

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020 AND MARCH 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

DATED JUNE 29, 2020



Management's Comments on Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements of Nuinsco Resources Limited for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 have been prepared by management, reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102, Continuous Disclosure Obligations of the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company herewith discloses that the accompanying unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (unaudited)

As at March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019

		Ma	rch 31,	Dec	cember 31,
(in Canadian dollars)	Notes		2020		2019
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash	6	\$	-	\$	103,999
Receivables	7		15,430		13,509
Prepaids			6,000		10,661
Total current assets			21,430		128,169
Non-current assets					
Property and equipment	8		24,287		25,603
Exploration and evaluation projects	9		07,263		915,898
Total non-current assets		1.0	31,550		941,501
				Φ.	
Total Assets		\$ 1,0	52,980	\$	1,069,670
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Bank overdraft	17 6	\$ 4	24,795 4,626	\$	413,922
	0	4			413 922
Total current liabilities	0	4	4,626 29,421		413,922
	0	4			413,922
Total current liabilities	11				413,922 1,249,438
Total current liabilities Non-current liabilities		1,3	29,421		ŕ
Non-current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total Liabilities		1,3	29,421		1,249,438
Non-current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total Liabilities Shareholders' deficiency		1,3 1,7	29,421		1,249,438 1,663,360
Non-current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total Liabilities Shareholders' deficiency Share capital	11	1,3 1,7 98,8	229,421 228,063 257,484 372,900	(1,249,438 1,663,360 98,872,900
Non-current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total Liabilities Shareholders' deficiency	11	1,3 1,7 98,8 5,9	29,421		1,249,438 1,663,360 98,872,900 5,922,009
Non-current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total Liabilities Shareholders' deficiency Share capital Contributed surplus Warrants	11 13 13	1,3 1,7 98,8 5,9	229,421 228,063 257,484 272,900 222,009 49,460		1,249,438 1,663,360 98,872,900 5,922,009 49,460
Non-current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total Liabilities Shareholders' deficiency Share capital Contributed surplus	11 13 13 13	1,3 1,7 98,8 5,9 (2,14	229,421 228,063 257,484 272,900 222,009 49,460 47,261)	(1,249,438 1,663,360 98,872,900 5,922,009 49,460 2,147,261)
Non-current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total Liabilities Shareholders' deficiency Share capital Contributed surplus Warrants Accumulated other comprehensive loss	11 13 13 13	1,3 1,7 98,8 5,9 (2,14 (103,40	229,421 228,063 257,484 272,900 222,009 49,460	(1,249,438

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN (Note 1) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Note 19)

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019

(in Canadian dollars)	Notes		2020		2019
Other expenses					
General and administrative		\$	109,498	\$	178,962
Depreciation of property and equipment	8		1,316		1,631
Operating loss			(110,814)		(180,593)
Other income Interest income			-		660
Loss before income taxes Income tax expense			(110,814) -		(179,933)
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period		\$	(110,814)	\$	(179,933)
Loss per share	14				
Basic and diluted loss per share		\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)
Weighted average number of shares		441,813,323		4	122,082,554

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Deficiency (unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019

(in Canadian dollars)	Share Capital	(Contributed Surplus	,	<i>N</i> arrants	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Deficit	Sh	Total areholders' Deficiency
Balances as at December 31, 2018 Exercise of stock options (note 13(a)) Net loss for the period	\$ 98,648,055 67,472	\$	5,933,925 (32,472)	\$	6,100 - -	\$ (2,147,261) - -	\$(102,628,687) - (179,933)	\$	(187,868) 35,000 (179,933)
Balances as at March 31, 2019	\$ 98,715,527	\$	5,901,453	\$	6,100	\$ (2,147,261)	\$(102,808,620)	\$	(332,801)
Balances as at December 31, 2019 Net loss for the period	\$ 98,872,900 -	\$	5,922,009 -	\$	49,460 -	\$ (2,147,261) -	\$(103,290,798) (110,814)	\$	(593,690) (110,814)
Balances as at March 31, 2020	\$ 98,872,900	\$	5,922,009	\$	49,460	\$ (2,147,261)	\$(103,401,612)	\$	(704,504)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019

