## ATEBA RESOURCES INC.

(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Stated in Canadian dollars)

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LICENSED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### To the Shareholders of Ateba Resources Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Ateba Resources Inc.**, which comprise the balance sheets as at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 and the statements of loss, comprehensive loss, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of Ateba Resources Inc. as at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements which indicates that Ateba Resources Inc. has incurred losses for the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012. This fact, along with other matters as set forth in Note 2, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Jones & O'Connell LLP

Jones & O'Connell LLP Chartered Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

April 29, 2014 St. Catharines, Ontario

### **BALANCE SHEETS** (Stated in Canadian dollars)

### **ASSETS**

	December 31 2013	December 31 2012
CURRENT		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,736	\$ 249,455
Accounts receivable	6,213	37,473
Marketable securities (note 4)	-	1
Deposits		50,000
	9,949	336,929
INTEREST IN MINING PROPERTIES (note 5)	2,832,475	2,524,350
	\$ 2,842,424	\$ 2,861,279
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 469,984	\$ 221,574
SHAREHOLDERS' E	QUITY	
CAPITAL STOCK (note 7)	24,889,291	24,889,291
WARRANTS (note 8)	1,440	401,250
CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS	899,110	489,500
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	-	(1,555)
DEFICIT	(23,417,401)	(23,138,781)
	2,372,440	2,639,705
	\$ 2,842,424	\$ 2,861,279

GOING CONCERN (note 2 (b))

Approved by the Board:

Signed "Peter J. Evans", Director

Peter J. Evans

Signed "William P. Dickie", Director W.P. Dickie

# STATEMENTS OF LOSS (Stated in Canadian dollars)

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

	2013		 2012
REVENUE			
Interest	\$	121	\$ 3,915
EXPENSES			
Office, general and investor relations		170,615	238,107
Directors' fees		18,000	18,000
Consulting fees		63,000	63,000
Professional fees		17,000	29,000
Stock-based compensation (note 7(b))		8,820	-
Loss on disposal of marketable securities		1,306	 
		278,741	 348,107
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	\$	278,620	\$ 344,192
Basic and fully diluted loss per share (note 7(c))	\$	0.00	\$ 0.01

# STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Stated in Canadian dollars)

### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

	2013	2012
Loss for the year	\$ 278,620	\$ 344,192
Other comprehensive income		
Realized loss on disposal of marketable securities	(1,305)	-
Unrealized loss on marketable securities		666
Comprehensive loss for the year	\$ 277,315	\$ 344,858

## ATEBA RESOURCES INC.

(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Stated in Canadian dollars)

	Common Shares Warrants							
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Deficit	Total
Balance January 1, 2012	56,699,246	\$ 24,875,291	17,421,225	\$ 734,310	\$ 155,000	\$ (889)	\$ (22,794,589)	\$2,969,123
Shares issued for: Mining option agreements Warrants expired Net loss and comprehensive loss for the year	533,334	14,000	133,333 (10,056,667)	1,440 (334,500)	334,500	(666)	(344,192)	15,440
Balance December 31, 2012	57,232,580	\$24,889,291	7,497,891	\$ 401,250	\$ 489,500	\$ (1,555)	\$ (23,138,781)	\$2,639,705
Stock options issued Warrants expired Proceeds on sale of marketable securities Loss on disposal of marketable securities Net loss and comprehensive income for the period	- - - - -	- - - -	(7,364,558)	(399,810)	9,800 399,810 - -	250 1,305	(278,620)	9,800 - 250 1,305 (278,620)
Balance December 31, 2013	57,232,580	\$ 24,889,291	133,333	\$ 1,440	\$ 899,110	\$	\$ (23,417,401)	\$2,372,440

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Stated in Canadian dollars)

	2013	2012
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss for the year	\$ (278,620)	\$ (344,192)
Add items not affecting cash:		
Stock-based compensation	8,820	-
Loss on disposal of marketable securities	1,306	-
Net changes in non-cash working capital balances		
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	31,260	(6,180)
Decrease (increase) in deposits	50,000	(50,000)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	248,410	122,259
Cash provided from (used in) operations	61,176	(278,113)
CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	250	
Interest in mining properties	(307,145)	(519,904)
Cash used in investing	(306,895)	(509,904)
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Cash provided by financing		
DECREASE IN CASH DURING THE YEAR	(246,719)	(798,017)
CASH POSITION AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	249,455	1,047,472
CASH POSITION AT THE END OF THE YEAR	\$ 3,736	\$ 249,455
Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of the following:		
Deposits with bank	\$ 3,736	\$ 14,163
Guaranteed investment certificates		235,292
	\$ 3,736	\$ 249,455

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(Stated in Canadian dollars)

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Company is a publicly listed company incorporated in Ontario and its shares are listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange (CSE) (formerly CNSX). It was formed on February 1, 1988 following the amalgamation of two predecessor companies. The Company is primarily engaged in the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties in Canada.

