

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the quarter ended: September 30, 2020

Date of report: November 23, 2020

This management's discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of operation ("MD&A") of the Company should be read in conjunction with ThreeD's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements ("interim consolidated statements") and notes thereto as at and for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and the annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2020. The same accounting policies and methods of computation were followed in the preparation of the interim consolidated statements as were followed in the preparation and described in note 3 of the annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2020, except as follows:

Effective July 1, 2020, the Company adopted amendments to International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements* and IAS 8, *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors* which were issued in October 2018. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020 and are to be applied prospectively. The amendments update the definition of material.

The adoption of these amendments did not have any impact on the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Unless indicated otherwise, all financial data in this MD&A has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). All dollar amounts in this MD&A are reported in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Caution Regarding Forward-Looking Information:

Certain information contained in this MD&A constitutes forward-looking information, which is information relating to future events or the Company's future performance and which is inherently uncertain. All information other than statements of historical fact may be forward-looking information. Forward-looking information is often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "seek", "anticipate", "budget", "plan", "continue", "estimate", "expect", "forecast", "may", "will", "project", "predict", "potential", "targeting", "intend", "could", "might", "should", "believe" and similar words or phrases (including negative variations) suggesting future outcomes or statements regarding an outlook. Forward-looking information contained in this MD&A includes, but is not limited to the Company's anticipated investment activities and results and financing activities, the Company's future working capital requirements, the impact of changes in accounting policies and other factors on the Company's operating results, and the performance of global capital markets and interest rates, the exposure of its financial instruments to various risks and its ability to manage those risks, and the Company's ability to use tax resource pools and loss carry-forwards.

Forward-looking information involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking information. The Company believes the expectations reflected in the forward-looking information are reasonable but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information contained in this MD&A. Some of the risks and other factors which could cause results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking information contained in this MD&A include, but are not limited to: risks relating to the Company's ability to realize sufficient proceeds from the disposition of the investments (which will be based upon market conditions beyond the Company's control) or otherwise raise capital in order to fund obligations as they become due, the Company's ability to generate taxable income from operations, fluctuations in the value of the Company's portfolio investments due to market conditions and/or company-specific factors, fluctuations in prices of commodities underlying the Company's interests and equity investments, the strength of the Canadian, U.S. and other economies, foreign exchange fluctuations, political and economic conditions in the countries in which the interests of the Company's portfolio investments are located, and other risks included elsewhere in this MD&A under the headings "Risks" and in the Company's current annual information form and other public disclosure documents filed with certain Canadian securities regulatory authorities and available under the Company's profile at www.sedar.com.

Readers are cautioned that the foregoing lists of factors are not exhaustive. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual events and results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause events or results to differ from those intended, anticipated or estimated. The forward-looking information contained in this MD&A are made as of the date hereof and the Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as otherwise required by law. All of the forward-looking information contained in this MD&A is expressly qualified by this cautionary statement.

Nature of the Business:

ThreeD Capital Inc. ("ThreeD" or the "Company") is a publicly-traded Canadian-based venture capital firm focused on opportunistic investments in companies in the junior resources and disruptive technologies sectors. ThreeD's investment strategy is to invest in multiple private and public companies across a variety of sectors globally. ThreeD seeks to invest in early stage, promising companies where it may be the lead investor and can additionally provide investees with advisory services and access to the Company's ecosystem. The Company was continued under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* on December 1, 2011 and its common shares are publicly-traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange under the symbol "IDK" and on the OTCQB Venture Market under the stock symbol "IDKFF". The Company is domiciled in the Province of Ontario and its head office is located at 130 Spadina Ave., Suite 401, Toronto, Ontario, M5V 2L4, Canada.

Although the Company continues to invest and hold an immaterial amount of digital assets, in recent quarters, the Company's digital assets investing activities have been minor and insignificant. The Company expects to hold some digital assets but its main focus will be in opportunistic investing in junior resource and disruptive technologies companies.

Summary:

- As at September 30, 2020, the Company held investments at fair value and digital assets, at fair value less cost to sell ("FVLCTS") totalling \$13,891,365 as compared to \$14,064,063 as at June 30, 2020, a 1% decrease.
- As at September 30, 2020, net asset value per share ("NAV per share") was \$0.41 as compared to \$0.41 as at June 30, 2019. (See "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" elsewhere in this MD&A)
- On July 9, 2020, the Company announced its intention to effect a normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") through the facilities of the Canadian Securities Exchange. The NCIB commenced on July 15, 2020 and ends on July 14, 2021 and the Company may purchase on the Canadian Securities Exchange up to 1,594,444 common shares in total, representing approximately 5% of the common shares issued and outstanding on July 9, 2020. The price which the Company will pay for any such shares will be the market price at the time of acquisition. The actual number of common shares which may be purchased and the timing of any such purchases will be determined by the Company. The Company has repurchased and cancelled 591,500 common shares at an average cost of \$0.20 per share for total cost of \$119,453.
- On August 17, 2020, the Company announced that its common shares are trading on the OTCQB Venture Market ("OTCQB Venture") under the stock symbol "IDKFF".

Investments:

The fair value and cost of investments are as follows as at September 30, 2020:

Investee	Note (a)	Description of holdings	Cost	Fair Value	% of Fair Value
Premium Nickel Resources Corporation (private)	(ii)	6,330,853 common shares	159,850	949,628	7.0
Imagination Park Technologies Inc. (CSE: IP)	(ii)	900,000 warrants expire May 16, 2021 900,000 warrants expire Aug 24, 2021			
		4,750,000 warrants expire Oct 5, 2021	-	571,100	4.2
One Bullion Limited (private)	(ii)	4,000,000 common shares	53,000	384,100	2.8
SciCann Therapeutics Inc. (private)	(ii)	16,000 common shares			
	(ii)	1,554 options expire Dec 23, 2024	100,000	86,094	0.6
Pluto Network Operations Canada Inc. (private)	(ii)	21,299 common shares	45,154	-	-
Other publicly traded investments			5,786,035	7,487,924	54.9
Other private investments			3,298,146	4,153,408	30.5
			\$ 9,442,185	\$ 13,632,254	100.0