(in Canadian dollars)	Notes	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net loss for the period		\$ (110,814)	\$ (179,933)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation of property and equipment	8	1,316	1,631
Change in receivables		2,740	(3,201)
Change in trade and other payables		10,873	(3,151)
Change in long-term liabilities		63,625	14,500
Net cash used in operating activities		(32,260)	(170,154)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Cash expenditures on exploration and evaluation projects	9	(76,365)	(121,009)
Net cash used in investing activities		 (76,365)	(121,009)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from exercise of options	13	-	35,000
Net cash from financing activities		 -	35,000
Net decrease in cash		(108,625)	(256,163)
Cash, beginning of the period		103,999	388,500
Cash (overdraft), end of the period		\$ (4,626)	\$ 132,337

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN Nature of Operations

Nuinsco Resources Limited ("Nuinsco" or the "Company") is a company incorporated in Canada. The address of the Company's registered office is 80 Richmond St. West, Suite 1802, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 2A4. The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries. Nuinsco is primarily engaged in the acquisition, exploration and evaluation of properties for precious and base metals. The Company conducts its activities on its own or participates with others on an investment basis. The Company also makes strategic investments through equity or loan financing to companies engaged in the exploration and development of resource properties. On February 20, 2019, the Company's shares commenced trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange under the symbol NWI.

Going Concern

The Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, ("Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements") have been prepared using the going concern assumption, which contemplates the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they come due. The Company has incurred a net loss of \$110,814 for the three months ended March 31, 2020 (three months ended March 31, 2019 – loss of \$179,933) and has an accumulated deficit of \$103,401,612 (December 31, 2019 - \$103,290,798). As at March 31, 2020, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$407,991 (December 31, 2019 –deficiency of \$285,753). Working deficiency is defined as current assets less current liabilities.

The Company is subject to the risks and challenges experienced by other companies at a comparable stage. These risks include, but are not limited to: continuing losses, dependence on key individuals, and the ability to secure adequate financing or to complete corporate transactions to meet the minimum capital required to successfully complete its projects and fund other operating expenses. Advancing the Company's projects through exploration and development to the production stage will require significant financing. Refer to Note 4 on Financial Risk Management and Capital Management to these Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to government licensing requirements or regulations, First Nations claims, unregistered prior agreements, social licensing requirements, unregistered claims, and non-compliance with regulatory and environmental requirements. The Company may also be subject to increases in taxes and royalties, renegotiation of contracts and political uncertainties.

None of the Company's projects are currently in commercial production and, accordingly, the Company is dependent upon debt or equity financings and the optioning and/or sale of resource or resource-related assets for its funding. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern, is dependent upon the Company's ability to finance exploitation of its projects through debt or equity financings (a significant portion of which has come from directors and officers) and the optioning and/or sale of resource or resource-related assets for its funding.

The Company's management continues to be engaged in securing financing or the potential sale of assets. There are no assurances that the Company will be successful in obtaining any financing or selling assets, or in accomplishing that on a timely basis or on reasonable or acceptable terms, or at all. If the Company cannot obtain financing or otherwise improve liquidity, it will be unable to fund continuing operations and corporate administration costs.

If the Company is unable to obtain additional financing, it will be required to curtail all of its operations and may be required to liquidate its assets.

Should the Company not be able to continue to obtain the necessary financing, achieve favourable exploration results, achieve future profitable production or the sale of properties or improve its liquidity sufficient to enable it to fund operations, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern will be compromised. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN - CONTINUED

The Company's operations could be significantly adversely affected by the effects of a widespread global outbreak of a contagious disease, including the recent outbreak of respiratory illness caused by COVID-19. The Company cannot accurately predict the impact COVID-19 will have on its operations and the ability of others to meet their obligations with the Company, including uncertainties relating to the ultimate geographic spread of the virus, the severity of the disease, the duration of the outbreak, and the length of travel and quarantine restrictions imposed by governments of affected countries. In addition, a significant outbreak of contagious diseases in the human population could result in a widespread health crisis that could adversely affect the economies and financial markets of many countries, resulting in an economic downturn that could further affect the Company's operations and ability to finance its operations. This outbreak may increase difficulties in financing, access to properties and increased government regulations, all of which may adversely impact the Company's business and financial condition.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of Compliance

The Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and its interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34").