The head office and principal address of the Company are located at 130 King Street West, Suite 3680, Toronto Ontario M5X 1B1.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### (a) Statement of Compliance

These audited financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with the International Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

### (b) Basis of Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Current assets are recorded at fair value. The comparative figures presented in these financial statements are in accordance with IFRS.

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company is a going concern, which contemplates the realization of its assets and the settlement of its liabilities in the normal course of operations. The ability of the Company to continue operations is dependent upon obtaining the necessary financing to complete the development of its properties. Further, the Company has ongoing operating expenses and there is a material uncertainty that the Company will be able to obtain additional financing in the near or long-term future to cover these amounts given the current market environment for small exploration stage companies, notwithstanding the success of its previous private placements. These financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the carrying values and classifications of assets and liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

The Company incurred a loss of \$278,620 for the year ended December 31, 2013 (2012 – \$344,192) and has a working capital deficiency of \$460,035 as at December 31, 2013 (2012 – working capital \$115,355). The ability of the Company to carry out its business plan rests with its ability to secure additional equity and other financing.

These financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on April 24, 2014.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Stated in Canadian dollars)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relate to the determination of the recoverability of mineral property costs, and the valuation allowance of future tax assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The significant accounting policies are as follows:

#### (a) Financial Instruments

Financial Instruments are initially recognized at their fair value on a settlement basis when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument or non-financial derivative contract. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value hierarchy establishes three levels to classify valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Level 1 items are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 items are quoted prices in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or quoted prices that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data and other means. Level 3 inputs are unobservable and supported by little or no market activity. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 items and the lowest priority to Level 3 items.

Subsequent measurement of financial instruments is based on the classification of the financial instrument as follows:

#### (i) Fair Value Basis - Profit or Loss

Cash and cash equivalents and deposits are recorded on a fair value basis with any changes in fair value being recorded in profit or loss in other income. Cash and cash equivalents and deposits are managed based on their fair value to the entity in accordance with the company's investment strategy and reported internally at fair value. Transaction costs associated with these items are expensed as incurred. The fair value of cash and cash equivalents are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy because they are valued using quoted market prices in active markets. The fair value of deposits approximates its cost due to its inherent nature and is classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy given that it has no observable market.

#### (ii) Fair Value Basis - Other Comprehensive Income

Marketable securities are recorded on a fair value basis with any changes in fair value being recorded in other comprehensive loss. Marketable securities are managed based on their fair value to the entity in accordance with the company's investment strategy and reported internally at fair value. The fair value of marketable securities is based upon quoted market prices. Marketable securities are written down only if there is a permanent decline in the anticipated recoverable amount below their cost. The cost of financial assets designated as available for sale is disclosed in note 4.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Stated in Canadian dollars)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (a) Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### (iii) Amortized Cost

Accounts receivable are recorded on the balance sheet at amortized cost, with interest being recorded in profit or loss using the effective interest method. The fair value of accounts receivable approximates their recorded amounts due to their short-term maturities.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are recorded on the balance sheet at amortized cost, with interest being recorded in net income using the effective interest method. The fair value of accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximated their recorded amounts due to their short-term maturities.

#### (b) Revenue recognition

Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis; and, profits on the sale of marketable securities are recognized at the time of settlement.

#### (c) Mining properties

The Company's interests in mining properties are carried at cost as intangible assets on a property-by-property basis. Costs include capitalized expenditures for acquisition, geological surveys, exploration and development. When shares of the Company are issued from treasury as consideration for the acquisition of mining properties, the market value of the shares is considered a cost of acquisition. Costs for each property are written off to the statement of income (loss) if future recovery is determined to be unlikely.

If the economically recoverable mineral reserves are developed, capitalized costs of the related property will be reclassified as mining assets and amortized using the unit of production method. When a mineral property is abandoned, all related costs are written off to operations.

Mining properties are assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying value of the mining property may exceed its recoverable amount. When facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying value of the mining property may exceed its recoverable amount, the mining property is written down to its recoverable amount through recognition of an impairment loss.