The fair value and cost of investments	are as follows as a	at June 30, 2020:
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Investee	Note (a)	Description of holdings	Cost	Fair Value	% of Fair Value
Imagination Park Technologies Inc. (CSE: IP)		1,626,000 common shares			
		\$200,000 convertible debenture			
	(ii)	1,500,000 warrants expire May 16, 2021			
		900,000 warrants expire Aug 24, 2021			
		4,750,000 warrants expire Oct 5, 2021	295,515	4,684,944	33.9
GoldSpot Discoveries Corp.	(ii)	2,720,941 common shares	213,583	395,489	2.9
One Bullion Limited (private)	(ii)	4,000,000 common shares	53,000	384,100	2.8
Premium Nickel Resources Corporation (private)	(ii)	4,086,748 common shares	77,735	254,337	1.8
SciCann Therapeutics Inc. (private)	(;;)	16,000 common shares			
	(ii)	1,554 options expire Dec 23, 2024	100,000	86,269	0.6
Pluto Network Operations Canada Inc. (private)	(ii)	21,299 common shares	45,154	-	-
Other publicly traded investments			3,493,919	5,183,735	37.6
Other private investments			2,903,146	2,819,279	20.4
			\$ 7,182,052	\$ 13,808,153	100.0

- (a) The Company includes the following investments in its investment disclosure:
 - (i) Investments in which it is subject to insider or early warning (s101) reporting requirements; or
 - (ii) Investments in which one or more of the Company's management and/or director(s) is a director of the investee; or
 - (iii) Private investments in which we own greater than 10% of the investee.

As at September 30, 2020, the fair value of investments exceeded original cost by \$4,190,069 as compared to \$6,626,101 as at June 30, 2020. The decrease for the three months ended September 30, 2020 was primarily due to the disposition of investments and realizing the gains and purchasing new investments.

The fair value of the Company's investments as reflected in its consolidated financial statements and calculated in accordance with IFRS and its accounting policies may differ from the actual proceeds of disposition that would be realized by the Company. For example, the amounts at which the Company's publicly-traded investments could be disposed of currently may differ from fair values based on market quotes, as the value at which significant ownership positions are sold is often different than the quoted market price due to a variety of factors such as premiums paid for large blocks or discounts due to illiquidity.

As at September 30, 2020, total investments included securities of private companies (categorized in Level 3) with a fair value totalling \$5,573,230 (41% of total fair value of the Company's investments; cost of \$3,656,150). As at June 30, 2020, total investments included securities of private companies (Level 3) with a fair value totalling \$5,983,529 (43% of total fair value of the Company's investments; cost of \$3,479,035). The fair value was determined in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for private company investments. The amounts at which the Company's private company investments could be disposed of currently may differ significantly from their carrying values since there is no active market to dispose of these investments.

Pursuant to a share purchase agreement dated November 15, 2019, the Company sold an aggregate of 13,500,000 common shares of New Found Gold Corp. to a third party purchaser at a price of \$0.08 per share for aggregate proceeds of \$1,080,000. The Company has since commenced a legal action

claiming rescission of the transaction or, in the alternative, damages in the approximate amount of \$16,000,000 or the present value of the common shares. The Company believes that the purchaser was in possession of information material to the transaction that was not disclosed at the time. It is not determinable if the Company will be successful in its claim or, if successful, the amount of damages that may be awarded, if any.

Digital assets:

Digital assets consist of the following:

- a. electronic currency, coins, or alternative cryptocurrency coins (altcoins) a type of currency only available in digital form;
- b. digital tokens a representation of a particular asset or utility which are created and distributed to the public through an Initial Coin Offering (ICO). ICO is a means of crowdfunding, though the release of a new token to fund project development similar to an initial public offering for stocks; and
- c. Simple Agreement for Future Tokens ("SAFT") an agreement with a promise to distribute tokens to investors in the future (a token presale and not an ICO).

Purchases and sales of digital assets are recognized on the day in which the Company and the counterparty consummates the transaction. The Company also accepts and receives digital currency as consideration for services and in private placement financings. The digital assets are recorded on the statement of financial position, as digital assets, at their fair value less cost to sell and re-measured at each reporting date.

Realized gains and losses on disposal of digital assets and unrealized gains and losses in the value of digital assets are reflected in the consolidated statement of net loss and comprehensive loss. Upon disposal of a digital currency, previously recognized unrealized gains or losses are reversed so as to recognize the full realized gain or loss in the period of disposition. Digital assets which are traded on an exchange but which are escrowed or otherwise restricted as to sale or transfer are recorded at amounts discounted from market value to a maximum of 10%. In determining the discount for such digital currency, the Company considers the nature and length of the restriction. SAFTs are initially recorded at the transaction price, being the fair value at the time of acquisition. Thereafter, at each reporting period, the fair value of a SAFT may (depending upon the circumstances) be adjusted using one or more valuation indicators.

All transaction costs associated with the acquisition and disposition of digital currency are expensed to the consolidated statement of net loss and comprehensive loss as incurred. The Company records the revaluation of gains and losses in profit and loss because this is considered to be the most fair and accurate presentation of the Company's operations to the users of the financial statements.

There is currently no specific definitive guidance in IFRS or alternative accounting frameworks for the accounting for the purchase, sale or exchange of digital assets and management has exercised significant judgement in determining appropriate accounting treatment for the recognition of revenue transactions in digital assets. In the event authoritative guidance is enacted by the IASB, the Company may be required to change its policies which could result in a change in the Company's financial position and earnings. The digital assets are initially recorded at the transaction price, being the fair value at

the time of acquisition. Thereafter, at each reporting period, the fair value of an investment may (depending upon the circumstances) be adjusted using one or more valuation indicators.

The cost and FVLCTS of digital assets as at September 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Cost	F	FVLCTS		
Digital coins	\$ 86	\$	269		
Digital tokens	791,732		258,842		
SAFTs	1,191,609		-		
	\$ 1,983,427	\$	259,111		

The cost and FVLCTS of digital assets as at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		FVLCTS		
Digital coins	\$	91	\$	141
Digital tokens		767,414		255,769
SAFTs		1,191,609		-
	\$	1,959,114	\$	255,910

The cost and FVLCTS of digital assets over \$1,000 as at September 30, 2020 are as follows:

Digital currency	Туре	Quantity	Cost	Fair co	Value less st to sell	% of FVLCTS
Sense	Tokens	29,031,461	\$ 193,515	\$	258,800	99.9
Other digital assets und	der \$1,000		1,789,913		311	0.1
			\$ 1,983,428	\$	259,111	100.0

The cost and FVLCTS of digital assets over \$1,000 as at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Digital currency	Туре	Quantity	Cost	Fair co	· Value less ost to sell	% of FVLCTS
Sense	Tokens	27,056,445	\$ 169,197	\$	255,414	99.8
Other digital assets un	der \$1,000		1,789,917		496	0.2
			\$ 1,959,114	\$	255,910	100.0

There are inherent and higher risks to digital assets including the risk associated with traditional securities, which include significant price volatility, the loss of the digital assets, fraud and high transaction fees. Digital currency prices are affected by various forces including global supply and demand, interest rates, exchange rates, inflation or deflation and the global political and economic conditions. Digital assets have a limited history and the fair value historically has been very volatile. The Company may not be able to liquidate its inventory of digital currency at its desired price if required.

