to acquire a 100% interest in the Carter Lake uranium project.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company completed the sale of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Senator Minerals US Inc., which held all of the Company’s USA based properties, to an arm’s length buyer for total consideration of \$50,863, consisting of \$10,000 cash and forgiveness of \$40,863 in debt incurred to keep the subsidiary and its assets in good standing.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

2. Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Preparation, continued

(c) Use of estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect events concerning the future. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. Estimates and assumptions where there is significant risk of material adjustments to assets and liabilities in future accounting periods include the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets and provisions for restoration and environmental obligations.

(d) Significant judgments

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the Company to make judgments, apart from those involving estimates, in applying accounting policies. The most significant judgments applying to the Company's financial statements include:

- the assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and whether there are events or conditions that may give rise to significant uncertainty;
- the classification/allocation of expenditures as exploration and evaluation expenditures or operating expenses; and
- the classification of financial instruments.

(e) Impairment

At each reporting period, management reviews all assets for indicators of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Fair value is determined as the amount that would be obtained from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value. If the recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss for that period. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit to which that asset belongs.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

2. Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Preparation, continued

(e) Impairment, continued

Past impairments are also considered at each reporting period and where there is an indication that an impairment loss may have decreased, the recoverable amount is calculated as outlined above to determine the extent of the recovery. If the recoverable amount of the asset is more than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is reversed in the profit or loss for that period. The increased carrying amount due to reversal will not be more than what the depreciated historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

(f) Share-based payments

Estimating fair value for granted stock options requires determining the most appropriate valuation model which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the option, volatility, dividend yield, and rate of forfeitures and making assumptions about them.

(g) Deferred tax assets & liabilities

The estimation of income taxes includes evaluating the recoverability of deferred tax assets based on an assessment of the Company's ability to utilize the underlying future tax deductions against future taxable income prior to expiry of those deductions. Management assesses whether it is probable that some or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income, which in turn is dependent upon the successful discovery, extraction, development and commercialization of mineral reserves. To the extent that management's assessment of the Company's ability to utilize future tax deductions changes, the Company would be required to recognize more or less deferred tax assets, and deferred income tax provisions or recoveries could be affected.

(h) Exploration & evaluation assets

Exploration and evaluation expenditures are expensed as incurred. If it is determined by management that probable future benefits, consisting of contributions to future cash inflows, had been identified and adequate financial resources were expected to be available to meet the terms of property acquisition and budgeted maintenance, exploration, and development expenditures, these costs would be capitalized. To date, these criteria have not been met on any of the Company's mineral properties.

From time to time, the Company may acquire or dispose of a property pursuant to the terms of an option agreement. Due to the fact that property options are exercisable entirely at the discretion of the optionee, the amounts payable or receivable are not recorded. Option payments for acquired mineral properties are recorded as property costs and expensed. Proceeds greater than any capitalized costs of properties that are sold or optioned are recorded as revenues.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

2. Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Preparation, continued

(i) Asset retirement obligations

The fair value of a liability for an asset retirement or environmental obligation is recognized when a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made. The asset retirement or environmental obligation is recorded as a liability with a corresponding increase to the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. Subsequently, the asset retirement or environmental cost is charged to operations using a systematic and rational method and the resulting liability is adjusted to reflect period-to-period changes in the liability resulting from the passage of time and revisions to either the timing or the amount of the original estimate of undiscounted cash flow. As of September 30, 2017, the Company does not have any asset retirement or environmental obligations.

(j) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Company's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is the Canadian dollar. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars.

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate in effect at the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction, whereas nonmonetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition, are recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss in the period in which they arise.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss shall be recognized in other comprehensive income. Conversely, when a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

2. Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Preparation, continued

(k) Financial instruments

Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets into one of the following categories, depending on the purpose for which the asset was acquired. The Company's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

Fair value through profit or loss - This category involves financial instruments held for the purpose of selling them in the short term. All of the financial instruments in this category meet the definition of financial assets held for trading. The Company has no financial assets classified as fair value through profit or loss.

Derivatives are included in this category, unless they are designated as hedges. The instruments classified in this category are classified in current assets and include cash and cash equivalents. The financial instruments included in this category are initially recognized at fair value and the transaction costs are expensed to the statement of comprehensive loss. Subsequently, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and all gains and losses, realized and unrealized, measured on the basis of market transactions, are recognized directly in the statement of comprehensive loss.