#### (d) Income taxes

Future income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on temporary differences between the accounting and tax base of the assets and liabilities, and are measured using substantially enacted tax rates expected to be in effect when these temporary differences are likely to reverse. The amount of future income tax assets recognized is limited to the amount of the benefit that is more likely than not to be realized, and a valuation allowance is applied against any future tax asset if it is more likely than not that the asset will not be realized.

#### (e) Loss per common share

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing the loss for the year by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year, including contingently issuable shares which are included when the conditions necessary for issuance have been met. Diluted earnings per share is calculated in a manner similar to basic loss per share, except that the weighted average shares outstanding are increased to include the potentially issuable common shares from the assumed exercise of options and warrants, if dilutive. The number of additional shares included in the calculation is based on the treasury stock method for options.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Stated in Canadian dollars)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (f) Stock option plan

The Company has a stock option plan, which is described in note 7 (b). The Company accounts for stock-based compensation using the fair-value method. Under the fair value method, stock-based payments are measured at the fair value of equity instruments and are amortized over the vesting period. The offset to the recorded cost is contributed surplus in shareholders' equity.

If the stock options are exercised, the proceeds are credited to share capital and the fair value at the date of grant is reclassified from contributed surplus to share capital.

#### (g) Impairment of long-lived assets

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset.

### (h) Asset retirement obligations

The fair value of the liability for an asset retirement obligation is recorded when it is incurred or can be reasonably estimated, and the corresponding increase to the asset is depreciated over the life of the asset. The liability is increased over time to reflect an accretion element considered in the initial measurement at fair value. As at December 31, 2013, the Company has not incurred or committed any asset retirement obligations related to the development of its exploration property.

Following the initial recognition of the asset retirement obligation, the carrying amount of the liability is increased for the passage of time and adjusted for changes to the current market-based discount rate, amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation.

#### (i) Share issue costs

Costs incurred in connection with share issuances are charged to capital stock.

#### (j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents on the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and short term deposits with an original maturity of one year or less, which are readily convertible into a known amount of cash.

#### (k) Flow Through Shares

The increment between the prices of a flow through share issued in a private placement over that of a common share is set up as deferred revenue and the related share capital reduced by the same amount pursuant to the IFRS policies adopted in these financial statements. Any increment will be recognized as a gain on sale of tax benefit associated with renounced exploration expenditures in the year that they are made.

#### (1) Warrants

The fair value of warrants issued is estimated on the date of issue using the Black-Scholes calculation based on assumptions for risk free interest rate, expected life of the warrant, price volatility and dividend yield. Warrants related to mining option agreements are capitalized into Interest in Mining Properties. Warrants related to issuance of shares are shown as a reduction in share capital.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Stated in Canadian dollars)

#### 4. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The Company's marketable securities have been designated as available-for sale and are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Marketable securities consist of shares in publicly traded mining companies.

	2013	2013		12
Marketable securities:				
Fair value	\$	-	\$	1
Cost			(	1,556)
Accumulated unrealized loss	\$		\$(	1,555)

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company recognized a loss of \$1,306 (2012 - \$nil) on sale of marketable securities for proceeds of \$250 (2012 - \$nil).

### 5. INTEREST IN MINING PROPERTIES

Accumulated mineral property costs have been incurred as follows:

20	1	2
∠v	1	J

		Balance, beginning of the year Ac		e		Balance, December 31, 2013		
Elliot Lake Larder Lake Group	\$	50,076 2,474,274	\$	- 149,999	\$	1,356 156,770	\$	51,432 2,781,043
	\$	2,524,350	\$	149,999	\$	158,126	\$	2,832,475
2012	Balance, beginning of the year				Exploration		Balance, December 31, 201	
Elliot Lake Larder Lake Group	\$	49,970 1,939,036	\$	- 42,107	\$	106 493,131	\$	50,076 2,474,274
-	\$	1,989,006	\$	42,107	\$	493,237	\$	2,524,350

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(Stated in Canadian dollars)

#### 5. INTEREST IN MINING PROPERTIES (Continued)

#### Elliot Lake

Prior to 2000, the Company had written down its interest in its mineral property in Elliot Lake, Ontario. The Company has not abandoned the property and it incurred deferred costs during the year ended December 30, 2013 of \$1,356 (2012 - \$106) in order to maintain the property interest in good standing.