Contingent liability:

In April 2006, the Company entered into a farm-in agreement with Canoro Resources Ltd. ("Canoro"), whereby it acquired a 15% interest in block AA-ONN-2003/2, in Arunachal Pradesh, northwest India. During 2009, the parties completed the interpretation of the 3-D seismic program. The consortium partners in the block are: ThreeD - 15%, Canoro - 15%, National Thermal Power Corporation - 40%, and Geopetrol International Inc. - 30%.

On April 8, 2010, the Production Sharing Contract (the "PSC") with the Government of India, through the Directorate General of Hydrocarbons (the "DGH") expired and as a result, the DGH called the Company's letter of guarantee totaling US\$1,395,000 issued by Royal Bank of Canada ("RBC"). The DGH's position is that the Company and its partners failed to meet certain terms of the PSC governing their commitments on exploration block AA-ONN-2003/2. The Company and its partners have disputed certain terms of the PSC, including its expiry on the basis of force majeure. As at June 30, 2010, the Company wrote-off all of its oil and gas properties and related expenditures in India.

In January 2015, the Company received notice from the DGH that it denied the request for non-levy of the cost of the unfinished PSC and demanded payment of the outstanding balance of US\$14,054,284 (ThreeD's share – US\$1,423,510). There has been no further correspondence from the DGH since January 2015.

The Company considers the claim to be completely without merit and will defend itself vigorously. No provision has been made for the claim in the consolidated statement of financial position as at September 30, 2020.

Results of Operations

The Company's selected quarterly results for the eight most recently completed interim financial periods are as follows:

	Quarter ended					
	Septembe	r 30, 2020	June 30, 2020	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	
Net investment and digital asset gains (losses)	\$	325,076	\$ 7,762,604	\$ (2,544,402)	\$ (4,829,035)	
Net income (loss) for the period Total comprehensive income (loss) for		(408,176)	7,235,197	(3,068,498)	(5,429,996)	
the period Earnings (loss) per share based on net		(407,788)	7,235,947	(3,070,106)	(5,429,655)	
income (loss) for the period – basic Earnings (loss) per share based on net		0.01	0.23	(0.12)	(0.24)	
income (loss) for the period – diluted		0.01	0.23	(0.12)	(0.24)	

_	Septem	ber 30, 2019	Jur	ne 30, 2019	March 31, 2019 (restated)	December 31, 2018 (restated)
Net investment and digital asset gains						
(losses)	\$	(8,616,653)	\$	749,551	\$ (83,435)	\$ 1,140,987
Net income (loss) for the period		(9,262,481)		(87,643)	(1,154,618)	549,049
Total comprehensive income (loss) for						
the period		(9,262,690)		(87,273)	(1,154,243)	548,114
Earnings (loss) per share based on net						
income (loss) for the period – basic		(0.49)		(0.01)	(80.0)	0.04
Earnings (loss) per share based on net						
income (loss) for the period – diluted		(0.49)		(0.01)	(0.08)	0.04

Restated quarters: The Company had reassessed the accounting policy in valuing its investments in warrants. Previously, the fair value of these investments was determined based on market information. For options and warrants which were not traded on a recognized securities exchange, no market value was readily available. When there were sufficient and reliable observable market inputs, a valuation technique was used; if no such market inputs were available or reliable, the options and warrants were valued at intrinsic value, which was equal to the higher of the closing trade price at the end of the reporting period of the underlying security less the exercise price of the options or warrants, and zero.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, it was determined that the fair value of warrants in the Company's investment portfolio should have been valued using an option pricing model such as the Black-Scholes valuation model.

The Company believes that the revised policy provides more relevant financial information to users of the consolidated financial statements.

No dividends were declared by the Company during any of the periods indicated.

Three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company generated net realized gains on disposal of investments of \$2,792,195, as compared to net realized losses on disposal of investments of \$754,613 for the three months ended September 30, 2019. The net realized gains in the current quarter was a result of the dispositions of the Company's investments to generate cash proceeds for use in general working capital and purchases of other investments and digital assets.

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company recorded a net change in unrealized losses on investments of \$2,445,916 as compared to \$7,845,016 for the three months ended September 30, 2019. The net change in unrealized losses on investments in the current period related to the reversal of previously recognized net unrealized gains on disposal of investments of \$3,557,287 offset by the net write-up to market on the Company's investments of \$1,111,371. In the prior year period, the net change in unrealized losses on investments in the current period related to the net write-down to market on the Company's investments of \$7,583,254 and by the reversal of previously recognized net unrealized gains on disposal of investments of \$261,762.

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company had realized losses on disposal of digital assets of \$90 (three months ended September 30, 2019 – net realized gains on disposal of digital assets of \$293,763) and recorded a net change in unrealized losses on digital assets of \$21,113 (three months ended September 30, 219 – \$310,787). The unrealized losses on digital assets is the write-down to fair value less cost to sell of the digital assets.

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company recorded administrative and rental income of \$79,190 as compared to \$73,767 for the three months ended September 30, 2019, an increase due to an increase in the rates charged to investees.

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company recorded other income of \$9,818 as compared to \$15 for the three months ended September 30, 2019, primarily consisting of interest income earned on convertible debenture investments.

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, operating, general and administrative expenses increased by \$108,382 to \$794,542 from \$686,160 for the three months ended September 30, 2019. The increase was primarily due to an increase in stock-based compensation expense, transaction costs, and salaries and consulting fees as discussed below.

The following is the breakdown of the Company's operating, general and administrative expenses for the indicated three month periods ended September 30. Details of the changes follow the table:

	2020	2019
Salaries and consulting fees (a)	\$ 318,025	\$ 277,350
Stock-based compensation expense (b)	201,526	100,728
Transaction costs (c)	115,867	68,191
Other office and general	98,071	114,139
Operating lease payments	30,622	28,707
Shareholder relations, transfer agent and filing fees	23,133	4,143
Professional fees (d)	13,587	75,285
Other employment benefits	10,497	12,811
Travel and promotion	67	3,000
Foreign exchange loss (gain) (e)	(16,853)	1,806
	\$ 794,542	\$ 686,160

- (a) Salaries and consulting fees increased by \$40,675 for the three months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2019. In the current year period, the Company hired part-time consultants for marketing and promotion.
- (b) Stock-based compensation expense increased by \$100,798 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2019. Stock-based compensation expense will vary from period to period depending upon the number of options granted and vested during a period and the fair value of the options calculated as at the grant date. Stock options granted vest at three-month intervals over 18 months and are accounted for in accordance with the fair value method of accounting for stock-based compensation. The fair value of these options is estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, and expensed over the vesting periods based on the graded method. Unvested forfeited stock options are not expensed during the period. In August 2020, the Company granted 500,000 options which vested immediately and were exercisable at \$0.60 expiring on August 24, 2021. These options were forfeited in October 2020.