Loans and receivables - These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are carried at cost less any provision for impairment. Individually significant receivables are considered for impairment when they are past due or when other objective evidence is received that a specific counterparty will default. The Company's financial assets classified as loans and receivables consist of cash and receivables.

Held-to-maturity investments - These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Company's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. These assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. If there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired, determined by reference to external credit ratings and other relevant indicators, the financial asset is measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows. Any changes to the carrying amount of the investment, including impairment losses, are recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss. The Company has no financial assets classified as held-to-maturity investments.

Available-for-sale - Non-derivative financial assets not included in the above categories are classified as available-for-sale. They are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized directly in equity. Where a decline in the fair value of an available-for sale financial asset constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is removed from equity and recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss. The Company's has no financial assets classified as available-for-sale assets.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

2. Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Preparation, continued

(k) Financial instruments, continued

Financial assets – continued

All financial assets except for those at fair value through profit or loss are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date. Financial assets are impaired when there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Different criteria to determine impairment are applied for each category of financial assets, which are described above.

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade-date – the date on which the Company commits to purchase the asset.

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a significant and prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen.

Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortized cost. The Company's non-derivative liabilities consist of trade and other payables and loans payable. Derivative liabilities are classified as fair value through profit or loss. The Company has no derivative assets or liabilities.

(l) New or revised accounting standards not yet adopted

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9 which replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes two primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost and fair value. The basis of classification depends on an entity's business model and the contractual cash flow of the financial asset. Classification is made at the time the financial asset is initially recognized, namely when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

IFRS 9 amends some of the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures, including added disclosures about investments in equity instruments measured at fair value in other comprehensive income, and guidance on financial liabilities and derecognition of financial instruments. The amended standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier adoption permitted.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

2. Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Preparation, continued

(l) New or revised accounting standards not yet adopted, continued

Other accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

3. Capital Management

The Company's objectives for the management of capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, including the preservation of capital, and to achieve reasonable returns on invested cash after satisfying the objective of preserving capital.

The Company considers its cash to be its manageable capital. The Company's policy is to maintain sufficient cash and deposit balances to cover operating and exploration costs over a reasonable future period. The Company accesses capital markets as necessary and may also acquire additional funds where advantageous circumstances arise.

The Company currently has no externally-imposed capital requirements. There have been no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period.

4. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

As at September 30, 2017, the Company's financial instruments consist of cash, amounts receivable, and trade and other payables.

In management's opinion, the Company's carrying values of cash, amounts receivable, trade and other payables approximate their fair values due to the immediate or short-term maturity of these instruments.

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to the following risks:

Credit Risk

The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is the risk of illiquidity of cash amounting to \$239,598 at September 30, 2017. As the Company's policy is to limit cash holdings to instruments issued by major Canadian banks, or investments of equivalent or better quality, the credit risk is considered by management to be negligible.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to pay financial liabilities as they come due. The Company's only liquidity risk from financial instruments is its need to meet trade and other payables and loans payable requirements. The Company had sufficient cash balance to meet its needs at September 30, 2017. Liquidity risk is assessed as low.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

4. Financial Instruments and Risk Management, continued

Price Risk

The Company is not exposed to price risk.

Foreign Exchange Risk

The Company's functional and reporting currency is the Canadian dollar as most major expenditures and costs are made from Canada for the advancement of the Company's exploration projects located in the United States. As at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had a negligible balance of cash on deposit for future expenditures in United States currency. The Company does not hedge foreign currency transactions. Management believes the foreign currency exchange risk derived from currency conversion to be negligible at this time.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by its banking institution. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks.

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

Ownership of mineral property interests may involve certain risks due to difficulties in determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of some mineral properties. The Company had investigated ownership of the mineral properties in which it has an interest and, to the best of its knowledge, all properties are in good standing.

It is the Company's policy to expense exploration and evaluation expenditures as incurred. As at September 30, 2017, the Company owned or had royalty interests or lease options on the following mineral property interests:

Harbey, British Columbia

On January 13, 2014, the Company acquired an option to earn an undivided 100% interest in the Harbey Gold Project. The Company can earn its interest by paying \$130,000 (paid) upon signing of the option agreement and completing \$3,500,000 in exploration expenditures within three years of the date of signing the agreement. A 1% net smelter royalty ("NSR") interest can be purchased at any time by the Company for a payment of \$1,500,000. During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Harbey Gold Project claim lapsed.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets, continued**Taurus, Alaska**

In September 2004, the Company acquired a 100% interest in certain claims comprising the Taurus Property by way of staking.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, \$Nil (2015 - \$36,057) was spent on maintenance and exploration. During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company sold the subsidiary that held its interest in the Taurus Property.