#### **Larder Lake Group**

In 2010, the Company signed three Mining Option Agreements (the "Agreements") whereby the Company can earn up to a 100% interest in certain mining claims in McVittie, Ossian and Katrine Townships, Ontario over a four year period. These agreements were amended in 2011 and 2012. The figures for the current period reflect the second extension of commitments as set out in these amending agreements. In order to acquire up to a 100% interest in these claims, the Company must fulfil the following commitments:

	Cash	Share units	Shares	Work commitment
2010 2011	\$ 70,000 (fulfilled) 90,000 (fulfilled)	466,668 (fulfilled) 333,334 (fulfilled)	- 66,667 (fulfilled)	\$ 83,333 (fulfilled) 450,000 (fulfilled)
2012	73,334	133,334 (fulfilled)	400,001 (fulfilled)	166,667 (fulfilled)
2013	116,666	466,666	-	700,000
2014	46,668	466,666	-	933,334
2015	-	466,666	-	1,166,666
Total consideration	\$ 396,668	2,333,334	466,668	\$ 3,500,000

Each share unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Two of the agreements allow that each warrant gives the holder the right to purchase one common share of the Company at the higher of \$0.15 or the volume weighted average trading price for the 30 days previous to the issuance. The third agreement allows that each warrant gives the holder the right to purchase one common share of the Company at the higher of \$0.30 or the volume weighted average trading price for the 30 days previous to the issuance.

In 2012 and 2013, the Company became delinquent in making payments for a total of \$113,333 and issuing share units to one of the optionors of this property. This optionor has agreed to reinstate the terms of the option agreements provided that the Company make periodic payments by specific dates up to and including May 1, 2015. The Company is currently attempting to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development of its properties. Subsequent to December 31, 2013, the Company has issued the delinquent share units.

## The above properties are subject to a 2% NSR.

In February 2011, the Company acquired 110 staked claim units on approximately 1,760 hectares (4,000 acres). This property is contiguous to its Larder Lake Group. The company is required to spend \$nil on this property for the year ended the anniversary date of the agreement, February 7, 2012 and \$44,000 per year thereafter.

#### Measurement Uncertainty

The carrying values of the Company's mining properties at December 31, 2013 was \$2,832,475 (December 31, 2012 - \$2,524,350). Management's review of these carrying values indicated that at December 31, 2013, the properties were not impaired. Management's conclusion is dependent on assumptions about several factors including future operating costs, mineral production levels, future mineral prices and capital equipment needs and costs. Management will continue to monitor the critical factors impacting its impairment analysis and will re-evaluate the carrying value of its long-lived assets as necessary.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Stated in Canadian dollars)

#### 6. RELATED PARTY INFORMATION

A company controlled by a director charged fees in the year ended December 31, 2013 in the amount of \$138,000 (2012 - \$144,000), for administrative and bookkeeping services, which are included in office, general and investor relations expense. The contract between Ateba and this company has been amended, allows for a monthly fee of \$6,000 and expires in June 2014.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, consulting fees of \$60,000 (2012 - \$60,000) were charged by the Chief Financial Officer for financial management services.

Total payable to related parties as at December 31, 2013 included in accounts payable is \$135,369 (2012 - \$39,152).

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. All related parties payables are due on demand, non-interest bearing and are unsecured.

#### 7. CAPITAL STOCK

#### (a) Authorized and Issued

Unlimited number of special shares issuable in series Unlimited number of common shares

#### (b) Stock Option Plan

In April 2011, the Company changed its share option plan. The new plan sets out that options to purchase common shares may be granted by the Board of Directors to directors, officers, employees and service providers of the Company for terms up to five years at a price equal to the market price prevailing on the date of the grant. The maximum number of common shares available for issuance under the plan is 10% (5,723,258) of the issued and outstanding common shares, with no more than 5% (2,861,629) being granted to any one person.

When options are issued to employees and consultants for services rendered, a charge is recognized against income or against interest in mining properties for individuals directly related to mining projects, consistent with the recommendation of the CICA Handbook Section adopted by the Company. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option valuation model to value stock options.

The fair value of each option was estimated on the date of grant. Under Black-Scholes, the options issued during 2013 have been valued at \$9,800 of which \$8,820 was expensed in the Statement of Loss and \$980 was capitalized into Interest in Mining. There were no options granted in the year ended December 31, 2012. The following assumptions were used at the measurement date:

	2013
	4.500
Risk free interest rate	1.50%
Expected life	5 years
Price volatility	240%
Weighted average share price	\$0.07
Exercise price	\$0.05
Dividend yield	Nil

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(Stated in Canadian dollars)

## 7. CAPITAL STOCK (Continued)

### (b) Stock Option Plan (Continued)

Expected volatility has been based on historical volatility of the Company's public shares on a monthly basis.