- (c) Transactions costs increased by \$47,676 for the three months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2019, due to an increase in the volume of trading conducted by the Company. Transaction costs arise from the purchase and disposition of investments through brokers, which are expensed immediately in accordance with the Company's accounting policy.
- (d) Professional fees decreased by \$61,698 for the three months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2019. In the prior year period, professional fees included additional accruals for the 2019 fiscal year audit which related to an increase in expected audit work on the digital assets and valuation of investments.
- (e) During the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company had a foreign exchange gain of \$16,853 as compared to a foreign exchange loss of \$1,806 for the three months ended September 30, 2019, an increase of \$18,659. The Company experienced a foreign exchange gain due to the increase in the value of the Canadian dollar versus the U.S. dollar during the quarter, which decreased the Canadian dollar value of the Company's U.S. dollar denominated monetary liabilities.

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company had finance expenses of \$27,718 as compared to \$33,450 for the three months ended September 30, 2019. The finance expenses primarily relate to \$13,352 interest expense (three months ended September 30, 2019 - \$23,778) paid to brokers on margin borrowings and \$14,366 interest (three months ended September 30, 2019 - \$9,672) on the right-of-use assets.

Net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2020 was \$408,176 (\$0.01 per share) as compared to \$9,262,481 (\$0.49 per share) for the three months ended September 30, 2019.

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company recorded a gain from the exchange differences on translation of foreign operations of \$388 resulting in total comprehensive loss for the period of \$408,788. The gain from the exchange differences on translation of foreign operations was primarily due to the increase in the value of the Canadian dollar versus the U.S. dollar during the quarter, which decreased the Canadian dollar value of the Company's U.S. dollar denominated net liabilities held by foreign subsidiaries. For the three months ended September 30, 2019, the Company recorded a loss from the exchange differences on translation of foreign operations of \$209 resulting in total comprehensive loss for the period of \$9,262,690.

Cash Flows

Three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

During the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company used cash of \$126,544 in operating activities as compared to \$468,939 during the three months ended September 30, 2019. The Company classifies its investment activities (proceeds on disposal of investments and digital assets, purchases of investments and digital assets, and due from/to brokers) as operating activities which is the Company's primary business. During the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company had proceeds from disposition of investments of \$9,646,082 as compared to \$4,003,659 during the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company purchased \$9,123,904 of investments as compared to \$5,748,864 of investments purchased during the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company had proceeds from disposition of digital assets of \$48,551 as compared to \$1,300,167 during

the three months ended September 30, 2019. During the three months ended ended September 30, 2020, the Company purchased \$72,955 of digital assets as compared to \$694,719 purchased during the three months ended September 30, 2019.

During the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company generated net cash of \$84,849 in financing activities as compared to \$404,324 for the three months ended September 30, 2019. In the three months ended September 30, 2019, the Company raised net proceeds of \$507,111 from three non-brokered private placement financing. During the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company received advances of \$248,000 from the Chief Executive Officer (officer) used for general working capital and investment activities (three months ended September 30, 2019 – repaid \$60,000) and paid \$44,847 in principal payments of its lease liabilities (three months ended September 30, 2019 - \$42,787). During the three months ended September 30, 2020, under its NCIB, the Company has repurchased and cancelled 591,500 common shares at an average cost of \$0.20 per share for total cost of \$119,453 (includes transaction fees).

During the three month ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company had used cash of \$1,499 to purchase equipment.

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company had a net decrease in cash of \$43,194 as compared to \$64,615 for the three months ended September 30, 2019. For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company also had a gain from the exchange rate changes on its foreign operations' cash balances of \$388, leaving a cash balance of \$26,924 as at September 30, 2020 as compared to an exchange loss of \$209, leaving a cash balance of \$72,258 as at September 30, 2019.

Segmented information:

Reportable segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available, that are evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

The Company's operations primarily relate to investing. The Company's management is responsible for the Company's entire investment portfolio and considers the business to have a single operating segment. The management's investment decisions are based on a single, integrated investment strategy and the performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

All of the Company property, equipment and right-of-use assets are located in Canada and no segmented information has been disclosed as at and for the three months ended September 30, 2020.

Liquidity and capital resources:

Consolidated statement of financial position		
highlights	September 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Cash	\$ 26,924	\$ 69,730
Investments, at fair value	13,632,254	13,808,153
Digital assets, at fair value less cost to sell	259,111	255,910
Total assets	14,521,462	14,944,430
Due to brokers	612,323	850,698
Advances from officer	248,000	-
Total liabilities	1,613,966	1,712,368
Share capital, contributed surplus, warrants	142,810,352	142,727,130
Foreign currency translation reserve	875,568	875,180
Accumulated deficit	(130,778,424)	(130,370,248)

Total liabilities decreased by \$98,402 to \$1,613,966 as at September 30, 2020 as compared to \$1,712,368 as at June 30, 2020. The decrease was primarily due to the decrease in margin borrowings (due to brokers) which stood at \$612,323 as at September 30, 2019, used to purchased investments and fund the Company's operating expenses. The decrease in margin borrowings was offset by advances from officer of \$248,000. As at September 30, 2019, total liabilities also include \$17,894 (June 30, 2020 - \$18,282) accrued for the winding down of its inactive subsidiaries in Barbados.

The Company's cash and liquid investments as at September 30, 2020 would be sufficient to meet the Company's liabilities.

The Company continues to have no long-term debt except its lease liabilities. In order to meet its operating expenditure obligations as they become due, ThreeD will have to dispose of some its investments/digital assets or rely on external sources of capital such as using margin from brokerage accounts or raising capital. The Company's ability to access the debt and equity markets when required will depend upon factors beyond its control, such as economic and political conditions that may affect the capital markets generally. The Company's inability to raise sufficient capital to fund its operations and growth may result in the disposition of its investments at non-opportunistic times and, accordingly, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, and results of operations, and its ability to continue as a going concern.

In April 2015, the Company signed a lease for premises which started May 1, 2015 for annual payments of approximately \$82,875 (\$6,906 monthly, increased to \$7,166 effective January 1, 2017) plus applicable taxes until April 30, 2018 and office equipment lease payments of \$5,340 annually (\$445 monthly) plus applicable taxes until April 30, 2019. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Company extended the lease on its premises to April 30, 2021 for annual payments of approximately \$86,125.