The Company's significant accounting policies are described in Note 3.

The management of Nuinsco prepares the consolidated financial statements which are then reviewed by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors. The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on June 29, 2020.

(b) Basis of Measurement

The Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the historic cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value.

(c) Functional and Presentation Currency

These Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries. All financial information is expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated.

(d) Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. It is reasonably possible that, on the basis of existing knowledge, outcomes in the next financial year that are different from the assumptions used could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected.

The accompanying Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements include all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for fair presentation.

Significant estimates and assumptions

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information regarding significant areas of estimation uncertainty made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is included in the following notes:

Note 9 measurement of the recoverable amounts of exploration and evaluation projects;

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION - CONTINUED

Significant Judgments

Judgments are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Changes resulting from the effects of amended judgments are recognized in the period in which the change occurs and in any future periods presented.

Information regarding significant areas of critical judgments made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is included in the following notes:

 Note 1 Going concern assessment - As is common with exploration companies, the Company's ability to continue its on-going and planned exploration activities and continue operations as a going

concern, is dependent upon the recoverability of costs incurred to date on mineral properties, the existence of economically recoverable reserves, and the ability to obtain necessary equity

financing from time to time.

• Note 9 Classification of expenditures as exploration and evaluation projects or operating expenses - The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off in the profit or loss in the year the

new information becomes available.

Note 9 Impairment of exploration and evaluation projects - While assessing whether any indications of impairment exist for exploration and evaluation assets, consideration is given to both external and internal sources of information. Information the Company considers includes changes in the market, economic and legal environment in which the Company operates that are not within its control that could affect the recoverable amount of exploration and evaluation assets. Internal sources of information include the manner in which exploration and evaluation assets are being used or are expected to be used and indications of expected economic performance of the assets. Estimates include but are not limited to estimates of the discounted future cash flows

appropriate discount rate.

Disclosure of contingencies - Provisions and contingencies arising in the course of operations. including provisions for income or other tax matters are subject to estimation uncertainty. Management uses all information available in assessing the recognition, measurement and disclosure of matters that may give rise to provisions or contingencies. The actual outcome of various provisional and contingent matters may vary and may cause significant adjustments to the Company's assets when the amounts are determined or additional information is acquired. Valuation of deferred income tax assets- The Company is subject to income, value added, withholding and other taxes. Significant judgment is required in determining the Company's provisions for taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Company recognizes liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. The determination of the Company's income, value added, withholding and other tax liabilities requires interpretation of complex laws and regulations. The Company's interpretation of taxation law as applied to transactions and activities may not coincide with the interpretation of the tax authorities. All tax related filings are subject to government audit and potential reassessment subsequent to the financial statement reporting period. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the tax related accruals and deferred income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

expected to be derived from the Company's properties, costs to sell the properties and the

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements reflect the accounting policies described in Note 3 to the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 ("2019 Audited Consolidated Financial Statements") and accordingly, should be read in conjunction with the 2019 Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto.

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Risk Management Framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board fulfils its responsibility through the Audit Committee which is responsible for overseeing the Company's risk management policies.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management practices are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company has an established code of conduct which sets out the control environment within which framework all directors' and employees' roles and obligations are outlined. The Company's risk and control framework is facilitated by the small-sized and hands-on executive team.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected financial loss to the Company if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Company's cash.

Cash

The Company's cash is held through large Canadian financial institutions. The Company has a corporate policy of investing its available cash in Canadian government instruments and certificates of deposit or other direct obligations of major Canadian banks, unless otherwise specifically approved by the Board.

Receivables

Amounts due are settled on a regular basis.

When necessary, the Company establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of other receivables and investments. The main component of this allowance is a specific loss component that relates to individually significant exposures.

Further, when the Company engages in corporate transactions, it seeks to manage its exposure by ensuring that appropriate recourse is included in such agreements upon the counterparty's failure to meet contractual obligations.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due without incurring unacceptable losses or risking undue damage to the Company's reputation.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT - CONTINUED

Presently, the Company is facing a significant shortfall in liquidity before it expects any cash flows from the Participating Interest. The Company continues to hold discussions on securing financing or potential sale of assets. There are no assurances that the Company will be successful in obtaining any financing or selling assets, or in accomplishing that on a timely basis or on reasonable or acceptable terms, or at all. If the Company cannot obtain financing or otherwise improve liquidity, it will be unable to fund continuing operations and corporate administration costs (Note 1).