The following table reflects the continuity of options granted, exercised and expired under the plan:

	Year ended			Year	ended	
	December	r 31, i	2013	December	31, 2	2012
		We	eighted		We	eighted
		A١	erage		A۱	erage
	Shares	Ex	ercise	Shares	Exercise	
		F	Price		F	Price
Outstanding at beginning of year	2,750,000	\$	0.21	2,750,000	\$	0.21
Granted during the year	2,000,000	\$	0.05	-		-
Exercised during the year	-		-	-		-
Expired during the year			-			-
Outstanding at end of period	4,750,000	\$	0.14	2,750,000	\$	0.21

The following summarizes information on the stock options outstanding:

	Year ended December 31, 2013		Year ended December 31, 2012	
Weighted average exercise price	\$	0.14	\$	0.21
Options exercisable as at period end		4,750,000		2,750,000
Weighted average fair value of options granted	\$	0.03	\$	0.10

The following table summarizes the options outstanding at December 31, 2013:

Number of Options	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
1 200 000	Φ0.16	7 7 2014
1,300,000	\$0.16	January 7, 2014
200,000	\$0.10	June 10, 2014
200,000	\$0.15	November 15, 2015
900,000	\$0.30	December 15, 2015
150,000	\$0.30	April 5, 2016
2,000,000	\$0.05	January 15, 2018
4,750,000		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Stated in Canadian dollars)

#### 7. CAPITAL STOCK (Continued)

#### (c) Basic and diluted loss per share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted loss per share:

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012
Numerator:		
Loss for the period	\$ 278,620	\$ 344,192
Denominator: Weighted average common shares outstanding	57,232,580	56,972,471
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.01

Details of anti-dilutive potential securities outstanding not included in diluted EPS calculations are as follows:

Anti-dilutive potential securities	Year Ended December 31, 2013	
Common shares potentially assumable:		
- pursuant to warrants	133,333	7,497,890
- under stock options	4,750,000	2,750,000

#### 8. WARRANTS

#### (a) Mining Option Agreements

As part of the three Larder Lake Group Mining Option Agreements (note 5), the Company issued share units. Each unit consisted of one share and one warrant. Two of the agreements allow that each warrant gives the holder the right to purchase one common share of the Company at the higher of \$0.15 or the volume weighted average trading price for the 30 days previous to the issuance. The third agreement allows that each warrant gives the holder the right to purchase one common share of the Company at the higher of \$0.30 or the volume weighted average trading price for the 30 days previous to the issuance.

The fair value of each warrant was estimated on the date of issue. There were no warrants issued in the year ended December 31, 2013. Under Black-Scholes, the warrants issued during the year ended December 31, 2012 have been valued at \$1,440 and capitalized into the cost of the mining properties, using the following assumptions at the measurement date:

	Year Ended December 31, 2012
Risk free interest rate Expected life Price volatility Dividend yield	1.64% 2 years 99% to 101% Nil

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Stated in Canadian dollars)

#### 8. WARRANTS (Continued)

#### (b) Private Placements

The fair value of each warrant was estimated on the date of issue. There were no warrants issued in the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

In June 2012, the Company changed the terms of 5,250,000 \$0.12 warrants that were due to expire on July 7, 2012, by extending the term to October 9, 2012 and decreasing the exercise price to \$0.05. In December 2012, the Company changed the terms of 7,031,223 \$0.25 warrants that were due to expire on December 22, 2012, by extending the term to April 23, 2013 and decreasing the exercise price to \$0.05.

#### Summary

-	 Year Ended December 31, 2013		Year Ended December 31, 2012	
Outstanding at beginning of year	\$ 401,250	\$	734,310	
Warrants issued Mining option agreements Warrants expired	(399,810)		1,440 (334,500)	
Outstanding at end of period	\$ 1,440	\$	401,250	

The following table summarizes the warrants outstanding at December 31, 2013:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
133,333 133,333	\$0.12	December 3, 2014

#### 9. INCOME TAXES:

Future income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts for tax purposes.