In September 2018, the Company signed a lease for new premises which started on December 1, 2018 until November 30, 2023, for annual payments of approximately \$190,974 (plus applicable taxes), increasing approximately 3.4% per year. The Company has arranged to sublease out its former premises on a month-to-month basis.

As at September 30, 2020, future minimum annual lease payments under operating leases for premises and equipment are approximately as follows:

2021	\$ 259,767
2022	214,213
2023	219,520
2024	36,342
Prepaid rent and operating costs deposits	(61,229)
Total lease obligations	\$ 668,613
Lease operating costs	(208,528)
Discount at effective interest rates of 10%-15%	(94,044)
Lease liability, as at September 30, 2020	\$ 366,041

As at September 30, 2020, the Company had commitments to purchase investments totaling \$850,000 (June 30, 2020 - \$122,250).

Related party transactions:

All transactions with related parties have occurred in the normal course of operations and are recorded at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

(a) Compensation to key management personnel and directors during the three months ended September 30 were as follows:

Type of expense	202	20	2	019
Consulting fees and salaries	\$ 1	191,250	\$	184,250
Other short-term benefits		2,376		6,012
Stock-based compensation expense		38,910		95,425
	\$ 2	232,536	\$	285,687

Key management personnel are the Chairman/Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), Chief Financial Officer/Corporate Secretary ("CFO").

- (b) During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Company completed eight non-brokered private placements. On July 2, 2019, two directors and a close family member of the CEO subscribed for 817,237 units for gross proceeds of \$212,482. On August 20, 2019, close family members of the CEO subscribed for 1,275,000 units for gross proceeds of \$255,000. On September 13, 2019, the CEO and a director subscribed for 1,300,000 units for gross proceeds of \$260,000. On November 22, 2019, a close family member of the CEO subscribed for 1,250,000 units for gross proceeds of \$165,000. On January 28, 2020, a director and close family members of the CEO subscribed for 3,891,666 units for gross proceeds of \$467,000. On February 24, 2020, close family members of the CEO subscribed for 2,500,000 units for gross proceeds of \$300,000. On May 8, 2020, the CEO subscribed for 1,000,000 units for gross proceeds of \$100,000.
- (c) On September 18, 2019, 62,500 stock options were granted to a director of the Company, exercisable at a price of \$0.40 per share, expiring on September 18, 2024. On May 12, 2020,

- 450,000 stock options were granted to directors of the Company, exercisable at a price of \$0.10 per share, expiring on May 12, 2025.
- (d) On September 15, 2020, 1,400,000 stock options were granted to directors and officers of the Company, exercisable at a price of \$0.30 per share, expiring on September 15, 2025.
- (e) As at September 30, 2020, included in prepaids and receivables is \$115,260 (June 30, 2020 \$75,710) due from a related party with a common director. The receivables are for rental and administrative services.
- (f) As at September 30, 2020, included in prepaids and receivables is \$Nil (June 30, 2020 \$94,167) in prepaid consulting fees to Park Place Limited, a private company controlled by the CEO. As at September 30, 2020, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$52,595 due to Park Place Limited (June 30, 2020 \$11,023) relating to consulting fees and reimbursement of operating expenses.
- (g) As at September 30, 2020, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$1,137 (June 30, 2020 \$18,201) due to the CEO relating to reimbursement of operating expenses.
- (h) As at September 30, 2020, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$67,094 (June 30, 2020 \$62,150) due to a company controlled by the CFO relating to consulting fees owing to him.
- (i) As at September 30, 2020, the Company had advances from officer (CEO) of \$248,000 (June 30, 2020 \$Nil) which were due on demand, unsecured and interest free. These advances were used for general working capital.

Off-Balance sheet arrangements:

As at September 30, 2020, the Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on the results of operations or financial condition of ThreeD.

Management of capital:

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the three months ended September 30, 2020. The Company's capital includes all components of equity which amounts to \$12,907,496 as at September 30, 2020 (June 30, 2020 - \$13,232,062). To date, the Company has not declared any cash dividends to its shareholders as part of its capital management program. The Company's current capital resources are sufficient to discharge its liabilities as at September 30, 2020.

Risk management:

The investment operations of ThreeD's business involve the purchase and sale of securities and digital assets, and, accordingly, a portion of the Company's assets are currently comprised of financial instruments. The use of financial instruments can expose the Company to several risks, including market, credit, and liquidity risks. Although digital assets are not considered financial instruments, they

inherently have the similar risks as traditional investments. A discussion of the Company's use of financial instruments and their associated risks is provided below.

(a) Market risk:

There were no changes in the way the Company manages market risk during the three months ended September 30, 2020. As at September 30, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Company held some U.S. denominated investments and the majority of its digital assets are denominated in U.S. dollars therefore market risk also includes currency risk. The Company manages market risk by having a portfolio which is not singularly exposed to any one issuer or class/sector of issuers.

Additionally, the Company adjusts its investments/digital assets to fair value at the end of each reporting period. This process could result in significant write-downs of the Company's investments/digital currencies over one or more reporting periods, particularly during periods of overall market instability, which would have a significant unfavourable effect on ThreeD's financial position.

The following table shows the estimated sensitivity of the Company's after-tax net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2020 from a change in the closing trade price of the Company's investments and digital assets with all other variables held constant as at September 30, 2020:

Percentage of change in closing tra-	Decrease in after-ta de loss from % increas		
price	closing trade price	ce closing trade	e price
2%	\$ 24 ⁻	1,015 \$	(241,015)
4%	482	2,030	(482,030)
6 %	72	3,046	(723,046)
8%	96	4,061	(964,061)
10%	1,20	5,076	(1,205,076)

The following table shows the estimated sensitivity of the Company's after-tax net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2019 from a change in the closing trade price of the Company's investments and digital assets with all other variables held constant as at September 30, 2019:

	Decrease in after-tax net loss from % increase in			Increase in after-tax net loss from % decrease in closing		
Percentage of change in closing trade price	closing trade		trade pi	•		
2%	\$	241,906	\$	(241,906)		
4%		483,813		(483,813)		
6%		725,719		(725,719)		
8%		967,625		(967,625)		
10%		1,209,531		(1,209,531)		

(b) Currency risk:

The Company presently holds funds in Canadian dollars but some of its liabilities are denominated in U.S. dollars. The Company does not engage in any hedging activities to mitigate its foreign exchange risk. A change in the foreign exchange rate of the Canadian dollar versus another

currency may increase or decrease the value of the Company's financial instruments. The Company does not hedge its foreign currency exposure.