The Company's objective is to maintain sufficient capital in order to meet short-term business requirements, after taking into account cash flows from operations and the Company's holdings of cash and marketable securities. This is accomplished by budgets and forecasts which are updated on a periodic basis to understand future cash needs and sources. When possible, spending plans are adjusted accordingly to provide for liquidity.

The Company manages its liquidity risk through the mechanisms described above and as part of Capital Disclosures below. The Company has historically relied on issuances of shares to develop projects and to finance day-to-day operations and may do so again in the future.

All contractually obligated cash flows are payable within the next fiscal year with the exception of the Company's deferred director and management fees, which are recorded in long-term liabilities.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, commodity prices and equity prices will affect the Company's income, the value of its E&E properties or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on purchases, certain marketable securities and other payables that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currency. The currencies in which these transactions primarily are denominated are the United States dollars ("US\$"). The Company does not actively hedge its foreign currency exposure. Currently the Company does not hold any material amount of foreign currency, thus reducing any currency risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's cash earns interest and pays interest on its bank overdraft at variable short-term rates. Accordingly, the estimated effect of a 50 basis points change in interest rate would not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Company's processes, personnel, technology and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behaviour. Operational risks arise from all of the Company's operations.

The Company's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance the avoidance of financial losses and damages to the Company's reputation with overall cost effectiveness and to avoid control procedures that restrict initiative and creativity.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls to address operational risk is assigned to senior management. The Company has a small but hands-on and experienced executive team which facilitates communication across the Company. This expertise is supplemented, when necessary, by the use of experienced consultants in legal, compliance and industry-related specialties.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT - CONTINUED Capital Management Disclosures

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard its accumulated capital in order to provide an adequate return to shareholders by maintaining a sufficient level of funds to support continued project development and corporate activities. Capital is defined by the Company as the aggregate of its shareholders' (deficiency) equity as well as any long-term debt, equipment-based and/or project-based financing.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it based on the level of funds available to the Company to manage its operations. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company's objectives are to obtain equity, long-term debt, equipment-based financing and/or project-based financing sufficient to maintain and expand its operations. There are no assurances that these initiatives will be successful.

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries, are subject to externally imposed capital requirements. There were no changes in the Company's approach to financial risk management or capital management during the period.

5. DETERMINATION OF FAIR VALUES

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the methods described below. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

Fair value hierarchy

The different levels of valuation are defined as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(a) Receivables

The fair value of receivables is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. This fair value is determined for disclosure purposes only.

(b) Non-Derivative Financial Assets

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include the Company's Participating Interest. The fair value of the Participating Interest is based on the net present value of expected cash flows taking into account the probability of cash flows as described in Note 10.

(c) Share-based Payment Transactions

The fair value of employee share options is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Any service and non-market performance conditions attached to the transactions are not taken into account in determining fair value.

6. CASH

	March 31, 2020			ember 31, 2019
Bank balances (overdraft)	\$ (4	1,626)	\$	103,999

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

7. RECEIVABLES

	N	larch 31,	Dece	mber 31,
		2020		2019
Sales tax and other receivables	\$	15,430	\$	13,509

8. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Equipment	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying Amount
Balance as at January 1, 2019	\$ 426,674	\$ 395,040	\$ 31,634
Depreciation		6,031	(6,031)
Balance as at December 31, 2019	426,674	401,071	25,603
Depreciation		1,316	(1,316)
Balance as at March 31, 2020	\$ 426,674	\$ 402,387	\$ 24,287

9. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION PROJECTS

	Prairie Lake	Sunbeam	El Sid	Total
Balance, December 31, 2018	-	277,104	214,224	491,328
Option Payments	-	70,000	-	70,000
Project expenditures	40,612	51,308	262,650	424,570
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 40,612	\$ 398,412	\$476,874	\$915,898
Project expenditures	-	76,365	15,000	91,365
Balance as at March 31, 2020	\$ 40,612	474,777	491,874	1,007,263