The Company has no future tax liabilities.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Stated in Canadian dollars)

(Stated in Canadian donar

#### 9. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Future income tax assets arise from the following:

	<u>20</u>	<u>013</u> <u>2012</u>
Future tax assets:		
Resource properties	\$ 114,	805 \$ 114,778
Non-capital loss carry-forwards	562,	203 491,764
Capital loss carry-forwards	164,6	512 164,612
Capital assets	14,	832 14,832
Share issue costs	14,	052 24,882
Cumulative eligible capital	63,	210 63,210
·	933,	714 874,078
Less: valuation allowance	( 933,7	( 874,078)
Net future income tax assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$</u> -

The Company provided a valuation allowance equal to the future tax assets as it is not presently more likely than not that they will be realized. The Company's income tax expense for each of the years ended is \$Nil.

The Company's provision for income taxes differ from the amounts computed by applying the basic current rates to income (loss) for the year before taxes, as shown in the following table:

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Statutory rate applied to income (loss) for the year before income taxes Increase (reduction) in taxes resulting from:	\$ ( 73,834)	\$ ( 91,387)
Stock based compensation Share issue costs Other non-deductible item Tax loss not benefited	( 10,830) - 84,664	( 10,830) 2,971 99,246
Provision for income taxes	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

The company has non-capital loss carryforward, which can be used to reduce future income taxes payable, expiring as follows: 2015 - \$36,739; 2026 - \$94,939, 2027 - \$65,147; 2028 - \$280,172; 2029 - \$160,753 2030 - \$295,282, 2031 - \$468,167, 2032 - \$400,835 and 2033 - \$319,448. The company also has capital loss carryforward, which can be applied against future capital gains in the amount of \$1,242,532. The Company also has Canadian Exploration and Development Expenditures of approximately \$3,032,628 and Foreign Resource Expenditures of \$233,075 which can be used to reduce taxable income in future years. No benefit from these amounts has been recorded in these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Stated in Canadian dollars)

#### 10. SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The Company did not pay any income taxes nor interest during either of the years ended December 31, 2013 or 2012.

#### 11. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's financial statement presentation.

#### 12. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company conducts its business in a single operating segment being the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. All mineral properties are located in Canada. In addition, all revenues, expenses and other assets are located in Canada.

#### 13. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company considers its capital to include components of shareholders' equity.

The Company's objectives in managing its capital are: to maintain adequate levels of funding to support its expenditures arising from the Company's investments; to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the exploration of its properties; to maintain a flexible capital structure for its projects for the benefit of its stakeholders; to maintain corporate and administrative functions necessary to support the Company's operations and corporate functions; and to seek out and acquire new projects of merit.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral property. The capability of the Company to carry out planned exploration and pay for administrative costs is dependent on its ability to secure additional equity or other financings. The Company will assess properties and seek to acquire properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

The Company's investment policy is to invest excess cash in low risk, highly liquid, short-term interest bearing investments, selected with regards to the expected timing of upcoming expenditures.

The Company expects its current capital resources will be sufficient to carry out its exploration plans, operation plans and operations through its current operating period.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the years ended December 31, 2013 or 2012. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Stated in Canadian dollars)

#### 14. FINANCIAL INTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS

#### Fair value

The Company has determined the estimated fair value of its financial instruments based on estimates and assumptions. The actual results may differ from those estimates and the use of different assumptions or methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, deposits and accounts payable and accrued liabilities are comparable to their carrying value due to the relatively short period to maturity of these instruments.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

#### Credit risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to short-term investments and receivables included in current assets. The Company has no material concentration of credit risk arising from operations. Cash and term deposit consist of bank deposits and a guaranteed investment certificate, which have been invested with a Canadian Chartered Bank, from which management believes the risk of loss to be remote. Other credit risk primarily consists of HST receivable. Management believes that credit risk with respect to receivables is minimal.

#### Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at December 31, 2013, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$3,736 (December 31, 2012 - \$249,455) to settle accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$469,984 (December 31, 2012 - \$221,574). The ability of the Company to continue to pursue its exploration activities is dependent on its ability to secure additional equity or other financing. All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates and equity prices.

- (a) Interest rate risk The Company has cash and cash equivalents bearing fixed interest rates and no interest bearing debt. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade term deposit certificates issued by its banking institution. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit of its bank.
- (b) Price risk the Company is exposed to price risk with respect to equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. The Company closely monitors individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.
- (c) Commodity price risk the Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. Changes in commodity prices will impact the economics of development of the Company's mineral properties. The Company closely monitors commodity prices to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

#### Sensitivity analysis

As at December 31, 2013, the carrying value amounts of the Company's financial instruments approximates their fair value.