IC Bentonite, Nevada

In 2008, the Company arranged the staking of seven placer claims to cover a bentonite deposit of undetermined size. In April 2012, the Company completed a sale of its 50% interest in the IC Bentonite property for \$100. The Company retains a 3% Production Royalty in the property.

Rosebud, Arizona

In May 2011, the Company acquired a 100% interest, through staking, in the Rosebud Property. On March 6, 2012, as last amended on August 7, 2014, the Company entered into an option agreement, in which it gave IDH Gold LLC ("IDH Gold") the right to earn a 100% interest in the Rosebud Property, net of a 2% NSR. All payments described below under the option agreement are quoted in US dollars and are as follows:

	Cash payments	Value of common shares (or equivalents) of IDH Gold
Initial payment on signing (received)	\$ 15,000	\$ 25,000
March 6, 2013 (received)	15,000	35,000
March 6, 2014 (received)	25,000	-
March 6, 2015	75,000	75,000*
On or before three days of a public listing	-	50,000 or \$25,000 cash if a public listing has not been completed.
	\$ 130,000	\$ 185,000

*A further cash payment of \$30,000 is due if IDH Gold does not complete a listing on an acceptable stock exchange by March 6, 2015. IDH Gold did not attain a listing by March 6, 2015.

If IDH Gold exercises its rights under the option, the Company will retain a 3% NSR in the property. IDH Gold has the right to acquire one of the three NSR points by paying \$110,000 over the course of the agreement: by an initial payment of \$10,000 (received); payments of \$10,000 on the 1st anniversary (received); \$20,000 cash or \$40,000 worth of free-trading shares of IDH Gold three days after IDH Gold is listed on an acceptable stock exchange; \$30,000 on the 3rd anniversary; and \$40,000 on the 4th anniversary. The fair value of the total consideration received during the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$Nil (2014 - \$Nil) was recognized as income in the statement of comprehensive loss.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets, continued

Rosebud, Arizona, continued

IDH Gold did not make the required payments on March 6, 2015 and defaulted on its obligations under the option agreement.

Effective April 29, 2013, in consideration for the termination and cancellation of various service agreements, the Company assigned rights to any payments after that date in connection with the IDH Gold agreement to a former director.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company sold the subsidiary that held its interest in the Rosebud Property.

Pardoe Lake Uranium, Northern SK

On August 24, 2015, the Company has entered into an option agreement with a vendor that has an underlying option agreement with St. Jacques Minerals Corp., to acquire a 100% interest in the Pardoe Lake Uranium Project, Saskatchewan.

Under the terms of the agreement, the Company can earn a 100% interest in the Pardoe Lake Project by paying \$7,500 (paid) to the vendor within thirty days of signing, with an additional \$22,000 due in the twenty-four months. A 1% gross overriding royalty (GOR) interest has also been granted to the vendor, of which ½% can be purchased by the Company for \$1,000,000. During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Pardoe Lake Uranium claims lapsed.

Patterson North East (PNE) Uranium Project, Northern Saskatchewan

On February 7, 2017, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100-per-cent interest in the Patterson North East (PNE) uranium project, located on the east side of the Athabasca basin in Northern Saskatchewan.

The Company can earn a 100% interest in the PNE project by making payments of \$150,000 to the vendor at various times in year one, a further \$250,000 on the first anniversary and a final payment of \$500,000 on the second anniversary of the agreement. As at September 30, 2017, the Company has paid \$115,000 to the optionor, and has spent a total of \$80,550 for claim maintenance and exploration costs on the project. Total acquisition and exploration costs related the project was recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets, continued**Carter Lake Uranium Project, South-western Saskatchewan**

On April 24, 2017, the Company has entered into a letter of intent with Gunnar Minerals Corp. ("Gunnar") pursuant to which it proposes to acquire a controlling interest in Gunnar in consideration for a cash payment of \$500,000. Gunnar holds the rights to acquire the Carter Lake Uranium Project, located in the southwestern corner of the Athabasca basin, Saskatchewan. The project covers approximately 1,113 hectares on the Carter Lake corridor, an exploration zone adjacent to the prolific Patterson Lake corridor, which hosts two of the most significant uranium deposits in the basin: Nexgen's Arrow deposit and Fission's Patterson Lake South deposit. The Carter Lake uranium project is subject to a 2% net smelter return royalty, one-half of which can be purchased in consideration for a cash payment of \$2,000,000.