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

9. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION PROJECTS - CONTINUED

El Sid

The Company is evaluating the economic viability of the El Sid gold dumps and tailings recovery operation ("El Sid") located in the Eastern Desert of Egypt approximately 90km west of the Red Sea coast. Three past producing gold mines are located on the project site – the largest of which is the El Sid Mine that between 1940 and 1957 was Egypt's largest gold producer. In Q1 2018, Nuinsco, through its Egyptian subsidiary Z-Gold Resources, won, through a competitive bid, the opportunity to evaluate and exploit the waste dumps and tailings from the project owner, Shalateen Mineral Resources Company, a company established by the Egyptian Government. Nuinsco/Z-Gold were required to post a performance bond of \$147,000 to secure the bid. To fund the acquisition, the Company sold royalties (the "Royalties") on future gold, and associated minerals, produced from El Sid. As at March 31, 2020, the Company has received proceeds of \$124,908 from the sale of the Royalties (in 2018) representing 13% of the distributable cash flow from the production of gold and associated minerals. \$74,908 of these Royalties were sold to management and directors of the Company to assist in funding the project. This amount was credited against the carrying value of El Sid.

Sunbeam Gold Property

In February 2018, the Company completed an option agreement to acquire the Sunbeam Gold Property which is located about 30km northeast of Atikokan, north-western Ontario and is readily accessible by road. The property is composed of 101 mining claims (99 single cell and 2 boundary cell mining claims) totalling 1,552ha and is the site of a former patented mining claim that encompassed the Sunbeam Mine. The immediate area of the Sunbeam Mine had seen no exploration activity since 1905. The terms to acquire 100% of the Sunbeam Gold Property are as follows:

- (a) Cash payments of \$175,000 over four years: \$20,000 on signing (paid); \$30,000 on May 3, 2018 (paid); \$50,000 on May 3, 2019 (paid see below); and \$75,000 on May 3, 2020 (note 19).
 - On April 30, 2019, an amending agreement was executed such that the \$50,000 cash payment required on May 3, 2019 would be: \$25,000 cash and \$25,000 of common shares of the Company as determined by the 20-day volume weighted average share price. The revised payments were paid on schedule.
- (b) Issue 1,000,000 common shares on signing the agreement (issued), 100,000 common shares on May 3, 2018 (issued), 100,000 common shares on May 3, 2019 (issued), and 100,000 common shares on May 3, 2020. Should the total value of the 100,000 common shares issued be less than 40% of the respective annual cash payment (the value to be based on the share price on each Anniversary) the difference will be paid in cash.
- (c) Complete work programs totalling \$280,000 incurred over four years as follows:
 - (a) an initial \$40,000 on or before May 3, 2018 (met);
 - (b) an additional \$60,000 on or before May 3, 2019 (met);
 - (c) an additional \$80,000 on or before May 3, 2020 (met); and
 - (d) an additional \$100,000 on or before May 3, 2021.
- (d) A net smelter return ("NSR") royalty of 2.5% is retained by the vendors. A 1% royalty can be re-acquired by the Company for a one-time payment of \$1,000,000.

Prairie Lake

The Prairie Lake project, located near Marathon, Ontario, is within a large carbonatite intrusion hosting a number of commodities of potential commercial interest including phosphate (P2O5), niobium (Nb) tantalum (Ta), uranium, rare earth elements ("REEs"), and other elements and compounds. The Prairie Lake project is owned 100% by the Company, is royalty-free and consists of nine claims comprising of 46 mining claims (27 single cell and 19 boundary cell mining claims), encompassing 608 ha. Evaluation, analytical sampling, and metallurgical and process testing are ongoing.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

9. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION PROJECTS - CONTINUED

Prairie Lake - continued

Diamond drilling, surface sampling and mapping programs were conducted in 2007, 2008, 2010 and 2013. The large-scale project has a current Exploration Target of between 515 and 630 million tonnes of mineralization grading between 3.0-4.0 P2O5, 0.009-0.11% Nb2O5, 18-21ppm Ta2O5, and the following REEs: 280-340ppm lanthanum, 650-790ppm cerium, 55-70ppm samarium, 300-360ppm neodymium, 85-100ppm yttrium.