The following assets and liabilities (excluding investments and digital assets) were denominated in foreign currencies:

	Septemb	September 30, 2020		30, 2020
Denominated in U.S. dollars:				
Cash	\$	280	\$	219
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(17,894)		(18,282)
Due to brokers		(298,517)		(399,574)
Net assets denominated in U.S. dollars	\$	(316,131)	\$	(417,637)
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>

The following table shows the estimated sensitivity of the Company's after-tax net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2020 from a change in the U.S. dollar exchange rate in which the Company has significant exposure with all other variables held constant as at September 30, 2020:

	Increase in after-tax net loss	Decrease in after-tax net loss
Percentage change in U.S. dollar	from an increase in % in the	from a decrease in % in the
exchange rate	U.S. dollar exchange rate	U.S. dollar exchange rate
2%	\$ (4,647)	\$ 4,647
4%	(9,294)	9,294
6%	(13,941)	13,941
8%	(18,589)	18,589
10%	(23,236)	23,236

The following table shows the estimated sensitivity of the Company's after-tax net loss for the year ended June 30, 2020 from a change in the U.S. dollar exchange rate in which the Company has significant exposure with all other variables held constant as at June 30, 2020:

	Increase in after-tax net loss	Decrease in after-tax net loss
Percentage change in U.S. dollar exchange	from an increase in % in the	from a decrease in % in the
rate	U.S. dollar exchange rate	U.S. dollar exchange rate
2%	\$ (6,139)	\$ 6,139
4%	(12.279)	12,279
6%	(18,418)	18,418
8%	(24,557)	24,557
10%	(30,696)	30,696

(c) Digital assets regulatory risk:

Uncertainties exist with respect to the legality of SAFT investments in certain jurisdictions, as some SAFT investments might not be registered under the local securities law.

(d) 2019 novel corona virus ("COVID-19"):

There is a global outbreak of COVID-19, which has had a significant impact on businesses through the restrictions put in place by the Canadian, provincial and municipal governments regarding travel, business operations and isolation/quarantine orders. At this time, it is unknown the true extent of the impact the COVID-19 outbreak may have on the Company as this will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and that cannot be predicted with confidence. These uncertainties arise from the inability to predict the geographic spread of the disease, and the duration of the outbreak, including the duration of travel restrictions, business closures or disruptions, and quarantine/isolation measures that are currently, or may be put, in place by Canada and other countries to fight the virus. The Company continues to monitor its investment and digital assets portfolio and assess the impact COVID-19 will have on its business activities. The extent of the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company is uncertain.

Risks:

ThreeD's financial condition, results of operation and business are subject to certain risks, which may negatively affect them. Certain of these risks are described below in addition to elsewhere in this MD&A.

(a) Cash flows:

The Company generates revenue and cash flows primarily from its proceeds from the disposition of its investments, in addition to interest income earned on the Company's investments. The availability of these sources of funds and the amount of funds generated from these sources are dependent upon various factors, most of which are outside of the Company's direct control.

(b) Private issuers and illiquid securities:

The Company invests in securities of private issuers. Investments in private issuers cannot be resold without a prospectus, an available exemption or an appropriate ruling under relevant securities legislation and there may not be any market for such securities. These limitations may impair the Company's ability to react quickly to market conditions or negotiate the most favourable terms for exiting such investments. Investments in private issuers may offer relatively high potential returns, but will also be subject to a relatively high degree of risk. There can be no assurance that a public market will develop for any of the Company's private company investments or that the Company will otherwise be able to realize a return on such investments. The Company also invests in illiquid securities of public issuers. A considerable period of time may elapse between the time a decision is made to sell such securities and the time the Company is able to do so, and the value of such securities could decline during such period. Illiquid investments are subject to various risks, particularly the risk that the Company will be unable to realize the Company's investment objectives by sale or other disposition at attractive prices or otherwise be unable to complete any exit strategy. In some cases, the Company may be prohibited by contract or by law from selling such securities for a period of time or otherwise be restricted from disposing of such securities. Furthermore, the types of investments made may require a substantial length of time to liquidate.

(c) Simple Agreement for Future Tokens (SAFTs):

The Company invests in SAFTs which is an agreement with a promise by the company to distribute tokens to investors in the future (ie: a token presale and not an ICO). There may be no resale of the SAFT and a considerable period of time may elapse between the payment of the SAFT and the receipt of the tokens, if at all. SAFTs are subject to high risks, see "Digital assets" below.

(d) Investment risks:

The Company acquires securities of public and private companies from time to time, which are primarily junior or small-cap companies. The market values of these securities can experience significant fluctuations in the short and long term due to factors beyond the Company's control. Market value can be reflective of the actual or anticipated operating results of the companies and/or the general market conditions that affect a specific sector as a whole, such as fluctuations in commodity prices and global political and economical conditions. The Company's investments are carried at fair value, and unrealized gains/losses on the securities and realized losses on the securities sold could have a material adverse impact on the Company's operating results. In recent years equity markets have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations. These fluctuations have had a substantial effect on market prices, often unrelated to the operating performance of the specific companies. The recent decline in stock prices of the types of companies in which the Company invests have been very significant and such prices might take an extended time, to recover if they do at all.

(e) Digital assets:

The Company acquires digital assets which include digital coins, tokens, and SAFTs. The risks associated with digital assets are similar to investments risks, in addition, digital assets have a limited history and the fair value less cost to sell historically has been very volatile. Historical performance of digital assets are not indicative of their future price performance. Certain digital assets are illiquid investments, are subject to various risks, particularly the risk that the Company will be unable to realize the Company's investment objectives by sale or other disposition at attractive prices or otherwise be unable to complete any exit strategy.

The Company has not hedged the conversion of any of its digital assets to traditional flat currencies.

In addition, the majority of digital assets investments made by the Company are held within the cold wallets (hardware wallets). The cold wallets are used to maintain one or more digital wallets, whose private keys are maintained on computers or other devices that are not connected to the Internet or any other computer network. The cold wallets also keep the private keys that provide access to the digital wallets and facilitate the transfer of digital assets in accordance with the Company's instructions.

Certain tokens are held within the hot wallets (exchange wallets). Security breaches, computer malware and computer hacking attacks have been a prevalent concern of using the hot wallets. Any security breach caused by hacking could cause loss of digital assets.

In addition to the security access to wallets, there is a risk of fraudulent users and the reliability of the underlying blockchain of digital coins and tokens. There is no certainty of knowing the transaction between two individuals who are represented by a private and public key are in fact who they represent and are not a fraudulent individual. Because of how blockchain is set up, through total anonymity, it is difficult to confirm that the risk does not exist that the "person" on the other end may not be who you expect it to be. And there is an inherent risk that the proof of concept being supported by blockchain itself fails. A blockchain relies on a consensus model to operate. If for some reason the majority of participants were no longer invested in the success of the network, it would no longer be considered reliable. As a result, the integrity of transactions would be lost.