On September 13, 2017, the Company completed the acquisition of Carter Lake uranium project through the purchase of Gunnar Minerals Corp. (Note 6).

6. Acquisition of Subsidiary

On September 13, 2017, the Company completed the acquisition of the Carter Lake uranium project through the purchase of Gunnar Minerals Corp. ("Gunnar"). Gunnar holds the right to acquire a 100% interest in the Carter Lake Uranium project.

Following completion of the acquisition, Gunnar has become a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. In consideration for the acquisition of Gunnar, the Company paid \$0.227 per share for the 7,500,000 outstanding common shares of Gunnar, which includes a \$100,000 commitment fee advanced to Gunnar in June 2017. As of closing of the acquisition, the Company has paid a total of \$1,700,000 (including the commitment fee) as purchase consideration.

The following table summarizes the consideration paid, the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the date of acquisition:

Cash paid	1,700,000
Total consideration paid	1,700,000
Liabilities	(1,164)
Total value	(1,164)
Exploration and evaluation assets	1,701,164

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

7. Trade and Other Payables

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Trade	\$ 183,375	\$ 45,212
Other payables – accrued liabilities	165	6,585
	\$ 183,540	\$ 51,797

8. Loans Payable

Loans payable in the amount of \$186,355 (December 31, 2016 - \$138,855) are unsecured, payable on demand and bear interest at 10% per annum. The lenders have the option to be repaid in cash or shares of the Company. As of September 30, 2017, the Company had accrued \$29,804 (December 31, 2016 - \$21,178) in interest.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company settled the outstanding balance, including the interest.

9. Share Capital**(a) Authorized**

Unlimited number of common shares without par value
Unlimited number of special shares issuable in series without par value

(b) Common shares issued

On August 24, 2017, the Company closed its fully subscribed financing, by issuing 1,923,077 common shares, at a price of \$1.30 per share, for total gross proceeds of \$2,500,000.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company completed a split of its common shares on a 3-to-1 basis. All references to share and per share amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the share split.

(c) Warrants

The Company had no share purchase warrants outstanding as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

9. Share Capital, continued

(d) Stock options

The Company has a rolling incentive stock option plan that can reserve a maximum of 10% of the issued shares of the Company at the time of the stock option grant with no vesting provisions, but including the following terms:

- Each incentive share purchase option is personal to the grantee and may be neither assigned nor transferred to anyone else;
- Individual incentive share purchase options will have no more than a maximum term of five (5) years from the date of their grant;
- Incentive share purchase options granted to any one individual in any 12 month period cannot exceed 5% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company;
- Individual incentive share purchase options granted to any one consultant in any 12 month period shall not exceed 2% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company; and
- Individual incentive share purchase option agreements granted to an employee or consultant conducting investor relations activities will not exceed an aggregate of 2% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company in any twelve month period.

As at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had no stock options outstanding.

10. Reserves

(a) Warrants reserve

This reserve records the incremental increase in the fair value of previously outstanding warrants resulting from a re-pricing.

(b) Share-based payments reserve

This reserve records items recognized as share-based compensation expense until such time that the stock options are exercised, at which time the corresponding amount will be transferred to share capital. If the options expire unexercised, the amounts recorded could potentially be transferred to deficit but the Company has elected to maintain them in the share-based payments reserve account.

SENATOR MINERALS INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
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11. Related Party Transactions and Balances

Related Party Transactions

Key management compensation for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

- Management fees in the amount of \$26,500 (2016 - \$16,000) were paid to companies controlled by directors of the Company.

Related Party Balances

At September 30, 2017, included in trade payables was \$nil (December 31, 2016 - \$12,600) owing to company controlled by director of the Company.

12. Segmented Information

During the period covered by these consolidated interim financial statements, the Company had one reportable operating segment, being the acquisition, exploration, and disposition of interests in mineral properties. It is the Company's policy to expense exploration and evaluation expenditures as incurred.

At September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, all of the Company's recorded assets were located in Canada.

13. Subsequent Events

No subsequent events.