Pre-exploration write-offs

Pre-exploration expenditures relate to expenses on evaluating projects not owned by the Company.

10. PARTICIPATING INTEREST

Nuinsco holds an unsecured participating interest in the cash flows generated by Victory Nickel Inc. from the sale of frac sand (the "Participating Interest") from that company's 7 Persons frac sand plant near Medicine Hat, Alberta. The Company's participation in the net cash flows earned from the sale of frac sand is limited to a maximum of \$10,222,831 with a minimum of \$7,667,124 based on a sharing percentage of 52.16%. Because of the uncertainty on receiving future payments on the Participating Interest, as at December 31, 2015, the Company recorded an impairment of this Participating Interest and has recorded the value of the asset at \$nil. The Company will continue to monitor the frac sand market, and will re-evaluate the impairment of this asset at such time the market recovers.

11. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long term liabilities consist of accrued directors' fees \$429,563 (December 31, 2019 – \$400,438) and certain management consulting fees \$898,500 (December 31, 2019 – \$849,000). Until the ongoing viability of the Company can be assured, the directors and management have agreed to provide 12 months' notice on calling the repayment of the fees. The amounts are therefore classified as long-term.

12. OPERATING LEASE

In September 2017, the Company entered into a one-year lease for office space at 80 Richmond Street West, Toronto, expiring September 2018. In September 2018, and September 2019 this lease was extended for additional one-year terms. During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company paid net rent in the amount of \$9,000. The remaining payments under the lease total \$9,750.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

13. SHARE CAPITAL AND OTHER COMPONENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY Share Capital

Authorized

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares with no par value. The Company is also authorized to issue an unlimited number of Class A special shares, issuable in series, an unlimited number of Class B special shares, issuable in series, an unlimited number of Class C special shares, issuable in series, an unlimited number of Class D special shares, issuable in series, and an unlimited number of Class E special shares, issuable in series.

Number of shares issued and outstanding

There are no special shares outstanding; all shares are fully paid.

		Number of	_
	Notes	Shares	Amount
Balance as at December 31, 2018		420,813,323	\$ 98,648,055
Shares issued on exercise of stock options	(a)	7,500,000	139,305
Shares issued in accordance with Sunbeam option agreement	(b)	3,550,000	35,500
Shares issued on private placement	(c)	9,950,000	99,500
Value of warrants issued	(c)	-	(49,460)
Balance as at December 31, 2019 and March 31, 2020		441,813,323	\$ 98,872,900

- (a) On February 26, 2019, 3,500,000 stock options were exercised at \$0.01 per share for proceeds of \$35,000. Upon exercise of the stock option, the fair value of \$32,472 was allocated from contributed surplus to share capital. On June 1, 2019, 4,000,000 stock options were exercised at \$0.01 per share for proceeds of \$40,000. Upon exercise of the stock option, the fair value of \$31,833 was allocated from contributed surplus to share capital.
- (b) On May 3, 2019 the Company issued 3,550,000 common shares valued at \$35,500 pursuant to its Sunbeam option agreement (see note 9).
- (c) On December 31, 2019, the Company closed a private placement financing for gross proceeds of \$99,500 through the issuance of 9,950,000 flow through share units (at \$0.01 per unit). Each unit consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant can be exercised at \$0.05 for a period of 36 months These warrants were assigned a value of \$49,460 using the Black Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions: risk free interest rate 1.69%; expected volatility of 290%; expected dividend yield of 0% and an expected life of three years.

Share Incentive Plan

The Company has a Share Incentive Plan which includes both a Share Purchase Plan and a Share Bonus Plan. The purpose of the Share Incentive Plan is to encourage ownership of common shares by directors, senior officers and employees of the Company and its designated affiliates and consultants who are primarily responsible for the management and profitable growth of its business, to advance the interests of the Company by providing additional incentive for superior performance by such persons and to enable the Company and its designated affiliates to attract and retain valued directors, officers, employees and consultants. There has been no issuance under this plan.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