(f) Non-controlling interests:

The Company's investments include equity securities of companies that the Company does not control. These securities may be acquired by the Company in the secondary market or through purchases of securities from the issuer. Any such investment is subject to the risk that the company in which the investment is made may make business, financial or management decisions with which ThreeD does not agree or that the majority stakeholders or the management of the company may take risks or otherwise act in a manner that does not serve the Company's interests. If any of the foregoing were to occur, the values of the Company's investments could decrease and the Company's financial condition, results of operations and cash flow could suffer as a result.

(g) Dependence on management:

The Company is dependent upon the efforts, skill and business contacts of key members of management, for among other things, the information and deal flow they generate during the normal course of their activities and the synergies which exist amongst their various fields of expertise and knowledge. Accordingly, the Company's success will depend upon the continued service of these individuals who are not obligated to remain employed with ThreeD. A loss of key personnel - members of management in particular - could impair our ability to execute our strategy and implement our operational objectives, all of which would have a material adverse effect on the company.

(h) Exchange rate fluctuations:

A significant portion of the Company's portfolio is invested in U.S. dollar denominated investments, as well, from time to time, investments and digital assets are denominated in other foreign currencies. Changes in the value of the foreign currencies in which the Company investments are denominated could have a negative impact on the ultimate return on the Company's investments and digital assets and overall financial performance.

Critical accounting estimates:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Critical accounting estimates used in the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements include the Company's valuation of its privately-held investments, valuation of SAFTs, the valuation related to the Company's deferred tax assets ("DTA") and deferred tax liabilities ("DTL"), and the Company's estimate of inputs for the calculation of the fair value of stock-based compensation expense, the Company's own warrants and unlisted warrants of investees held by ThreeD.

Valuation of privately-held investments:

The valuation of these investments ("private investments") requires management to assess the current financial status and prospects of private investments based upon potentially incomplete or unaudited

financial information provided by the investee company, on management's general knowledge of the private investment's activities, and on any political or economic events that may impact upon the private investment specifically, and to attempt to quantify the impact of such events on the fair value of the investment. In addition to any events or circumstances that may affect the fair value of a particular private investment, management can consider general market conditions that may affect the fair value of either a particular private investment or of a group, segment or complete portfolio of private investments.

Changes in the fair value of our private investments for company-specific reasons have tended to be infrequent. Changes as a result of general market conditions may be more frequent from period to period during times of significant volatility. Given the relatively size of our private investment portfolio, such changes can have a material impact on our financial condition or operating results. For the three months ended September 30, 2020 and year ended June 30, 2020, the Company had the following changes in its private investments categorized as level 3 in the financial instrument hierarchy:

	Opening			Realized		Net unrealized	
	balance at July 1,	Purchases	Proceeds on dispositions	losses on dispositions	Transfer to Level 1 or 2	gains (losses)	Ending balance
September 30, 2020	\$ 5,983,529	\$ 377,115		\$ -	\$ (200,000)	\$ (587,414)	\$ 5,573,230
June 30, 2020	\$ 14,306,703	\$ 1,170,886	\$ (1,504,285)	\$ (283,347)	\$ (5,066,762)	\$ (2,639,666)	\$ 5,983,529

Valuation of SAFTs:

The valuation of SAFTs requires management to assess the current financial status and prospects of receiving tokens in the future based upon potentially incomplete or information provided by the investee company, on management's general knowledge of the private company's activities, and on any political or economic events that may impact upon the private company specifically, and to attempt to quantify the impact of such events on the fair value of the SAFT.

Changes in the fair value of the SAFTs have been infrequent since this is the first quarter the Company has invested in SAFTs. All SAFTs were written down to \$0 at June 30, 2019. There were no changes to the fair value measurements of digital assets classified as Level 3 for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and year ended June 30, 2020.

Deferred tax assets:

Deferred tax is provided using the statement of financial position method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

DTL are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and DTA are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses. The Company does not record DTA to the extent that it considers it is not more likely than not that deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

Management determined, based upon expectations for future taxable income that it believes that it is not more likely than not it will realize the tax benefits of the DTA during the next several years.

Stock-based Compensation Expense/Warrants:

The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate stock-based compensation expense and the fair value of the warrants and broker warrants issued under the Company's private placements. The model requires six key inputs: exercise price, market price at date of issue, risk free interest rate, expected dividend yield, expected life and expected volatility. The first two inputs are facts rather than estimates, while the risk free interest rate, expected life, expected volatility and expected dividend yield (estimated at 0% based on the Company's history of not paying any dividends) are based on the Company's estimates. A shorter expected life of the option, lower volatility number or higher dividend yield used would result in a decrease in stock-based compensation expense. A longer expected life of the option or a higher volatility number used would result in an increase in stock-based compensation expense. The Company is also required to estimate the future forfeiture rate of options based on historical information in its calculation of stock-based compensation expense. These estimates involve considerable judgment and are, or could be, affected by significant factors that are out of the Company's control.

During the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company granted 2,080,000 stock options to directors, officers, employees, and consultants of the Company, exercisable at a prices between \$0.30 and \$0.60 per share expiring between August 24, 2021 and September 15, 2025. The fair value of the options granted during the three months ended September 30, 2020 was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model with the following assumptions:

Black-Scholes option valuation model assumptions used (weighted average)	
Expected volatility	184.1%-251.9%
Expected dividend yield	0%
Risk-free interest rate	0.27%-0.28%
Expected option life in years	1-3.3 years
Expected forfeiture rate	7.1%-7.2%
Fair value per stock option granted on August 24, 2020	\$ 0.30
Fair value per stock option granted on September 15, 2020	\$ 0.22

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Company granted 512,500 stock options to directors of the Company, exercisable at an average price of \$0.14 per share expiring between September 18, 2024 and May 12, 2025. The fair value of the options granted during the year ended June 30, 2020 was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model with the following assumptions:

Black-Scholes option valuation model assumptions used (weighted average)	
Expected volatility	112.66%-182.74%
Expected dividend yield	0%
Risk-free interest rate	0.29%-1.51%
Expected option life in years	3.5 years
Expected forfeiture rate	6.9%-7.1%
Fair value per stock option granted on September 18, 2019	\$ 0.14
Fair value per stock option granted on May 12, 2020	\$ 0.09

The expected volatility is based on the average historical volatility over the life of the option at ThreeD's share price. The Company has not paid any cash dividends historically and has no plans to pay cash dividends in the foreseeable future. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of Canadian Benchmark Bonds with equivalent terms. The expected option life in years represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding based on historical options granted.