13. SHARE CAPITAL AND OTHER COMPONENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY - CONTINUED

Share Purchase Plan

Under the Share Purchase Plan, eligible directors, senior officers and employee of the Company and its designated affiliates and consultants can contribute up to 10% of their annual basic salary before deductions to purchase common shares. The Company matches each participant's contribution. The purchase price per common share is the volume-weighted average of the trading prices of the common shares on an exchange for the calendar quarter in respect of which the common shares are issued. Common shares acquired are held in safekeeping and delivered to personnel as soon as practicable following March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 in each calendar year. No common shares have ever been issued pursuant to the Share Purchase Plan. The maximum number of common shares issuable under the Share Purchase Plan is the lesser of: (i) that number of common shares that can be purchased with a dollar amount equal to 20% of the gross annual salary of the Participants (as defined in the Share Incentive Plan); and (ii) 1% of the aggregate number of issued and outstanding common shares (calculated on a non-diluted basis) from time to time. There has been no issuance under this plan.

Share Bonus Plan

The Share Bonus Plan permits common shares to be issued as a discretionary bonus to eligible directors, senior officers and employees of the Company and its designated affiliates, and consultants from time to time. At the Company's Annual and Special Meeting of Shareholders held on June 18, 2012 (the "ASM"), shareholders approved an increase in the maximum number of common shares issuable under the Share Bonus Plan to 8,000,000.

The fair value of common share entitlements granted under the Share Bonus Plan is determined using the quoted market value on the date of grant for an aggregate fair value that was charged immediately. If the common shares are not listed on any stock exchange, the fair value of the common shares may be determined by the directors. There has been no issuance under this plan.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss ("AOCI")

AOCI is comprised of the following separate components of (deficiency) equity:

Net change of financial assets at fair value through OCI

This comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through OCI.

Income tax on OCI

This comprises the amount of income tax determined to be required on the cumulative net change in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through OCI.

14. Loss PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted EPS for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 was based on the information in the table below.

	2020	2019
Weighted average number of common shares – basic and diluted	441,813,323	422,082,554
Net loss attributable to shareholders	\$ (110,814)	\$ (179,933)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE - CONTINUED

The effect of adjustments to the weighted average number of common shares would be anti-dilutive when the Company incurs losses. The table above provides the weighted average number of shares on a dilutive basis for periods when losses are incurred for information only. The average market value of the Company's shares for purposes of calculating the dilutive effect of share options is based on quoted market prices for the respective periods during which the options were outstanding.

There have been no significant capital transactions from the reporting date to the date of this filing which have had a material impact on earnings per share.

15. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Description of the Share-based Payment Arrangements

The Company's share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

Stock option plan (equity-settled)

The Company has a Stock Option Plan to encourage ownership of its shares by key management personnel (directors and executive management), employees and consultants, and to provide compensation for certain services. The terms of the Stock Option Plan provide that the directors have the right to grant options to acquire common shares of the Company at not less than the closing market price of the shares on the day preceding the grant. No compensation is recognized when options are exercised. The number of shares reserved for issuance is not to exceed 15% of the aggregate number of common shares issued and outstanding (calculated on a non-diluted basis) from time to time.

As at March 31, 2020, the Company had 34,946,998 (December 31, 2019 - 34,596,998) common shares remaining available for the granting of future options. Options are exercisable at the market price of the shares on the date preceding the date of grant.

Share Bonus Plan

The terms of the Company's Share Bonus Plan are set out in Note 13.

Terms and Conditions of Share-based Payment Arrangements Stock Option Plan

The terms and conditions relating to the grants of the Stock Option Plan are as follows:

- Options issued during the previous year vested on the date of grant.
- All options are to be settled by physical delivery of shares.

Disclosure of Share-based Payment Arrangements Stock Option Plan

The following is a summary of the activity of options:

	Three months end	Year ended	December 31	l, 2019		
	Number of options	Weighted a	average se price	Number of options	Weighted a	average se price
Balance, beginning of period	31,675,000	\$	0.01	34,525,000	\$	0.01
Granted	-		0.01	4,650,000		0.01
Expired	(350,000)		-	-		-
Exercised	-		0.01	(7,500,000)		0.01
Balance, end of period	31,325,000	\$	0.01	31,675,000	\$	0.01
Options exercisable, end of period	od 31,325,000	\$	0.01	31,675,000	\$	0.01

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

15. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS - CONTINUED

As at March 31, 2020 the options outstanding are as follows:

# Options	Exercise Price	Expiry date	Weighted average expiry (years)
26,675,000	\$ 0.01	April 18, 2021	1.05
4,650,000	\$ 0.01	August 26, 2024	4.41
31,325,000			1.55

On August 26, 2019, the Company issued 4,650,000 stock options to officers, consultants and employees of the Company. The options have an exercise price \$0.01 and expire 5 years from the date of grant. The options were assigned a value of \$46,289 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected volatility of 250%; expected dividend yield of 0%; risk-free interest rate of 1.24%; and expected life of 5 years. The options vested on the date of grant.

Share purchase warrants

The following is a summary of the activity of warrants for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and the year December 31, 2019:

	Three months ended March 31, 2020			Year ended December 31, 2019		
		Weighted aver- age exercise		Number of	Weighted average exercise	
	Number of warrants		price	warrants		price
Balance, beginning of period	9,950,000	\$	0.005	1,495,000	\$	0.015
Expired	-		-	(1,495,000)		0.015
Granted (note 13)	-		-	9,950,000		0.050
Balance, end of period	9,950,000	\$	0.005	9,950,000	\$	0.050

16. OPERATING SEGMENT

Reporting Segment

The Company is engaged in the exploration and evaluation of properties for the mining of precious and base metals and of minerals. The Company does not have formal operating segments and does not have operating revenues, products or customers. The corporate office operates to support the Company's projects which are currently located in Canada and Egypt. Senior management makes decisions by considering exploration potential and results on a project basis. Any applicable amounts relating to projects are capitalized to the relevant project as Exploration and Evaluation projects on the consolidated statements of financial position.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

17. RELATED PARTIES AND MANAGEMENT AGREEMENTS

Related Party Balances and Transactions

Short-term employee benefits provided by the Company to key management personnel include salaries, consulting fees and directors' fees. The Company's non-monetary benefit package for key management personnel is the same as that available to all full-time employees. In addition to short-term employee benefits, the Company may also issue shares as part of the Share Bonus Plan and the Stock Option Plan.

Transactions with related parties for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31 2019 are shown in the following table:

	2020	2019
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 89,625	\$ 89,625

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company was charged \$9,000 (three months ended March 31 2019 - \$9,000) by CFO Advantage Inc., a company controlled by Kyle Appleby, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company. As at March 31, 2020, \$81,360 (December 31, 2019 - \$71,190) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company was charged \$37,500 (three months ended March 31 2019 - \$37,500) by Paul Jones, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. As at March 31, 2020, \$712,500 (December 31, 2019 - \$675,000) is owing for management fees and is included in long-term liabilities (Note 11). The Company also owes Mr. Jones \$93,118 for expenses paid for on behalf of the Company and advances. These amounts have no specific terms for repayment and are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company was charged \$12,000 (three months ended March 31 2019 - \$12,000) by Sean Stokes, Executive Vice President of the Company. As at March 31, 2020, \$186,000 (December 31, 2018 - \$174,000) is owing and included in long-term liabilities (Note 11).

In 2018, certain directors and management of the Company participated in the purchase of the Royalties (as described in Note 9) for a total of \$74,908. The terms and conditions of the Royalties purchased by management and directors were the same as those issued to non-related parties. The Company had no other sources of financing available at the time and the Royalties were essential to move the project forward.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (all amounts in Canadian dollars)

18. COMPANY ENTITIES Significant Subsidiaries and Jointly-Controlled Entities

		March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
	Country of		
Ownership Interest	Incorporation		
Lakeport Gold Corporation	Canada	100%	100%
Nuinsco Madencilik Sanaye Ticaret	Turkey	100%	100%
Nuinsco Exploration Inc.	BVI	70%	70%
Z-Gold Resources Limited (through Nuinsco Exploration Inc.)	Egypt	70%	70%
NuMENA Minerals Corp.	Canada	100%	100%

All of these subsidiaries have only nominal assets and liabilities.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company is currently in default on the Sunbeam option agreement, as it did not make the required option payment that became due on May 3, 2020. The Company is currently in discussions to amend the agreement to cure the default.