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, included in operating, general and administrative expenses is stock-based compensation of \$201,526 (three months ended September 30, 2019 - \$100,728) relating to the stock options granted to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company.

As at September 30, 2020, the warrants outstanding were as follows:

Number of warrants	Exercise price	Expiry date	Warran	nt value (\$)
712,496	\$ 1.80	October 24, 2020	\$	368,154
668,745	3.00	November 14, 2020		616,598
1,066,661	1.80	April 13, 2021		509,678
618,596	2.40	May 16, 2021		368,797
1,101,662	1.80	August 23, 2021		489,982
904,164	1.80	October 30, 2021		394,156
416,666	1.80	March 1, 2022		173,195
3,171,537	0.40	May 31, 2022		326,719
2,548,006	0.40	July 2, 2022		286,839
1,275,000	0.40	August 20, 2022		106,033
1,300,000	0.40	September 13, 2022		104,622
1,250,000	0.20	November 22, 2022		63,965
4,916,666	0.20	January 28, 2023		251,969
2,500,000	0.20	February 24, 2023		130,706
1,000,000	0.15	May 8, 2023		45,052
23,450,199			\$	4,236,465

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Company completed non-brokered private placements as follows:

Date	tal gross roceeds		suance osts ⁽ⁱ⁾	Number common shares	Number of warrants	р	ercise rice rrants	Expiry date of warrants
July 2, 2019	\$ 662,482	\$	2,521	2,548,006	2,548,006	\$	0.40	July 2, 2022
August 20, 2019	255,000		3,171	1,275,000	1,275,000		0.40	August 20, 2022
September 13, 2019	260,000		3,951	1,300,000	1,300,000		0.40	September 13, 2022
November 22, 2019	165,000		2,627	1,250,000	1,250,000		0.20	November 22, 2022
December 23, 2019 ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	250,000		6,208	1,250,000	1		-	•
January 28, 2020	590,000		2,073	4,916,666	4,916,666		0.20	January 28, 2023
February 24, 2020	300,000		4,261	2,500,000	2,500,000		0.20	February 24, 2023
May 8, 2020	100,000	•	2,103	1,000,000	1,000,000		0.15	May 8, 2023
Total	\$ 2,582,482	\$	26,915	16,039,672	14,789,672		•	

- (i) These expenses have not been tax affected.
- (ii) On December 23, 2019, the Company acquired 3,000,000 units of St-Georges Eco-Mining Corp. ("St-Georges") (CSE: "SX") at a price of \$0.10 per unit. In consideration, the Company issued an aggregate of 1,250,000 common shares of the Company at a deemed price of \$0.20 per common share and made a cash payment in the amount of \$50,000.

The purchase warrants issued during the year ended June 30, 2020 were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	Expected volatility (%)	Expected dividend yield (%)	Risk-free interest rate (%)	Expected option life in years	Fair value per warrant issued, net of share issuance costs
July 2, 2019	144.31	0.0	1.43	3	0.11
August 20, 2019	144.94	0.0	1.29	3	0.08
September 13, 2019	136.18	0.0	1.58	3	0.08
November 22, 2019	137.05	0.0	1.56	3	0.05
January 28, 2020	159.67	0.0	1.46	3	0.05
February 24, 2020	165.42	0.0	1.30	3	0.05
May 8, 2020	184.62	0.0	0.26	3	0.05

The expected volatility is based on the average historical volatility over the life of the warrants at the Company's share price. The Company has not paid any cash dividends historically and has no plans to pay cash dividends in the foreseeable future. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of Canadian Benchmark Bonds with equivalent terms. The expected warrant life in years represents the period of time that the warrants are expected to be outstanding based on historical warrants issued. The total value (net of share issuance costs) assigned to the purchase warrants was \$989,185.

Valuation of Unlisted Warrants of Public Companies:

The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate the fair value of unlisted warrants of investees if there are sufficient and reliable observable market inputs; if no such market inputs are available, the warrants are valued at intrinsic value. The model requires six key inputs: risk free interest rate, exercise price, market price at date of issue, expected dividend yield, expected life and expected volatility. The first four inputs are facts rather than estimates, while the expected life, expected volatility and expected dividend yield (estimated at 0% based on the Company's history of not paying any dividends) are based on the Company's estimates. A shorter expected life of the warrant, lower volatility number or higher dividend yield used would result in a decrease in the fair value of the warrant. A longer expected life of the warrant or a higher volatility number used would result in an increase in the fair value of the warrant. These estimates involve considerable judgment and are, or could be, affected by significant factors that are out of the Company's control. As at September 30, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the fair value of unlisted warrants were \$2,680,638 and \$5,881,284, respectively.

Outstanding Share Data:

Subsequent to September 30, 2020, 1,381,241 warrants exercisable at prices between \$1.80 and \$3.00 per share expired unexercised.

Subsequent to September 30, 2020, 559,027 options exercisable at prices between \$0.60 and \$2.64 per share expired unexercised.

As at the date of this MD&A, the number of common shares of the Company outstanding and the number of common shares issuable pursuant to other outstanding securities of ThreeD are as follows:

Common shares	Number of securities outstanding	Number of securities exercisable
Outstanding	31,297,387	31,297,387
Issuable under the exercise of options	4,124,821	2,273,986
Issuable under the exercise of warrants	22,068,958	22,068,958
Total diluted common shares	57,491,166	55,640,331

Refer to Note 8 of the Notes to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the months ended September 30, 2020 for details of the Company's share capital as at September 30, 2020.

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures:

This MD&A contains references to "net asset value per share" (basic and diluted) ("NAV") which is a non-GAAP financial measure. NAV is calculated as the value of total assets less the value of total liabilities divided by the total number of common shares outstanding as at a specific date. NAV (diluted) is calculated as total assets less total liabilities divided by the total number of common shares of the Company outstanding as at a specific date, calculated based upon the assumption that all outstanding securities of the Company that are convertible into or exercisable for common shares have been converted or exercised. The term NAV does not have any standardized meaning according to GAAP and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. There is no comparable GAAP financial measure presented in ThreeD's consolidated financial statements and thus no applicable quantitative reconciliation for such non-GAAP financial measure. The Company believes that the measure provides information useful to its shareholders in understanding our performance, and may assist in the evaluation of the Company's business relative to that of its peers.

Additional Information:

Additional information relating to ThreeD may be found on the Company's website at www.threedcapital.com and the Company's profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.